

THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVII] No 43 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber,	Doors,
Lath,	Sash,
Shingles,	Blinds,
Cedar Posts and Stakes,	Mouldings,
Patent Roofing,	Verandah Columns,
Hardwood Flooring.	Stairs and Brackets,
	and Interior Finish.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

Carriage Repair Shop.

Mr. W. J. Normile wishes to announce that he has opened a Carriage Repair Shop for

All kinds of Buggy and Wagon Repairing.

He has also secured a FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH.

Horseshoeing a Specialty.

at Webster & Boyes old stand

W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

TO MY WALLPAPER FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

I wish to thank you for your past patronage and hope that if I have given you good satisfaction and you are satisfied with my WALL PAPERS in regard to Fast Colors and the length of rolls, and the way that I have served you, I hope that I will see all your smiling faces at my store looking for Lloyd's Wallpapers, as they are the best money can buy.

JUST A WORD

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch Paper, meaning a great saving, also

I still sell the Border by the Roll.

If you do not see my PAPERS you will be sorry when you see your neighbour's.

GOT AT

LLOYD'S
OLD STAND.

YOUNG MEN and WOMEN!

A Modern Business Education will increase your earning power and make you independent for life.

—THE—

Frontier Business College
Kingston, Ont.

Is a High-Grade Institution, giving thorough and practical courses in all Commercial branches. Students may enter at any time of



F. S. WARTMAN

The popular Candidate of the Liberals of Lennox and Addington.

HON. J. P. GRAHAM

Addresses the Electors of Lennox and Addington.

The Electors of Lennox and Addington are truly awake and were never more serious in political matters than at the present time. This was amply evidenced by the large crowd that turned out at the town hall on Tuesday evening to listen to the masterly exposition of the principles enunciated by the Laurier Government, and to show the respect which all feel for the popular young Liberal standard bearer, Mr. Frank S. Wartman. The hall was crowded to the door and scores were unable to find seats or even enter the hall. A pleasing feature of the evening was the presence of a goodly number of ladies.

The chair was occupied by Mr. A. W. Benjamin, of Yarker, president of the Addington Reform Association, who in a short speech opened the meeting and called on Mr. J. B. Aylsworth, Newburgh, the venerable father of the Minister of Justice for a few words. Mr. Aylsworth, though eighty-one years of age is still an active man and always a Liberal worker. His advice to the electors was to "VOTE AND SEE THAT YOUR NEIGHBORS VOTE."

Mr. Pringle, of Belleville, came to hear Hon. J. P. Graham and had no intention of making a speech, but when called upon made a short speech especially deprecating the campaign of abuse and slander as carried on by the Conservatives and Mr. Wilson in particular.

Mr. Wartman when called upon received a warm greeting and in the course of a short address amply displayed his fitness as the next representative of Lennox and Addington in the Dominion Parliament. He asked the support of the Electors as a Liberal and a supporter of the best government Canada has ever had. Mr. Wartman devoted a few minutes to the words appearing on Mr. Wilson's announcements, viz:—Rectitude, Restitution, Reform, and would like to ask Mr. Wilson if he is in favor of restituting to the people of



FOSTER - SAME OLD STORY
GOT HERE AHEAD OF US
WE GET 'IS THE WINDFALL
WORMY ONES!

IN TH

WENT UP IN FLAMES

THE DISASTROUS FIRE AT NEWBURGH.

A Complete Story of the Saturday Morning Fire.—The Napanee Fire Brigade Did Good Service.

It was a rude awakening the village had, at four o'clock Saturday morning. The dreaded cry of fire was the signal, and scores of citizens were soon rushing to Main street, and right to the heart of the village, where flames were seen issuing from the upper windows of the Percy hall. The fire had first been seen by Vincent McNeill and Bernard Kennedy, on their return from a dance at Odessa, and these two gave the alarm. The rest of the story is a chapter of loss and disaster, constituting together the heaviest blow that the fiery element has inflicted upon Newburgh since the memorable conflagration of September 7th, 1887, which wiped out half the village and ruined for the time many of its citizens.

The fire of Saturday morning made very rapid work of the building so long known as the Percy block, but now owned by George M. Walker, the upper floor being used as a public hall, and the lower floor occupied by the post office and the fine new grocery and meat-stall of Mr. Walker. This had just recently been fitted in modern style, with magnificent plate-glass front. Mr. Walker, had but time to remove one show-case when the smoke and flames burst into it from an opening above, and in a few minutes it was a seething furnace. Not a breath of wind was stirring and it was thought quite possible to save C. H. Finkle's building adjoining Walker's, and no-

OPPORTUNITY.

KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA,
25th Year.

Canada's Leading Business School.
Practical Progressive, Permanent.
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting,
Telegraphy, Civil Service.

Special rates to the first twenty-five registering for the Fall or Winter term.
Write or call for particulars

H. F. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President. Secretary.

NO MORE. 35c. NO LESS.

the return fare between all ports on route of

NO MORE. **35c.** NO LESS.

at the return fare between all ports on route of

Str. Reindeer

— on —

Wednesdays and Saturdays
of each week through

June, July & Aug.

Don't forget that you can leave Napanee at 6.30 a.m. or 1 p.m., spend one hour or seven hours in Picton, and reach home about 6.30 p.m.

Arrange to meet your Deseronto or Picton friends on the boat, as this excursion rate is good on all trips same day.

Steamer leaves Picton for Napanee at 4.30 a.m. and 1.15 p.m.

Saturday passengers wishing to stop over Saturday at either town may do so by paying Single Fare.

Eyes Tested Free.

EXPERT OPTICIAN

Newest Frames.

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store.

Near Royal Hotel.
Good Quality Store.

MORE

WALLPAPER.

We have received this week 124 more bundles of New Season Wall Paper, making nearly 15,000 rolls this fall. If

Assortment, Quality, and Price,

will suit we can suit you.

Give us a trial.

A. E. PAUL

The Wallpaper Man.

Next Cambridge's.

STOCKDALE'S Business College

Kingston, Ont.

Is a High-Grade Institution, giving thorough and practical courses in all Commercial branches. Students may enter at any time of the year. Rates are very moderate. Write for our catalog and full particulars.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

Look at This

offer by a responsible financial firm in Toronto.

An opportunity to invest your spare cash in small amounts of \$50.00 and upwards.

This will let you in on an investment where you make all the terms to be made and you take the place of the man who has always been on the ground floor. It's as Lawson says: "giving the people a square deal."

This opportunity will not last long so act quickly.

All replies will reach us through this paper.

BOX 622.

APPLES WANTED!

Collier Bros' Evaporator

is now running for the season.

Highest Price Paid for Evaporating Apples.

Evaporator near Reindeer Dock.

COLLIER BROS.

VIOLET.

J. Valentine attended the fair at Tweed.

Mrs. Eli Ball died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. Scouten.

C. Ball was visiting his brother, S. Ball.

Percy Shivel is home, after spending the summer on the steamer North King.

Mrs. H. Robertson was very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Robson, Chamont, N. Y., spent a few days with friends and relatives in this vicinity.

D. Boyce was in Kingston receiving treatment for a sprained shoulder.

The heavy winds are blowing the fruit of the trees and doing considerable damage.

Melburne Furr's died, October 1st, at the home of his father, James Furr's.

The best window and picture glass is Pilkington's (English) Uniform thickness, free from flaw at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

Liberal and a supporter of the best government Canada has ever had. Mr. Wartman devoted a few minutes to the words appearing on Mr. Wilson's announcements, viz:—Rectitude, Restitution, Reform, and would like to ask Mr. Wilson if he is in favor of restituting to the people of Canada the enormous sums of money grafted by the Conservative government of which he was always a strong supporter. He also depreciated Mr. Wilson's raising of the, race and creed cry a thing which Sir Wilfred Laurier has forever effectually settled. He also devoted a few minutes to a short resume of the tariff, trade, public works, etc. It is vitally important that the present government should be returned to power at this time as a defeat would stay the wheels of progress and undo the magnificent work of twelve years of business government.

HON. J. P. GRAHAM,

Minister of Railways and Canals, was in excellent form and received an enthusiastic greeting. Like the government of which he is a member he when at his task in a business like way and showed how his government had accomplished great things for Canada. He took up the planks of the Halifax platform, which we do not hear very much about from the Conservatives, and showed that really the Conservatives had no platform excepting one of slander, vituperation and abuse.

Mr. Graham selected a few of the prize samples of scandal. "The Saskatchewan Valley Land Deal," "The Crow's Nest Pass Deal," "The Roblin's Irrigation Deal," and "The Timber Deals," and effectually dissipated the arguments advanced by the Conservatives that there was any suspicion of wrong doing on the part of the government in any of those transactions, each and every one of which was for the advantage of Canada and the west, in particular. The government of Canada is not only strong enough to defend itself against every charge which may be brought against it, but is able to fight the opposition on every ground they may choose. Mr. Graham characterized the scandal talk of the Opposition as quilting bee gossip and dropped it to talk business, and in a masterly manner he gave a short statement of the affairs of the country and the manner in which they are carried on. Seldom indeed have the Electors of Napanee listened to a more business like address. Mr. Graham indulged in no vituperation, slander or abuse, and at the conclusion of his address, many remarks were passed both by Conservatives and Liberals that it had been a treat to hear the questions of the day so ably discussed.

The electors are getting tired of the scandalous trash being continually dealt out by the Conservative speakers and press and all friends of good government are working for and supporting Mr. F. S. Wartman.

Mr. Benjamin assured the meeting that Addington would give Mr. Wartman a handsome majority and it remained for Lennox to do its part and Mr. Wartman would represent the riding in the next Parliament.

The meeting closed with cheers for Mr. Graham and Mr. Wartman.

It is understood that the work of erecting the rural mail delivery boxes from Brighton to Kingston will begin at once. This mail delivery will be a great thing for the farmers, who will owe the convenience to the Laurier government.

Painter's Peerless White Paint.

I guaranteed the whitest white paint on the market. It will not crack or pull off or turn dark on standing. T. B. Wallace's, sole agent for Napanee.

style, with magnificent plate-glass front. Mr. Walker, had but time to remove one show-case when the smoke and flames burst into it from an opening above, and in a few minutes it was a seething furnace. Not a breath of wind was stirring and it was thought quite possible to save C. H. Finkle's building, adjoining Walker's, and protected by a heavy fire-wall and with galvanized roof, occupied by M. Ryan & Son as a grocery and hardware store below, and used as a large public hall above. Men were soon on this high roof and using to best advantage the buckets of water passed up by the brigade that had been formed. In some way, however, the flames gained entrance under the roof and attacked the inside wall of the hall above. With smoke belching now from the farther side of the hall, all efforts to save the building were seen to be vain, and attention was turned to the Ryan stock, a part of which was successfully removed. Smoke soon put an end to these efforts and this building was in turn resigned to the flames.

Next to this the residence and tin-shop of Charles Welbanks, and no braver fight could have been imagined than the successful struggle made to save this home. Only twelve feet intervened between it and Ryan's. The windows and casings were protected by suspended pieces of tin and hundreds of pails of water used. Men with steaming clothes and well-nigh blistered faces watched every attack made by the fire while others removed the entire contents. There was great rejoicing at the event of fight as Mr. Welbanks carried no insurance.

In the meantime the Napanee fire brigade had been telegraphed for and after considerable delay, occasioned by the necessity of sending to Deseronto for a special train, the fire engine arrived about 7.30, too late to render any assistance. Further danger was now thought to be past, and the brigade returned to Napanee. The fire trouble, however, had but begun. At 8.30 a blaze was discovered in Finkle's workshop east of Main street, south of the first fire. This was soon extinguished, but half an hour later from the basement of this building which was entirely of wood, and a very easy victim to a fire, arose fresh flames, and the Napanee brigade was recalled. This building which spanned the north branch of the river was completely gutted, and had it not been for the return of the fire-fighters from Napanee, the whole western and southern portions of the village would have been wiped out. Even as it was there were still others to suffer. Directly east of the Finkle shop were the paint shop, wood shop and blacksmith shop of James Farley, and these could not be saved. Across the side street is the Presbyterian church and it was only by almost superhuman efforts that this edifice was saved. The spire was badly damaged, and the interior also much injured by water in fighting flames which had pierced the roof. The plaster over a large part of the church was destroyed, and probably a thousand dollars' damage wrought. Beyond the church the residence of Mrs. Hugh Kelly, owned by Mrs. Gibson, was the next place for the attack of the fiery element, and it was soon in ruins despite the utmost efforts of volunteers, while the engine was playing on the church. At this time the wind rose considerably and there were many incipient fires. Mrs. Lougheed's

TIRED LIVING.

Ten Years of Rheumatic Torment Had Sapped all Joy from Life, but South American Rheumatic Cure Proved the Life Nectar.

"For over ten years I was a great sufferer from rheumatism. I tried many remedies and was under treatment of best medical men, but nothing gave me any hope of a cure. I procured a bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure; its effects on me were truly wonderful, for when I had taken but one bottle every pain and symptom of rheumatism had left me. I heartily recommend it." W. H. Sherman, Morrisburg, Ont. (1911)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

THE EXPRESS.

NADA—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1908

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.



THE POLITICAL ORCHARD

—FINE— TAILORING.

We've earned a splendid reputation in this locality for good Tailoring. Our Cutter and Tailors are as clever and talented, in regard to the making of Clothes as it is possible to be. We employ none but the most adept craftsmen, and hence

OUR TAILORING IS OF THE BEST.

While we touch the top notch in work, fabric and quality, we stay within the bounds of reasonable prices. Our prices are just right prices for good Tailoring. Prices you're willing to pay.

The fall woolsens are ready for your inspection, and our showing is a choice selection.

J. L. BOYES,

house was twice on fire, and the Bay of Quinte lumber sheds twice.

The climax of the day's disaster was the burning of the beautiful home of Rev. J. H. Chant, superannuated Methodist minister, which stood far to the east somewhat to the north, and was not thought to be within the danger zone. Mr. Chant was fortunate

Dissolution of Partnership.

We, the undersigned have by mutual consent dissolved partnership. All parties indebted to said firm will please settle before November 1st, 1908. Also all parties holding accounts against the firm of Savage & Brown will take notice and present their accounts to H. Savage, who has assumed all debts contracted by said firm.

In witness whereof the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals this 5th day of October, 1908.

HENRY R. SAVAGE,
J. H. BROWN.

Fred J. Vanaalstine, Witness.
43c Napanee, Oct. 5th, 1908.

Dissolution of Partnership.

We, the undersigned, have by mutual consent dissolved partnership. All parties indebted to said firm kindly pay Joe Malick. All parties holding accounts against the firm of F. & J. Malick will also take notice, and collect from Joe Malick who has assumed all debts contracted by said firm.

In witness whereof the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals this Second Day of October, 1908.

FRANK MALICK,
J. MALICK.

John N. Baker, C. H. C. of J., Witness.
Maribank, October 2nd, 1908.

FELLOWS.

Digging potatoes and picking apples is the order of the day.

Quite a number from here attended Odessa fair on Friday last.

George Lemmon and Miss Nellie Neil were quietly married at the parsonage at Morven, September 24th.

A little baby girl has arrived at James McFarland's and also a baby boy at John Hagerman's.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafeo and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**
When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafeo's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

MILLS FOR SALE—Grist Mill, Saw-Mill, (including Planer and Shingle Mill) with splendid water privilege. Good dwelling and barn. Estate property and must be sold. Fine chance for man with small capital. Address D. WILLIAMS, Executor, Wilton, Ont. 40f

FOR SALE—On Napanee River.—Fifteen Acres of First-Class Land, partly tilled, large, convenient house almost new, with water works, cistern and well. Barn and out-buildings. Over a mile from Napanee on Palace Road. HENRY EVANS, Napanee, P. O. 42d

FARMS FOR SALE—Send for big list of farm bargains and valuable hints about farms and farm buying. A post card will bring it. Or call at my office, opposite Royal Hotel. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate Agent.

Box 230 Napanee, Ont. 38f

WANTED—A good active fellow to sell Life Assurance for the "Mutual Life Company of Canada," in Lennox and Addington. Very liberal terms to the right man.

Apply S. BURROWS,
General Agent,
Belleville, Ont.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision for the Municipality of the Town of Napanee, will be held in the Council Chamber, in the Town Hall, Napanee, on WEDNESDAY, THE 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D., 1908, at the hour of 7 30 p. m., for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the said Town of Napanee for the year 1908.

All parties concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

W. A. GRANGE,
Municipal Clerk.

Dated Oct 1st, 1908.



Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

TRENT CANAL.

ONTARIO-RICE LAKE DIVISION.

SECTION No. 7.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Trent Canal," will be received until 10 o'clock on Tuesday, 20th October, 1908, for the works connected with the construction of Section

Millinery Opening

SATURDAY,
SEPTEMBER 26th

and following days.

The Leading Millinery House.

DOXSEE & CO.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS. \$34.50 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialties.

Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Education, Fine Arts, Physical Culture. College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908.

house was twice on fire, and the Bay of Quinte lumber sheds twice.

The climax of the day's disaster was the burning of the beautiful home of Rev. J. H. Chant, superannuated Methodist minister, which stood far to the east somewhat to the north, and was not thought to be within the danger area. Mr. Chant was bravely assisting his neighbors down town, when news spread of his own danger.

Flying cinders had ignited the roof and on discovering this, Mrs. Chant, who was alone was powerless to stem it. This beautifully situated home was completely demolished, but most of the contents were saved by a number of workers. No other buildings were attacked, but the fire brigade spent the afternoon playing upon the embers and burning areas of the ground.

Too high commendation can scarcely be given the members of the Napanee fire brigade who heroically fought to conquer the constantly threatening fire fiend. Without any doubt, the presence of these faithful men saved Newburgh from irretrievable loss. Newburgh deeply appreciates her obligation to the brigade and will be glad to add to her gratitude a suitable honorarium. Mayor Ming accompanied the fire laddies, and throughout the day rendered valuable counsel and direction. Reeve Ryan of Newburgh, one of the fire sufferers, and the other members of council were also active throughout the day.

Frost among so many noble workers in our own volunteer brigade, in the early stages of the fires it might be unfair of your correspondent to mention any for special merit, but exception must be made of Samuel Kellar, who certainly distinguished himself in useful service. He was always on the spot of greatest danger and led the forces. Three or four others were also especially active.

The financial losses sustained will not be very heavy. Mr. Walker, with an insurance of \$1,000, will lose over \$500; Mrs. A. Madden, post-mistress, suffers little loss as all cash, stamps, etc., had as usual been removed at night and preparations had been completed for removal to the new office further up street next week. Uncalled for mail constitutes the greater loss here. Mr. Ryan carried a \$6,500 dollar stock of groceries, sugar, hardware, paints, oils and flour by the carload, and carried insurance of \$1,300, made up of \$2,000 in the Merchants; \$2,000 in the Anglo-American, and \$300 in the Traders Insurance company. Mr. Finkle carried \$1,500 on the stone building and \$2,000 on the wood shed which will hardly cover his loss. Mr. Chant carried \$700 on his house, which will not cover his loss, which includes a winter's supply of coal in the cellar. Mrs. Kelly loses part of the contents of her cellar, considerable clothing and some furniture, and the Presbyterian church suffered, as stated above. Mr. Carey's loss is but partially covered by insurance.

The embers will not have ceased to smoke when on Monday morning Mr. Ryan will commence building operations to replace his loss. He proposes to enlarge and add a store to the building he now uses as a food store, on Main Street, and use it also for groceries and hardware. This action is characteristic of the keen business enterprise of Ryan & Son, and they will soon have again as formerly two completely furnished stores with even increased facilities for handling such goods as Mr. Chant and Mr. Walker will likely rebuild at once.

Mr. Finkle's intention are unknown. Newburgh considers that she has now had her share of fire devastation and is at last aroused to the necessity for adequate fire protection of her own. The village council will be glad to provide proper facilities for such protection, to which it is believed the council are very favorable.

The origin of the day's fire is a complete mystery, but rumors of an incendiary origin are very persistent and doubtless an investigation will be made.

Mr. J. M. Denyes, Newburgh, has our hearty thanks for the very excellent account given above—Editor.

is the order of the day.

Quite a number from here attended Odessa fair on Friday last.

George Lemmon and Miss Nellie Neil were quietly married at the parsonage at Morven, September 24th.

A little baby girl has arrived at James McFarland's and also a baby boy at John Hagerman's.

Visitors: Miss Annie Sylver, of Camden East, Mrs. H. Dowker's, and her brother, Earl Buck, of Harrow-smith, at John Dawson's; Frank Dawson, of Watertown, with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Dawson.

A Word About Corns.

Don't suffer a minute with corns—go straight to Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store and get some of that corn killer, it don't cost much.

MORVEN.

Ploughing is the order of the day. E. M. Smith went to Boston to his son's.

The White church has been improved by a new platform.

Frost has been doing some damage here.

It stills keeps dry and farmers find it hard to get their ploughing done.

Mrs. K. Young is improving nicely. Farmers are drawing in their corn.

W. W. Davis is going to move to Oswego, N. Y.

The annual convention will be held at Silsville, and quite a few people from here are going to attend.

Glass for outside windows and all sizes, paints, oil, putty, try.

BOYLE & SON.

In Everybody's Mouth.

Myrrh Tooth paste or Wallace's (be sure it's Wallace's) tooth powder, should be used in everybody's mouth. They clean the teeth and filling too. Ask to see the tooth brush with bristle that won't come out, at Wallace's Drug Store.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

LIBERAL COMMITTEE MEETINGS

will be held every FRIDAY
evening in the Committee
Rooms,

Opposite the
BRISCO HOUSE.

All friends of good government
are invited to attend these
meetings.

Short Speeches

will be delivered at these meet-
ings, and other entertainment
provided.

The Rooms are open every
day and evening.

**Meet Your Friends
There.**

ENTRE CANAL.

ONTARIO RICE LAKE DIVISION.

SECTION No. 7.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-
signed and endorsed "Tender for Trent
Canal" will be received until 10 o'clock on
Tuesday, 20th October, 1908, for the works
connected with the construction of Section
No. 7, Ontario Rice Lake Division of the Canal.
Plans, specifications, and the form of
the contract to be entered into, can be seen
on and after the 20th September 1908 at the office
of the Chief Engineer of the Department of
Highways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office
of the Superintending Engineer, Trent Canal,
Peterboro, Ont., at which places forms of ten-
der may be obtained.

Parties tendering will be required to accept
the fair wages Schedule prepared or to be
prepared by the Department of Labour, which
Schedule will form part of the contract.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind
that tenders will not be considered, unless
made strictly in accordance with the printed
forms, and in the case of firms, unless there
are attached the actual signatures, the nature
of the occupation, and place of residence of
each member of the firm.

An accepted bank cheque for the sum of
\$10,000 must accompany each tender, which
sum will be forfeited, if the party tendering
declines entering into contract for the work, at
the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque thus sent in will be returned to
the respective contractors whose tenders are
not accepted.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily
accepted.

By order,

L. K. JONES,

Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, September 25th, 1908.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement
without authority from this Department will
not be paid for it.

APPLES WANTED!

—AT—

Symington's Evaporator.

"The best road to it is via
Madden's Corner straight down
to the river.

PRICES.

From 20c to 40c per Cwt.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
Proprietor.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

THE NORTHERN CROWN BANK.

With 78 Branches in Canada,—52 in the West.—The Northern
Crown Bank has exceptional facilities for handling the business of
Farmers, Cattlemen, Grain Dealers and Retail Merchants, as well
as that of Manufacturers and Wholesale Houses whose dealings
extend throughout the country.

Interest Paid Quarterly on Savings Accounts.

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager.

Enterprise Branch,
W. F. MORGAN DEAN.
Act'g. Mgr.

Odessa Branch,
A. P. S. DONALDSON,
Manager.

Rath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.

entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual
instruction in five distinct courses. An
evening class FREE for all registered students
in this department. Graduates holding the
best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for
the examinations held by the Institute of Char-
tered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commer-
cial Specialists.

Special attention given to Matriculation,
Teachers' Courses, Education, Fine Art,
Physical Culture.

College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908.

For Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.,
Belleville, Ont.

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$2,702,000
SURPLUS 4,739,000

TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC

OVER \$5 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account
Every Three Months.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.
RESERVE \$4,000,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and
interest at best current rate paid on same.
Interest payable quarterly, on the last days
of February, May, August and November.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General
Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch,
W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.
Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Baskets for chaff and roots, market
baskets, clothes baskets, lunch baskets.
BOYLE & SON.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

A House of Mystery

OR, THE GIRL IN BLUE

CHAPTER XXVII.—(Cont'd.)

My vigilance on the morrow was rewarded, for about eleven o'clock in the morning I saw Edna emerge from the room dressed to go out. She passed my door and descended by the stairs, while I took my hat and swiftly followed her at a safe distance from observation.

The porter called her a hansom, and I saw her neat, black-robed figure mount into the conveyance. She had a letter in her hand, and read the address to the porter, who in turn repeated it to the driver.

Meanwhile, I had entered another hansom, and telling the man to keep Edna's cab in sight we drove along King's Cross Road and Farringdon Street to the City, passing along Gresham Street and Lothbury. Suddenly the cab I was following turned into Austin Friars, while my driver, an intelligent young fellow, pulled up at the corner of Throgmorton Street, opening the trap in the roof, and saying—

"We'd better wait here, sir, if you don't want the lady to notice us. She's going into an office at number 14, opposite the Dutch church."

"Get down," I said, "and try and find out whose office she's gone into," and I added a promise to give him an extra gratuity for so doing.

"Very well, sir," he answered, and commenced to back his horse into a position where the cab standing there would not interfere with the traffic, nor bring down upon him the peremptory order of the police.

As he was backing his horse an omnibus passed on its way to Liverpool Street, whereupon the red-faced driver, quick to detect any difficulty with horses, and ready to joke at the discomfort of others, cried out in his Cockney dialect—

"Now then, Soapy-feet, mind what yer do with the there Bath-chair and fishin'-rod!"

Whereat all drivers in the vicinity laughed, and contributed many forcible remarks in passing.

But the young cabman descended, and while I sat back, hiding my face in a newspaper for fear of being recognized in that great highway of business, he went along Austin Friars to endeavor to discover whose office she had entered.

Some ten minutes later he returned with the information that the lady had entered the office of a money-lender named Morrison.

The thought occurred to me that she was perhaps still endeavoring to raise the loan for Prince Ferdinand. If so, however, why had she left the Bath Hotel and endeavored to conceal her identity under another name?

After twenty minutes or so she came out rather flushed and excited, stood for a moment in hesitation upon the kerb, and then entered

coronet was locked, and she carried the key upon her bangle. I made careful search through all her belongings, the chambermaid standing guard at the door the while, and in the pocket of one of her dresses hanging in the wardrobe I discovered a crumpled telegram.

I smoothed it out, and saw that it had been dispatched from Philippopolis in Bulgaria, about three weeks before, and was addressed to "Mrs. Grainger, Royal Hotel, Ryde." Its purport, however, I was unable to learn, for it was either in cipher, or in the Slav language, of which I had no knowledge whatever.

Again baffled, I was about to relinquish my search, when, in the pocket of a long driving-coat of light drab cloth I found a letter addressed to her at Ryde, and evidently forwarded by the hotel clerk.

I caught sight of my own name, and read it through with interest.

"I suppose you have already heard from your friend Gedge, who keeps you in touch with everything, all the most recent news of Heaton," the letter ran. "It appears that he was found on the floor of one of the rooms at Denbury, with a wound in his head. He had suddenly gone out of his mind. The doctor said that the case was a serious one, but before arrangements could be made for placing him under restraint he had escaped, and nothing since has been heard of him. The common idea is that he has committed suicide owing to business complications. They are, to tell the truth, beginning to smell a rat in the City. The Prince's concessions have not turned out all that they were supposed to be, and by a side wind I hear that your friend's financial status, considerably weakened during the past few weeks, has, owing to his sudden and unaccountable disappearance, dropped down to zero. If you can find him, lose no time in doing so. Remember that he must not be allowed to open his mouth. He may, however, be still of use, for his credit has not altogether gone, and I hear he has a very satisfactory balance at his bankers'. But find out all from Gedge, and then write to me."

There was neither signature nor address.

The words, "he must not be allowed to open his mouth," were, in themselves, ominous. Who, I wondered, was the writer of that letter? The postmark was that of London, E. C., showing that it had been posted in the City.

I read it through a second time, then replaced it, and after some further search returned to my own room.

When the maid brought my hot water next morning she told me that Mrs. Slade had announced her intention to leave at eleven o'clock; that she had packed and leaving

A PHYSICAL WRECK



MR. RENE ST. JEAN.

A Resident of Ottawa

Finds Relief In Pe-ru-na.

MR. RENE ST. JEAN, 210 St. Patrick street, Ottawa, Ont., Can., writes:

"I believed a year ago that I could stand anything. I worked hard, kept irregular hours, and did not mind the loss of a few meals, but in six weeks I had changed to a physical wreck.

"Eight bottles of Peruna brought back my strength."

Mr. A. O. Harding, 503 W. 146 St., New York City, formerly one of the leading druggists of Prescott, Ont., has been presented with a twenty-five year Medal of Honor in Odd Fellowship. He writes as follows:

"Ever since—I have been handling Peruna, I have had a fine trade. Once a family buys a bottle, I am sure of selling them more, and it never fails to bring additional customers.

"I have nothing better for catarrh in all of its various forms. As a household remedy it is without compare, splendid for mothers and excellent for children."

answered. "I escaped over the frontier by the merest chance. Oustromoff's bloodhounds were at my heels. They followed me to Vienna, but there I managed to escape them and travel to Berlin. I knew that there was a warrant out for me—Roesch sent me word that orders had been issued by the Minister of Police—therefore I feared to cross to England by any of the mail routes. I knew the police would be on the look-out at Calais, Antwerp, Ostend, Folkstone, and Dieppe. Therefore I travelled to Copenhagen, then by steamer to Gothenburg, and rail to Christiania. I arrived by the weekly mail steamer from there only an hour ago."

"What a journey!" exclaimed the woman I had been watching so long and patiently. "Do you actually mean that you are unsafe—here, in England?"

"Unsafe! Of course. The Ministry have telegraphed my description to all police centres, with a request for my extradition."

"It is inconceivable," she cried, "just at the moment when all seemed so safe, that this catastrophe

ON THE FARM

BRAIN OR BRAWN!

As one goes about the country, he can readily pick out those farmers who are always behind with their work. Their number is legion. You will find them now a fortnight behind with their wheat-seeding. In a couple of months they will be caught short on fall plowing. "Freeze-up" comes before they get nicely started. Next season it will be the same, and the season after that again, and so on right along. They are always behind, and seem never able to catch up. It is doubtful whether they ever will, or whether they would be able to keep up if they get even. It requires some thinking and planning to do so, and the man who is habitually behind hasn't time to think or plan. He can only hustle.

A man requires some system of doing his work in order to have it done on time. System and organization count in agriculture as in anything else. Farm work has to be performed properly and in season, if the business is going to succeed. It needs to be planned, and the plan worked. One has to think, as well as act. That is what he has thinking apparatus for. The days of farming by brawn alone are passing, though some refuse to believe they are almost gone. Science and invention have advanced so much in the last twenty-five years that a man does not need to be plodding eternally to gain a livelihood. The hours of labor in all industries are being steadily reduced. So they are in agriculture. And the products of labor, instead of diminishing, are steadily on the increase.

DURUM WHEAT.

The American Department of Agriculture, during 1899 to 1902, brought Durum wheat for seed from Russia and Africa. The grain is specially adapted for regions of low rainfall, and in 1907 covered an area of over 3,000,000 acres, many of them valueless before the advent of this new crop. It yielded an average of about fifteen bushels per acre. It has spread throughout a wide strip of country, extending from North Dakota to south-eastern New Mexico and south-western Texas.

This variety of wheat may be mixed with other wheat in making flour for bread. It is especially, however, a macaroni wheat, and for the manufacture of that article is used at home and exported abroad.

SEND RICH CREAM.

It pays to send rich cream to the creamery. Cream is not paid for by weight, but according to the amount of butter-fat contained in it, as determined by the Babcock or, in certain creameries, by the antiquated oil-test churn. All cream is composed of two general substances, butter-fat and milk serum (skim milk). The more butter-fat and the less milk serum a patron can manage to deliver to his creamery, within reasonable limits, the better he is off. He has more skim milk to feed, and there is less weight to haul or ship, as the case may be. It is economical to skim a rich cream. It should never test less than 30 per cent., and 35 or even 40 per cent., is bet-

she was per- haps still endeavoring to raise the loan for Prince Ferdinand. If so, however, why had she left the Bath Hotel and endeavored to conceal her identity under another name?

After twenty minutes or so she came out rather flushed and excited, stood for a moment in hesitation upon the kerb, and then giving her cabman an address was driven off. I, of course, followed, but judge my astonishment when the cab pulled up in Old Broad Street and she alighted at Winchester House. After a few moments she found the brass plate bearing my name, and ascended to my office, for what purpose I knew not, and, fearing to reveal my presence in London, I could not ascertain.

I sat there in the cab in full view of that row of windows, with their wire blinds bearing my name, an exile and a fugitive, wondering what might be the object of her visit. It was not, however, of long duration, but when she descended again she was accompanied by my secretary Gedge, who handed her into her cab and afterwards took his seat beside her. By his manner it was evident they were not strangers, and it became impressed upon me that, in those lost days of mine, I must have had considerable dealings with her and her princely employer.

They drove to the Liverpool Street Railway Station, where she despatched a telegram; then they lunched at Crosby Hall.

I feared, of course, to approach them sufficiently near to overhear their conversation, but I peered into the restaurant and saw them sitting at a table in earnest conversation, the subject of which was evidently myself.

It was a wearisome task waiting for her in Bishopsgate Street, but I lunched in a neighboring public-house off a glass of sherry and a biscuit, while my cabman partook greedily of the homely "half pint" at my expense, until at length they both came forth.

Gedge called for a cab, and then took leave of her, while I followed her back to the Midland, having successfully accomplished my first day at watching her movements.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

For two days the woman I was watching did not go out. I learnt from the chambermaid who, like all chambermaids, was amenable to half a sovereign in her palm, that she was unwell, suffering from a slight cold.

Then I took the servant into my confidence, and told her that I was to enter her room in order to watch Mrs. Slade's movements, giving her to understand that my assistance she rendered me would be well paid for.

I had an object in view, namely, to enter her room in her absence, and ascertain the nature of any letters or papers which might be in her possession. This I managed to effect, with the connivance of the chambermaid, on the following afternoon. Indeed, the chambermaid assisted me in my eager search, but beyond a few tradesmen's bills and one or two unimportant private letters from friends addressed to her at the Royal Hotel at Ryde, I found nothing. The despatch-box with the

had been posted in the City.

I read it through a second time, then replaced it, and after some further search returned to my own room.

When the maid brought my hot water next morning she told me that Mrs. Slade had announced her intention to leave at eleven o'clock; therefore I packed, and leaving slightly earlier, was enabled to follow her cab to Victoria Station, whence she travelled to Brighton, putting up at the Metropole. I pursued similar tactics to those I had adopted in London, staying in the same hotel and yet contriving never to be seen by her. She went out but seldom. Sometimes in the morning she would stroll beneath her pale mauve sunshade along the King's Road, or at evening take an airing on the pier, but she apparently lived an aimless life, spending her time in reading novels in her own apartment. As far as I could learn, she met no one there, and only appeared to be killing time and waiting. After a fortnight she moved along to Hastings, thence to Ilfracombe and afterwards to Hull.

We arrived at the North-Eastern Hotel at Hull one evening towards the end of August, having travelled by the express from London. Through nearly a month I had kept close watch upon her, yet none of her movements had been in the least suspicious. She lived well, always having her own sitting-room although she had no maid. Those days of watchfulness were full of anxiety, and I had to resort to all sorts of ingenious devices to prevent observation and recognition.

The station hotel at Hull is comfortable, but by no means a gay place of residence, and for several days I wondered what might be her object in visiting that Yorkshire port. The room adjoining her sitting-room on the second floor became vacant on the third day after our arrival, and I fortunately succeeded in obtaining it. She entertained no suspicion that I was following her, although I dogged her movements everywhere.

In Hull she only went out twice, once to a stationer's in Whitefriargate, and on the other occasion to the telegraph office. As at Brighton and Ilfracombe, she still appeared to be waiting in patience for the arrival of some one whom she expected.

About nine o'clock one evening, after she had remained nearly a week in Hull, always taking her meals in her own room and passing her time in reading, I had returned from the coffee-room, and was about to go forth for a stroll, when suddenly I heard a waiter rap at her door and announce a visitor.

A locked door separated her sitting-room from mine, and standing by it, listening eagerly, I heard the sound of rustling paper, the hurried closing of a box, and her permission to show the visitor up.

A few minutes passed in silence. Then I heard some one enter, and a man's voice exclaimed with a distinctly foreign accent—

"Ah, my dear Edna! At last! I feared that you would have left before my arrival."

"I expected you days ago," she answered, and I knew from the man's sigh that he had sunk wearily into a chair.

"I was delayed," he explained. "I had a narrow escape. Oustrom has guessed the truth."

"What?" she gasped in alarm.

"The secret is out?"

"Yes," he answered gruffly.

"Impossible!"

"I tell you it's the truth," he

mean that you are unsafe—here, in England?"

"Unsafe? Of course. The Ministry have telegraphed my description to all police centres, with a request for my extradition."

"It is inconceivable," she cried, "just at the moment when all seemed safest, that this catastrophe should fall! What of Roesch, Blumhardt, and Schaefer?"

"Schaefer was arrested in Sofia on the day I left. Blumhardt escaped to Varna, but was taken while embarking on board a cargo-boat for England. I tell you I had a narrow escape—a very narrow escape."

"Then don't speak so loud," she urged. "Some one might be in the next room, you know."

He rose and tried the door at which I stood. It was locked, and that apparently reassured him.

"Whom do you think informed the Ministry of Police?"

"Ah! at present no one knows," he responded. "What do you think they say?"

"What?"

"That some of your precious friends in London have exposed the whole thing."

"My friends? Whom do you mean?"

"You know best who are your friends," he replied, with sarcasm.

"But no one is aware of the whole facts."

"Are you absolutely certain?"

"Absolutely."

"And the loan for the Prince?"

he said. "Have you raised it?"

"No; the thing is too dangerous in these circumstances. I have made a full report. You received it, I suppose."

"No! I must have left Sofia before it arrived. Tell me."

"That very useful fool named Heaton has suddenly gone out of his mind."

"Insane?"

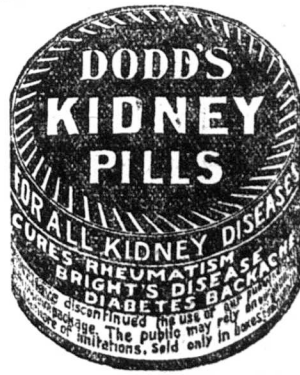
"Yes," she responded. "At least he seems so to me. I placed the matter before him, but he refused to have anything whatever to do with it. His standing in the City has been utterly shattered by all sorts of rumors regarding the worthlessness of certain of the concessions, and as far as we are concerned our hopes of successfully raising the loan have now disappeared into thin air."

"What?" he cried. "Have you utterly failed?"

"Yes," she answered. "Heaton assisted us while all was square, but now, just when we want a snug little sum for ourselves, he has suddenly become obstinate and refuses to raise a finger."

"Curse him! He shall assist us—by Heaven! I'll—I'll compel him!" cried her mysterious companion, furiously.

(To be Continued.)



ISSUE NO. 40—08.

patron can manage to deliver to his creamery, within reasonable limits, the better he is off. He has more skim milk to feed, and there is less weight to haul or ship, as the case may be. It is economical to skim a rich cream. It should never test less than 30 per cent., and 35 or even 40 per cent. is better. Keep as much of the skim milk as possible at home.

COOL THE MILK PROMPTLY.

The prompt and thorough cooling of milk is generally recognized to be of prime importance in preventing the development of bacteria, which, under ordinary conditions, are always present in milk as soon as drawn, and to which the souring or curdling of milk is due.

ILLS OF CHILDHOOD, HOW TO CURE THEM

In thousands of homes Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine used when children are ailing, and the mother who keeps this medicine on hand may feel as safe as though there was a doctor constantly in the home. Baby's Own Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, break up colds, expel worms, and make teething easy. The mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no opiate or poisonous soothing stuff. Mrs. H. H. Bonnyman, Matt. N. S. says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl while teething and for constipation, and think there is no medicine can equal them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"The village boasts a choral society, does it not?" inquired the visitor. The resident shook his head. "Boast," he said, "is not precisely the right word. I should say rather that the village endures a choral society with manly resignation."

To Those of Sedentary Occupation.—Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The former will find in Parnelle's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act expeditiously, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

OPTOMISTIC TO THE END.

Some time ago there was a flood in Western Pennsylvania. An old fellow who had lost nearly everything he possessed was sitting on the roof of the house as it floated along, when a boat approached.

"Hello, John?"

"Hello, Dave!"

"Are your fowls all washed away, John?"

"Yes, but the ducks can swim," replied the old man.

"Apple trees gone?"

"Well, they said the crop would be a failure, anyhow."

"I see the flood's away above your window."

"That's all right, Dave. Them winders needed washin', anyhow."



The best of Ceylon is in her teas. Nowhere else do they grow to such perfection. The best of Ceylon's teas are in "Salada."

WILL DEPICT IDEAL HOME.

Exhibition in London Under Patronage of the Queen.

Extraordinary interest is being displayed in the ideal home exhibition, which opens under the patronage of her Majesty the Queen at Olympia, on Oct. 9. In a year which will be memorable in London for splendid exhibitions, this promises to be in every respect one of the most popular, appealing as it does to all classes of the community.

Put briefly, the exhibition is the first attempt by practical demonstration to portray the ideal home ception, construction and equipment.

On entering the amphitheatre the visitors will find himself in the sections devoted to construction, decoration and sanitation. Every type of metal work, flooring and building material, wood carving and turning, beautiful pictures, engravings, hangings and draperies, artificial flowers and ornaments, fascinating new methods of lighting, in town and country houses, all types of geysers, stoves and radiators will be displayed.

In the section devoted to ventilation not only will there be all sorts of patent windows, fans, and other devices, but a completely fitted billiard room will be filled with tobacco smoke at intervals, and practical methods for clearing it demonstrated.

Those who take interest in the interior charm of home will doubtless linger in the furnishing sections. There the rich and those of humbler means alike will have demonstrated what art refinement, science and invention have accomplished to make the home beautiful and comfortable. Leading firms will ex-

hibit complete rooms furnished in various styles. Near by there will be a remarkable display of antique and historical furniture—one of the most original ever arranged in London.

But the exhibition will be notable in another direction. Furniture and equipment, such excellent adjuncts, do not constitute a home. Hence the promoters have arranged that all that tends to make home life social—its music and its recreations—shall have place in the foreground of the splendid display. There will be a section devoted to music and indoor pastimes.

Every woman will seek the "baby-land" section, with its model crèche, model ward in a children's hospital, children's furniture and games and toys of every description.

The practical housekeeper will examine with interest the infinite variety of cleaning materials, carpet sweepers, brushes, brooms, laundry appliances, washing and knife cleaning machines.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

"I declare, I don't know what to make of my wife. She'll ruin me a-spendin' all de money there is," declared Jim, when his old employer inquired for Mrs. Jim.

"She do seem reckless about money," continued Jim, with a sober face. "Always askin' me for a dollar, or fifty cents, wantin' money all de time, like I could pick it up in de streets."

"Well, well, that is hard," responded his questioner; "but what does she do with so much money?"

"I dunno. I ain't ever give her any yet."

Singer Talks

5. Important Points of Sewing Machine Construction

- 1 Did you ever consider what the thousandth of an inch might mean in the adjustment of the needle-stroke on a sewing machine?
- 2 Or how many little invisible parts there are which may run well for a month or so in a carelessly-made machine, and then by going wrong render it utterly useless?
- 3 For the perfect construction and thorough testing of these vital details you must depend upon the honor and reputation of the maker.
- 4 The makers of the Singer Sewing Machine enjoy a reputation vouched for by millions of Singer users all over the world.
- 5 These millions of Singer users have *proved* the perfection of the Singer by years of steady sewing.
- 6 The Singer Sewing Machine is built like a watch and runs like one.

Singer Sewing Machine Company

TORONTO
312 Manning Chambers

MONTREAL
633 Board of Trade Bldg

WINNIPEG
304 Main Street

MAGISTRATE SPEAKS FOR ZAM-BUK

Magistrate Perry, of Goldfields, B.C., believes in making a good thing known. Writing of Zam-Buk, the great household balm, he says:—"After a very fair trial I have proved Zam-Buk eminently satisfactory. In my case it cured a skin rash of five years' standing which no doctor had been able to do any good for. I would certainly encourage any person to keep Zam-Buk in his home." The magistrate is quite right. Every home needs Zam-Buk! Unequalled for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, blood poisoning and all skin diseases. All stores and druggists sell it at 50 cents a box. Sure cure for piles.

DON'T NEGLECT THAT SORE!

A Chicago man has just died from blood poisoning arising from neglect of a small sore. Don't neglect a cut, a patch of eczema, or an open sore of any kind. The air is full of poison germs, waiting to start up their evil results in neglected sores, wounds, etc. In Zam-Buk is safety. Zam-Buk is so highly antiseptic that applied to any skindisease or injury it makes blood poisoning impossible. In using Zam-Buk you have three processes going on at once for Zam-Buk is healing, soothing and antiseptic. Try it without delay.

A GENUINE OFFER.

TEST ZAM-BUK AT OUR EXPENSE!

We appreciate the position taken by the man or woman who says:—"If your preparation is what you claim, you should have no objection to letting us try it before spending our money on it." To every person taking this view we say, send one cent stamp (to pay return postage) and name and date of this paper to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, and we will mail you a free trial box of Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is purely herbal, suitable for the delicate skin of little children, yet powerful enough to heal chronic sores of long years' standing. All druggists and stores, 50c. per box, 3 for \$1.25.

Every Home Needs Zam-Buk

"RUB IT IN"

ARTIFICIAL EGGS.

Hard-boiled Variety Made of Many Ingredients.

Food adulteration is becoming a fine art in Paris.

It was shown at a recent lecture before the Academy of Science how white grapes may be turned red without affecting the qualities of the grapes in any way.

"Blood" oranges are also manufactured from the ordinary variety by the injection of an aniline dye contained in a solution of saccharine.

The announcement is now made that artificial eggs are being produced and sold. The eggs are of the "hard-boiled" variety, and are manufactured in the most ingenious manner. The yolk is formed of

JUDGMENT OF SOLOMON.

First Guest—"Hi, waiter, open that window, please. I can't stand this heat."

Waiter—"Directly, sir." (Opens the window.)

Second Guest (a little later) -- "Waiter, there's draught enough to give one a death of cold. Do shut the window."

Waiter—"Yes, sir." (Shuts the window.)

First Guest—"Waiter, are you mad? Why have you closed the window? Open it again at once."

Waiter—"Very good, sir." (Goes to landlord.) "Sir, one of the gentlemen wants the window open, and the other wants me to shut it. What am I to do?"

Landlord—"Do what the gentleman says who hasn't dined yet."

BLAMEFUL.

When the average man fails to make good he begins to look around for some one to blame it on.

Dobson—"There goes Figgers, the expert accountant. They say he's going crazy." Johnson—"What's the trouble?" Dobson—"He's been trying to straighten out his wife's household accounts."

Physical Pain and mental anguish afflict the victims of skin diseases. Not rid of both by using Warner's Ointment on the heated, itching, disfigured face. The relief given is among the wonders of medicine.

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 1c per oz. the best place is

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

BUSINESS BOOK FREE—Tells how you can secure the actual daily working plans, the money making system and short cuts of 112 great, big Business Men to increase your salary—to boost your profits.—SYSTEM, Dept. 152, 151-153 WABASH AVE., CHICAGO.

HOME WORK—WE WANT RELIABLE females to operate our high speed, automatic Knitting Machines at home, who can spare time knitting for the trade, good wages. For all particulars address, THE CANADIAN WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTING CO., Dept. W., Orillia, Ontario.

160 Acre Farm

Integrated, large springs, milk sells to cents quart, excellent for all kinds fruit, mild climate, only one third cash. F. Sammor, Golden, B. C.

The Bell Piano



IS CANADA'S BEST AND IS BRED

by the injection of an amine eye contained in a solution of saccharine.

The announcement is now made that artificial eggs are being produced and sold. The eggs are of the "hard-boiled" variety, and are manufactured in the most ingenious manner. The yolk is formed of a paste containing corn flour, starch and other ingredients. This mixture is rolled to the proper shape and hardened, then encased in albumen.

The albumen is then placed in an egg-shaped envelope of the gelatine, which, in turn, is placed in a shell made of plaster of paris, mixed with other white chalks—and, behold, you have an egg which, outwardly, it is impossible to distinguish from the genuine article.

A Good Medicine requires little advertising. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil gained the good name it now enjoys, not through elaborate advertising, but on its great merits as a remedy for bodily pains and ailments of the respiratory organs. It has carried its fame with it wherever it has gone, and it is prized at the antipodes as well as at home. Dose small, effect sure.

A meeting of creditors is seldom for the purpose of expressing confidence in the man who can't pay ten cents on the dollar.

If you are out of sorts get a bottle of 'Ferrovin' the best tonic, and you will be surprised how quickly that tired feeling will wear off. \$1.00 bottles. All dealers in medicine.

Mother—"Oh, Bobby, you naughty boy, you've been smoking." (Pause.) "Poor darling! Do you feel very bad?" Bobby (who has been well brought up) "Thank you! I'm dying."

It will be noticed in the Singer Sewing Machine Company's advertisement that there are three addresses at the bottom of the announcement. Any one writing will please address them at the nearest one of the three places to his post office.

Tramp—"Can you assist me along the road, mum?" Lady of the House—"Personally I cannot; but I will unchain my dog, and I know he will be most pleased to do so."

These two desirable qualifications, pleasant to the taste and at the same time effectual, are to be found in Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Children like it.

Father, who was conversing with some of his children on "Truthfulness," remarked that, when he was a boy, if he or any of his brothers or sisters told a lie their mouths were thoroughly washed with soap and water. Little Tommy, who was seated in the corner of the room, exclaimed: "Papa, you would soon get used to it."

Window? Open it again at once."

Waiter—"Very good, sir." (Goes to landlord.) "Sir, one of the gentlemen wants the window open, and the other wants me to shut it. What am I to do?"

Landlord—"Do what the gentleman says who hasn't dined yet."

The egotist is the most dependent of creatures; he has only himself to fall back on.

The professor had been quizzing his psychology class, and was disappointed with the result. "Gentlemen," said he, "it has been said that fish is good as brain food. If that is true, I advise some of the men in this class to try a whale."

When going away from home, or at any change of habitat, he is a wise man who numbers among his belongings a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. Change of food and water in some strange place where there are no doctors may bring on an attack of dysentery. He then has a standard remedy at hand with which to cope with the disorder, and forearmed he can successfully fight the ailment and subdue it.

Mrs. Quiverful (to Mrs. Long's servant-girl) — "What do you want?" Servant-Girl—"Mrs. Long sends her compliments, and says would you be so kind as to count your children and see if you haven't got one too many, as our Kitty hasn't come home and school has been closed two hours."

When all other corn preparations fail, try Holloway's Corn Cure. No pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it.

ONE GOOD FEATURE.

"I am not adroit. Each day I do something that makes me worry."
"That's bad."
"Well, each new worry makes me forget the worry of yesterday. It might be worse."

MOTHERS!

Give the Children a Chance.

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box 103, Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

Mother—"Jane, you must choose between the two. Will you marry the man who loves you or the man who can dress you?" Daughter—"Mamma, as an up-to-date girl, I must reply to your question that, although love is a very desirable thing, clothes are an absolute necessity."

A Sure Cure for Headache.—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

bing Werber's Cerate on the heated, itching, disfigured face. The relief given is among the wonders of medicine.

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 1c per oz. the best place is

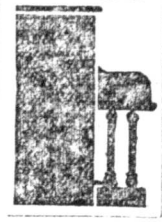
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

The Mild Climate of Virginia

offers splendid opportunities for stock raising, fruit growing, dairy and general farming. Winters are short, climate healthy. Land good and selling below its value, but increasing in value each year. Many Canadians are living in Virginia. Write for information to G. W. KOENER, Commissioner of Agriculture, Richmond, Va.

The third cash. F. Sammer, Golden, B. C.

The Bell Piano



18 CANADA'S BEST AND 13 USED THE WORLD OVER

Bell Organs are also world famed

Send for Free Catalog No. 75 to

The Bell Piano and Organ Co., Ltd., Guelph, Ont.

SHREDDED

Here's a Real Summer Delight—SHREDDED WHEAT

with milk or cream and fresh fruits. Discard heavy foods and try this natural diet for a time and note how your energies will increase and your spirits revive,

NOURISHING WITHOUT BEING HEATING

1053 SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

WHEAT

PANGO

For Neuralgia, Headache, Rheumatism, Pain, Etc.

50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS, OR

THE PANGO COMPANY, - TORONTO.

Wholesale—Lyman Bros. & Co., Toronto and Montreal; Lyman, Knox & Clarkson, Toronto; National Drug Co., London.

A. J. PATTISON & CO.,

33, 35, 37 SCOTT ST., TORONTO.

The Cobalt Silver Dividend paying mines at present prices pay from 7 per cent. to 25 per cent. per annum and are in our opinion a good speculative investment: Crown Reserve, City of Cobalt, Comagas, La Rose, Nipissing, Temiskaming and Tretheway are popular stocks and should increase in price.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

COBALT HAS MADE GOOD

Its silver ore production for 1908 will aggregate over \$12,000,000.

ULRICA

A new Cobalt proposition which involves the development of 43 acres of mining property ideally located in the recognized mineral zone, only two blocks removed from the Great Nipissing. Right of Way and La Rose. Get in at the bottom. This is where the money is made.

We are offering a limited amount of Ulrica at 20 cents per share, \$1.00 par, no personal liability, on an instalment plan of 2 cents per share per month.

Only a few weeks ago we fairly pushed our clients into Temiskaming, Nova Scotia and Crown Reserve from 20 to 30 cents per share. To-day, Temiskaming is eagerly bought at 88, Nova Scotia at 56, and Crown Reserve at 1.77. Figure these profits.

We are investing our own money in Ulrica. Come and go along. Send for map and ask for regular market letter.

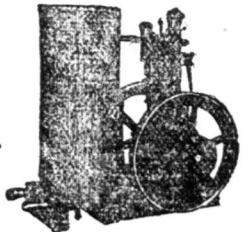
STEWART & LOCKWOOD

BROKERS

18 Adelaide St. E. TORONTO

Members Standard Stock and Mining Exchange

If Every Farmer Knew



how much money he could save by using a Fairbanks-Morse Jack-of-all-Trades Gasoline Engine to saw wood, pump water, grind feed, &c., we would not be able to supply the demand. Cut this ad. out and send to us to-day, and we will send you our free catalogue.

Name _____ Address _____

The Canadian Fairbanks Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver

Black Watch

"Biggest and Best"

Plug Chewing Tobacco

MURDERER DOOMED TO DIE

J. F. Creighton Was Convicted at Owen Sound.

A despatch from Owen Sound says: The trial of James Farish Creighton concluded on Thursday, the prisoner being found guilty of the charges of murdering his wife and step-daughters in May last. The verdict was a unanimous one. In addressing the jury Mr. A. G. Mackay, counsel for the defence, pleaded that he be committed to an asylum for the remainder of his life. The judge, however, summed up against the prisoner, and, after the jury brought in their verdict, said that he would have been greatly disappointed had it been different from what it was. Creighton was terribly affected when he heard the verdict and had to be practically carried out of court, weeping bitterly the while.

At 8.30 on Thursday evening Mr. Justice Riddell sentenced Creighton to be hanged on Dec. 3rd. In giving sentence, he said that the accused had been guilty of one of the most atrocious crimes known to law and he would hold out no hope of Executive clemency. He must seek mercy at a higher tribunal, where it was never refused to the penitent.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$3.50 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.50, on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.30, and strong bakers', \$5.10.

Wheat—Manitoba wheat for prompt shipment is quoted at \$1.00 for No. 1 Northern, and \$1.04 for No. 2 Northern, Georgian Bay ports. For October delivery, No. 1 new is quoted at \$1.02, and No. 2 Northern at \$1, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white is quoted at 93c outside; No. 2 red Winter, 92½c, and No. 2 mixed, 91½c outside.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 38½c 39c outside; Manitoba No. 2 quoted at 44c, and rejected at 42c, Rochester.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 79 to 80c outside.

Buckwheat—65 to 67c outside.

Peas—Prices nominal at 85 to 90c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow nominal at 87½c on track, Toronto, and No. 3 at 87c.

Barley—No. 2 barley quoted at 7c, and No. 3 extra at 55c outside.

Bran—Cars are quoted at \$20 in bulk outside. Shorts quoted at \$22 c \$23 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$1.50 to \$2.50 per bbl.

Beans—Prime, \$2 to \$2.10, and hand-picked, \$2.20 to \$2.25.

Honey—Combs, No. 1, \$1.50 to \$1.75 per dozen, and No. 2, in 60-pound tins, 9½c; No. 1 extracted, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy quoted at \$11 c \$11.50 a ton on track here, and No. 2 at \$7 to \$8.

Straw—\$6.70 to \$7 on track.

Potatoes—65c per bag, and Delawares at 70c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, Spring, dressed, 10 to 11c per pound; fowl, 9 to 1½c; ducks, 11 to 12c per pound.

ern, 12½ to 13½c; Eastern, 12½ to 13½c. Butter—25c in round lots, 26c jobbing. Eggs—No. 1, 19 to 20c; selects, 23 to 24c, per doz.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Oct. 6.—Wheat—Spring wheat firmer; No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.05½; Winter strong; No. 2 white, \$1.03. Corn—Easier; No. 3 yellow, 84c; No. 4 yellow, 83c; No. 3 corn, 83 to 83½c; No. 4 corn, 81½ to 82c; No. 2 white, 82½c. Oats—Steady.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—Wheat—Cash, \$1.00½; September, \$1.00½; December, \$1.00½; May, \$1.03½.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 6.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.01½; Dec., \$1.01½; May, \$1.06; No. 1 hard, \$1.04½ to \$1.04½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.03½ to \$1.03½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.01½ to \$1.01½; No. 3 Northern, 98½c to \$1.00½. Flour—First patents, \$5.75 to \$5.90; second patents, \$5.60 to \$5.75; first clears, \$4.45 to \$4.55; second clears, \$3.50 to \$3.60. Bran—In bulk, \$18 to \$18.50.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—Selected steers and heifers sold at \$4.40 to \$4.65 per cwt. Choice cows were sold as high as \$4 per cwt., and higher in a few special cases.

An improvement was reported in the demand for feeders and stockers, as well as for distillery bulls and steers. Distillery feeders sold at \$2.40 to \$2.75, according to their weights and quality.

A firm market was recorded for milk cows. The best ones sold up to \$65 each. The range for the general offerings was \$25 to \$60 each. Choice veal calves went up about half a cent to-day. The quotations were 3 to 6½c per pound.

Prices were unchanged in sheep and lambs.

Hogs were weak in price at \$6.75, fed and watered, for selects.

C. P. R. STRIKE SETTLED.

Company Will Take Men Back as Places are Found.

A despatch from Montreal says: The big C. P. R. strike, which has been agitating labor circles for the past two months, is at an end. It was settled on Sunday night, and the men return to work under conditions against which they struck two months ago. By the terms of the settlement the men agree to accept the finding of the majority of

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Several buildings at Newburg were destroyed by fire on Saturday. Free postal delivery is being inaugurated in St. Thomas.

Y.W.C.A. collectors at Stratford gathered on tag day \$1,000 in aid of their new building.

Applications for annuities under the Government's plan have already been received at Ottawa.

Toronto's assessment for 1909 aggregates \$223,207,890, an increase over last year of \$15,989,646.

Capt. McAvoy, an old lake navigator, and lately proprietor of the Queen's Hotel, St. Catharines, died on Friday.

The agent of the Manitoba Government says work was found for all who went west on harvesters' excursions.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy denies positively that the C. P. R. is negotiating for the purchase of the Chicago Great Western.

Vito Micolli was sentenced to hang at Montreal on November 27, the same day that "Crooked-Neck" Smith pays the penalty for murder.

Deputy Postmaster-General Coulter sailed on Monday for Australia and New Zealand to discuss with those Governments the question of joint contributions to the all-red line project.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Sir George Truscott has been elected Lord Mayor of London.

Penny postage between Great Britain and the United States is now in force.

Britain's foreign trade for the first six months of the present year aggregated £449,003,000.

UNITED STATES.

Three laborers were killed in a railroad collision near Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

A powder-house near Charlotte, N. C., blew up, killing ten persons and injuring twenty.

Seven persons were drowned by the sinking of a pleasure launch in the Calumet River near Chicago.

Accidents in the coal mines of the United States caused the death of 3,125 men during the last calendar year.

The twenty-four hours' automobile race at Brighton Beach was won by a Simplex car, which travelled 1,777 miles in the time.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Shea of Hamilton, Ont., are in a hospital at St. Louis, Mo., as the result of a runaway accident near St. Louis.

A circus lion escaped near New Brunswick, N. J., and, after roaming over the country all night, was killed by a man with a shot un.

Students at the Kentucky State University sealed a boy up in a box car, and the car was shipped out of the yard. No trace of the boy can be found.

Two members of an auto party were killed and three probably fatally injured when their machine plunged over an embankment at Mahoney, Pa., on Saturday.

The International Congress on Tuberculosis at Washington placed

YOUNG FOLKS

DICKY'S BRAVERY.

"Nonsense!" said Jack, the big brother. "I'm going to sail clear over to Village City; and besides, a small boy is too much in the way in a boat."

"I'll be just like a mouse," pleaded Dicky.

"Just so," answered the big brother. "Isn't a mouse always both-ering round where it has no business to be, and getting hurt, like as not?" Then as he saw the disappointment in Dicky's face, the big brother's heart softened. "Oh, well, then, come along, kiddy!" he said. "But mind, you are to do just as I say."

The big brother was twenty, and there was no more skilful sailor of a small sloop round Sunfish Bay than he. Mother never worried when Dicky was out with Jack; and as for Dicky, he dumbly worshipped his wonderful big brother.

They sailed eight miles across the bay, and Jack made a few purchases in Village City. When they set out for home the wind was dying down, and a slow fog seemed to be creeping in from the open ocean outside.

"But the tide's with us," said Jack. "We sha'n't even be late for supper, Richard the Lion-Hearted." Jack winked at him, and Dicky laughed aloud for pure joy, although what the nickname meant he had not the least idea. He was sailing with Jack, and neither nicknames nor being late for supper bothered him. He watched the black sea-birds sail along so close to the little waves that every now and then they touched—as if they were skipping-stones, Dicky thought. Now and then the sail flapped indignantly against the sheet, demanding wind, but the tide raced them comfortably along. Suddenly, however, they were in the fog, spread like a soiled sheet everywhere over the water. Soon they could hardly see fifty yards ahead of them. "But it's all right, Dicky!" Jack reassured him. "It's only a mile more, and we're close inshore, anyway."

Sunfish Bay is part of a big sound, which narrows almost like a bottle toward the mouth. When the tide goes out, it tears through Sunfish Bay at six or seven miles an hour, pressed on by the great weight of the water behind. Beyond the cottage where the boys lived a small point runs out into the sea, and past that point the waters fairly whirl out through the narrow neck to the open ocean.

As they neared their home buoy, where the rowboat was moored, Jack frowned.

"I've got to make it the first time," he thought. "With no more wind than this, we never can beat back against the tide; we might be carried miles out." So at precisely the right moment he let go the sheet and brought the little boat's head round. He reached over quickly and seized the mooring rope.

But alas! two unfortunate things happened. The sail stuck half-way down; and worse yet, the mooring was fouled somehow, and refused to be hauled in. Jack's eye caught the difficulty at once; the painter of the rowboat had been altogether too

No. 2 at \$7 to \$8.
Straw—\$6.70 to \$7 on track.
Potatoes—65c per bag, and Delawares at 70c per bag on track.
Poultry—Chickens, Spring, dressed, 10 to 11c per pound; fowl, 9 to 8½c; ducks, 11 to 12c per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 22 to 23c; tubs, 20 to 22c; inferior, 18 to 19c. Creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and sold at 24 to 24½c.
Eggs—Case lots, 21 to 22c per dozen.
Cheese—Large cheese, 13¼ to 13½c per pound, and twins, 13½ to 13¾c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 12½ to 13c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$19 to \$19.50; short cut, \$23.50.
Hams—Light to medium, 14½ to 15c; do., heavy, 12½ to 13c; rolls, 11 to 11½c; shoulders, 10½ to 10¾c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 16 to 16½c.
Lard—Threes, 13½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 14c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 6.—Oats—No. 2 white are quoted at 45 to 45½c; No. 3 at 44 to 44½c, and No. 4 at 43½ to 44c, with Manitoba old crop No. 2 white at 47 to 47½c. No. 3 at 46 to 46½c, and rejected at 45 to 45½c per bushel, ex-store. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, \$6; seconds, \$5.50; Winter wheat patents, \$5 to \$5.10; straight rollers, \$4.40 to \$4.50; do., in bags, \$2 to \$2.10; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$21 to \$22; shorts, \$25; Ontario bran, \$21 to \$22; middlings, \$26 to \$27; shorts, \$26 per ton, including bags; pure grain meal, \$30 to \$35; milled grades, \$25 to \$26 per ton. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22.50; half-barrels, \$11.50; clear fat back, \$23; dry salt long clear backs, 11c; barrels plate beef, \$17.50; half-barrels, do., \$9; compound lard, 8½ to 9½c; pure lard, 12½ to 13c; kettle rendered, 13 to 13½c; hams, 12½c to 14c; breakfast bacon, 14 to 15c; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$10.25 to \$10.50; live, \$7.25 to \$7.50. Cheese—West-

past two months, is at an end. It was settled on Sunday night, and the men return to work under conditions against which they struck two months ago. By the terms of the settlement the men agree to accept the finding of the majority of the Arbitration Committee. This is what they refused to accept before. The C. P. R., on their part, simply agree to take back the men as they find room for them on their staffs. They also agree that there shall be no discrimination against the men who went out. The men will lose their pensions and seniority, and many of them will be unable to secure their old positions. The C. P. R. is under contract to retain all of the men they secured during the past two months, but as many of these are not expert machinists it is thought that there will be a gradual weeding out of the recruits, and their places will be taken by the old C. P. R. experts.

STEAMER HUMBOLDT ASHORE.

Survivors of Star of Bengal in a Second Shipwreck.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: The steamer Humboldt, 330 tons, on the route between Seattle and Skagway, is ashore in Active Pass. She struck on rocks off Render Island. The steamer will prove a total loss, but all the passengers, about twenty-five in number, were saved. The steamer had on board eighteen survivors of the ill-fated ship Star of Bengal, which was lost near Wrangel.

ROUNDHOUSE BURNED.

\$20,000 Damage Done to C. P. R. Building at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Fire broke out in the Outremont roundhouse on the Canadian Pacific Railway early on Thursday and resulted in damage estimated at \$20,000. Ten locomotives were in the shed when the fire was discovered, and the employees of the company succeeded in getting six out of the burning building. Three were wrecked by falling timber and fire. One locomotive, standing on the track in another part of the structure, was not damaged.

FARMER'S WIFE MURDERED

Murderer Makes No Attempt to Escape and is Now in Stratford Jail.

A despatch from Stratford says: What bears every evidence of having been a brutal murder was committed on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Wm. Peak, a respectable farmer of Downie, two and a half miles west of this city. The victim was Mrs. Peak, aged 65 years and her alleged murderer is a negro named Frank Runchman.

Mrs. Peak had been left alone in the house while her husband and two sons went to the fields. One of the sons, John, returned to the house about three o'clock to get a drink of water, and found Runchman sitting on a step of the cellar stairs, and his mother lying dead in the cellar, covered with blood, everything indicating that her head had been battered against the cel-

lar floor. The hands and clothing of the negro were also bloodstained. The unfortunate woman had evidently been dead about an hour when found. Peak gave the alarm to the neighbors, then came to the city and notified the police. When an officer returned the neighbors had Runchman tied up, and he was brought here and lodged in jail. He had evidently been drinking.

The prisoner had the day previous just completed a term of twenty days in jail for vagrancy, having been committed from Listowel, and was wandering about the city on Wednesday forenoon. He had on, when arrested, a policeman's overcoat, which he had stolen from the men's quarters here. The negro, Runchman, refuses to make any statement.

Two members of an auto party were killed and three probably fatally injured when their machine plunged over an embankment at Mahoney, Pa., on Saturday.

The International Congress on Tuberculosis at Washington placed itself on record as opposed to Dr. Koch's theory that bovine tuberculosis bacilli did not affect human beings.

GENERAL.

Canada won the international gymnastic competition at Rome. Cardinal Merry del Val, Papal Secretary of State, is to retire.

The bodies of 7,000 victims of the flood at Hyderabad have been recovered.

A French promoter has given Wilbur Wright an order for fifty aeroplanes.

Floods about Hyderabad, in India, have caused the loss of hundreds of lives.

Turkey and Bulgaria are threatening one another, and both preparing for war.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria proclaimed the independence of his State on Monday.

Argentina will make an attempt to obtain admission for her cattle into the British market.

Natives at Hyderabad now estimate the number of persons drowned in recent floods at 50,000.

The defence bill before the Australian Parliament makes provision for the enlistment of 82,000 men.

Twenty British sailors lost their lives in the wreck of the ship Loch Finlas off the coast of Tasmania.

Premier Deakin of Australia has cabled President Roosevelt, urging him to visit Australia on his way to Africa. The President has replied that it will be impossible to do so.

ROBBED POST-OFFICE SAFE.

Burglars at Milverton Blew It Open Sunday Morning.

A despatch from Stratford says: Shortly after midnight on Sunday morning burglars entered the post-office at Milverton, blew open the safe and got away with \$200 in stamps and \$20 in cash. To facilitate their departure they stole a team from the Queen's Hotel stables and driving to Stratford, where they left the horses tied to a tree on a side street, boarded the early morning train for Toronto. It is supposed there were four men in the party, as they purchased this number of tickets. There is no definite clue to their identity.

PARIS GREEN IN WELL.

Man Charged With Attempt to Poison a Family.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Anthony Dacey, of Cantley, is in jail at Hull charged with attempting to poison Mr. Robert Brown, members of his family and other residents of the township. It is said that out of spite he threw a quantity of Paris green into a well used by a number of families.

140 WERE DROWNED.

Steamer Runs Down Ferry Boat in a Turkish Harbor.

A despatch from Constantinople says: A steamship on Wednesday ran down and sank a ferry boat at the mouth of Smyrna harbor. One hundred and forty persons were drowned.

But alas! two unfortunate things happened. The sail stuck half-way down; and worse yet, the mooring was fouled somehow, and refused to be hauled in. Jack's eye caught the difficulty at once; the painter of the rowboat had been altogether too long, and it had caught the centerboard when he had come about. There they were, a hundred and fifty yards from shore, in thick fog and a spinning tide, the sail in a mess the centerboard fouled. If Jack let go of the buoy-rope, the tide would carry them down in an instant. Jack yelled and shouted, but no one heard him. Then, with quick decision, he turned to Dicky.

"Dicky, will you do as I tell you?"

Dicky, wide-eyed, nodded. "Get hold here, then," said the big brother. "Now, Dicky, listen. When I let go, this boat is going to pull awfully hard. She's in the tide, you see. You must hold on. No matter what happens, or how much it hurts your arms, hold tight. Wrap your legs round the tiller, so. Now, are you braced? I'm letting go. Hold!"

Jack let go gently, to prevent any sudden strain on the buoy; but then, with a spring, he was half-way down the boat, working at the centerboard, and the whole strength of the tide was opposed to Dicky. He shut his teeth and hung on. The sloop swung out, then back, like a pendulum; the tide gave it great jerks, which seemed as if they would pull Dicky's arms from their sockets almost, but he would not let go.

Lying face down, he could see only the water racing by, but he heard Jack working and talking.

"Just a minute more, little brother, just a minute more! Hang to it tight, that's the boy! It's all right, Dicky, it's all right!" The big brother's voice was loud and cheerful. At that minute, with a sidewise twitch, the rope squeezed Dicky's hand against the gunwals. How it hurt! The tears came into his eyes, but he hung on. His arms were getting numb, and he could hardly see even the water now. And then—Jack had hold of him, and the rope together, the strain was gone, and he was lying in a heap in the bottom of the boat.

When the sloop was safely moored, Jack turned to him.

"Hard work, kiddy?"

Dicky nodded.

"Why, what's the matter with your hand?"

Dicky held it up, with a raw red line across the back. "I pinched it," he answered. It was into the big brother's eyes that the tears almost came this time.

"Dicky," he said, "if you had let go, we'd have been out somewhere in the sound; and with this fog and no wind, we'd have stood a very good show of being run down. But you're a little brick, and so here we are all safe; and anybody who tells you again that you aren't any good in a boat, you send them to me."

And in spite of the pain in his hand, Dicky was happy.—Youth's Companion.

WOMAN WINS MEDAL.

Takes Highest Prize of British Pharmaceutical Society.

A despatch from London says: For the first time in the history of the British Pharmaceutical Society, the Persian medal, the blue ribbon prize in pharmacy, has been won by a woman. The successful candidate is Gertrude H. Wren.

250,000 Acres at Auction!

RICHEST CANADA WHEAT LAND of THE
SASKATOON & WESTERN LAND CO., Ltd.

To Be Offered at City of Regina
October 12-13-14-15-16-17.

FREE RAILROAD ROUND TRIP FOR BUYERS.

Here are lands that are near railroads, nearly all within ten miles of an up-to-date railroad, to be offered at auction. They have been retailed at \$10 to \$15 per acre, but there are many tracts that would be bargains at \$20. The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., prefers to wholesale 250,000 acres of its holdings in the heart of Saskatchewan, and will therefore offer for sale this number of acres at this important sale.

Who knows but that some of these rich, fertile acres may be yours on a low bid? You do not have to live on this land to get the big bargain value. The market is rising. These lands are a big paying investment for the city man as well as the farmer.

Make your plans to go now. Arrange your business so you can be in Regina October 12, when The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s sale starts. Or go to Regina and get on the land a few days previous to October 12, so as to get acquainted with the great tract and determine what location you prefer. So far as is possible we will accommodate buyers by putting up at any time any special quarter, half or whole section. We supply free maps of every acre we own in the heart of Saskatchewan.

If you desire more complete advance information, send to our Regina office for

Large Map and 90-page Book Free.

Our map shows each and every section we own. It gives you a true picture of our holdings. It shows just how we selected the most fertile and best located acres available in the entire Province of Saskatchewan. It shows how ideally the lands are situated—how near Regina, how convenient to Winnipeg and the grain and stock markets, and the excellent railway facilities. Free. Write for the map to The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Our book is a storehouse of information on Western Canada grain lands. Contains ninety pages, and many faithful photographs of land, crops, homes,

and features of interest in the heart of Saskatchewan. It lists all our property by quarter sections. Free. We want to send it to you. Write for it to The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s office in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s Land is Extra Choice Grain Land. You Get Title From the Crown—An Indisputable Title.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., had the pick of 2,000,000 acres of best Saskatchewan prairie lands. We took in our grant extra choice acres—not all in one continuous piece, but a section here and there, so as to get the most fertile, the deepest soil, ground free from boulders, with best water, near railways—in fact, land ready for the plough, ready to yield the golden harvest and make profits from the very first. Think of it! 250,000 acres of these lands to be offered at public auction.

THE AUCTION.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s auction will be held at Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada. Nowhere else. It will be held in The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s own pavilion—nowhere else. It will be held October 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17. Remember those dates. Don't get there late. Be on hand early. Don't buy under any circumstances, of anyone until the auction is on—no matter what you hear. The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s land is extra choice. Don't take somebody else's word that they have land "just as good."

This land was especially selected—its title is from the Crown. The terms of payment will be the fairest. You will be dealing with a wealthy company that will always stand behind every promise and give you the most liberal treatment you can ask.

The company reserves the right to withdraw any of the lands from sale.

TERMS.

10 per cent. of the purchase price at time of sale, balance of regular first payment of \$3.00 per acre is ten days, remainder in eight equal annual installments, with interest at 4 per cent. Survey fees of 10 cents per acre, payable with last installment, and without interest.

Upon a parcel being knocked down, the bidder shall immediately make the deposit of 10 per cent. of the purchase price with the Clerk of Sale. Otherwise the parcel may be put up again or withdrawn from sale.

One Crop Will More Than Pay For the Land.

Figure it out yourself. The average Saskatchewan yield is: Wheat, from 20 to 25 bushels per acre; oats, from 30 to 45 bushels per acre; barley, from 20 to 30 bushels per acre—and so on.

Free Railroad Fare to Buyers.

Every purchaser of 160 acres or more of The Saskatoon & Western Land Co.'s land will have the entire price of his railroad transportation paid back to him. You buy your ticket on the very low homeseekers' rates all the roads give, and we pay it back. That is an inducement for you to come to the auction and to buy now.

When purchasing your railroad ticket, get a regular railroad receipt from the railroad agent, showing the point from which you start and the amount paid, also the name of the railroad company, the date purchased and the signature of the railroad agent.

Railroad Rates, Excursions, Etc.

On September 29 railways issue homeseekers' excursion tickets for \$25.75 from points in Ontario and Quebec to Regina, Sask. Ask your ticket agent for particulars.

On their fare paid both to and from Regina, no matter whether they hold homeseekers' excursion tickets or regular first-class return tickets. For further information, Hotels, etc., write only to The Saskatoon & Western Land Co., Ltd., Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada. Make our office there your headquarters.

The Saskatoon & Western Land Co. Ltd., City of Regina, Province of Saskatchewan, Canada

82,000 DEFENDERS.

Would Cost Australia £100,000 More, Says Ewing.

A despatch from London says: In the Melbourne House of Representatives, on Tuesday, the Minister of Defence, Ewing, moved the second reading of the defence bill, and said that under the bill the Commonwealth would get, instead of 20,000 men, enlisted under the voluntary system, 82,000, costing only £100,000 sterling more than they are now paying. The main duty of the British navy was to protect the heart of the Empire, and Australia ought to be able to say to Britain: "We have a national guard of 200,000 trained men which will enable us to keep inviolate our island continent while you do bigger work with the navy."

CZARINA STILL VERY ILL.

Nervous Breakdown Shows no Sign of Improvement.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: It is understood that the Czarina's prolonged nervous breakdown, arising from anxiety over her husband and children, has not been improved by her long yachting cruise along the coast of Finland.

100 LATE FOR LOCAL OPTION.

Thirty Petitions in Manitoba Declared Invalid.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A bombshell was thrown into the temperance ranks on Friday, when it was announced that thirty out of thirty-five or thirty-six petitions that have been made in the same number of municipalities throughout the Province of Manitoba, asking to submit the question of local option to the electors at the next ensuing elections, are invalid because they were not filed prior to Oct. 1st.

PINK ROT IN APPLES.

Department Warns Shippers—Large Quantity Condemned.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Department of Agriculture is issuing a warning to apple shippers that pink rot appears to be very prevalent this year, and hence the shipping of apples not perfectly free from scab, and showing any signs of pink rot, is particularly hazardous. Many carloads of fruit were examined at the dock in Montreal on Friday by the Dominion fruit inspectors and were found practically worthless as a result of this pest. The shippers will lose heavily on

C. P. R. FLYER WRECKED

Crashed Through an Open Switch at Mimico Station.

A despatch from Mimico says: Through the apparent negligence of a new switchman and operator at Mimico Station on Thursday night one man was killed, another will likely die, and a third received injuries which, although not of a fatal nature, will disable him for some time. The collision was between the fast C. P. R. train leaving Toronto at 7.15 and a Grand Trunk light engine, which was standing on the siding at Mimico. The engine was about two hundred yards from the switch and the C. P. R. train, which was going at the rate of at least 40 miles an hour at that time, plowed through the ground and struck the tender of the Grand Trunk engine. Engineer John Smith, who was in the light engine, was violently thrown against the side of the cab, but his fireman escaped injury, and there was but little damage done to the train.

Jarvis, fireman on the C. P. R. train, aged 28, single, 97 Mulock Avenue, West Toronto. He is suffering from internal injuries, due to the inhalation of a great amount of steam, his right leg is badly scalded from the hip down, and is also fractured below the knee, and the toes on his right foot are badly crushed. John Smith, 386 King Street west, engineer on the Grand Trunk light engine, had his right leg fractured, his right shoulder dislocated and was bruised about the head.

The accident happened about 7.40, the C. P. R. train being a few minutes late in leaving Toronto Station. This train does not make a stop at Mimico and was going at a high rate of speed when it passed through Mimico Station. The Grand Trunk engine had just come out of the roundhouse and was waiting on the crossing for the C. P. R. train to pass. The crew was

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: It is understood that the Czarina's prolonged nervous breakdown, arising from anxiety over her husband and children, has not been improved by her long yachting cruise along the coast of Finland. Her physicians insist upon her passing the winter in the south, but she refuses to do so unless the Czar and her children accompany her. This is regarded as impossible, but the family fear to tell her Majesty, whose nervous condition makes the thwarting of her wishes dangerous. Her relatives are anxious concerning her.

AGED HIS YEARS.

Death of an Old Colored Resident of London.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: One of the oldest residents of Canada passed quietly away at the Aged People's Home, on Tuesday night, in the person of Rev. Alexander Mans, who had just attained the 118th year of his age, and who was for many years minister of Horton Street Baptist Church. He had resided in and about London for sixty years. For the past four years Rev. Mr. Mans had been an inmate of the Aged People's Home, but up to his death was strong and active. He had no disease, but like an old clock, simply ran down. He was born of slave parents, and grew up in slavery, but when a man of about fifty he escaped and came to Canada.

DEATH BY DYNAMITE.

One Man Killed and Another Injured in Frontenac.

A despatch from Kingston says: An explosion of dynamite near Westbrook on Wednesday caused the death of Harry Smith and seriously injured his brother from Cleveland, Ohio. The men were engaged in blasting, when the dynamite prematurely exploded. Harry Smith, aged 35, received the full force of the charge, dying almost instantly. His brother escaped with his life. His arm was so badly shattered, however, that he had to be brought to the Kingston General Hospital to have it amputated. Both were married men.

TORONTO'S POPULATION.

Figures Show 14,601 Increase Over Last Year.

A despatch from Toronto says: The population of the city of Toronto is now 257,201, based on the Assessment Commissioner's figures. This is an increase of 14,601 over the population of last year, 272,600. Inasmuch as many citizens have been under the impression that the population had gone up to 300,000, the Assessment Commissioner's figures will prove disappointing.

RECORD GRAIN MOVEMENT.

231 Cars Received at Port Arthur in One Day Over C. N. R.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The greatest grain movement so far this year was accomplished on the Canadian Northern Railway on Wednesday, when 231 cars of wheat were received at Port Arthur. The chief officials of the line, who are closely watching the work of moving the great crops down to the lake ports, are highly gratified at the way in which the task is being

that time, plowed through the ground and struck the tender of the Grand Trunk engine. Engineer John Smith, who was in the light engine, was violently thrown against the side of the cab, but his fireman escaped injury, and there was but little damage done to the train.

DIED OF STARVATION.

Man Dropped Dead While Waiting for Bread.

A despatch from New York says: Standing in the "bread line" and clutching in his hand a ticket which within a few moments would have given him the food he so sorely needed, a man of 45, early on Thursday suddenly crumpled up, pitched to the ground and died. He was neatly dressed, but appeared to have suffered from lack of nourishment. The body has not yet been identified.

BRITISH REVENUES DECLINE.

The Year Will Result in Deficit of \$25,000,000.

A despatch from London says: Further evidence of the depression in British commerce and finance is given by the revenue returns from April 1 to Sept. 30. The receipts for that period were £4,481,000 less than during the corresponding period last year. All items, except two, show a decline. It is figured that the year will result in a deficit of nearly £5,000,000.

WOMAN FATALLY BURNED.

Lamp Exploded in Home of Kent County Farmer.

A despatch from Chatham says: Mrs. George Jordan, aged 28, wife of a farmer near McKay's Corners, died as the result of burns received in her home when a lamp exploded on Wednesday. She was almost roasted alive, nearly all her clothes being burned from her body. Her husband and one child survive her.

CANADA'S RICHEST WOMAN.

Widow of Late Robert Dunsmuir Passes Away.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: Mrs. Jean Oliver Dunsmuir, widow of the late Robert Dunsmuir, discoverer of the Wellington coal mines on Vancouver Island, died on Friday morning. Mrs. Dunsmuir, who was the richest woman in Canada, was eighty years of age.

PETERBOROUGH GROWING.

Assessor's Figures Show 491 Increase in Population.

A despatch from Peterborough says: The assessors' figures, which have just been compiled, show the population of Peterborough to be 10,491, an increase over last year of 491. The assessment is \$10,674,962, as compared with \$10,590,462 for last year.

THE SPIDER-WEB FALLACY.

Among the many fallacies connected with "first aids" to the injured is one that it is good to use cobwebs to stop a cut from bleeding. One may thus stop bleeding, but the last state of the man who was losing blood will probably be worse than the first, for, declares Professor Ackermann, in his book on "Popular Fallacies," one could scarcely get anything more likely to

cause blood-poisoning or other disease than the dirt with which cobwebs are infested. He quotes several instances of the harm done by following this spider-web fallacy.

As a small child happened to cut its finger with a sharp penknife, its father endeavored to stop the bleeding of the wound by binding it up with cobwebs, a practise which would be more honored in the breach than the observance. For nearly a month later the child developed typical symptoms of tetanus, or lockjaw. It was proved beyond doubt that the spider's web was responsible for the mischief.

The dressing of wounds with salt or tobacco is equally wrong. These fallacies become so established as to have the weight of truth with

minutes late in leaving Toronto Station. This train does not make a stop at Mimico and was going at a high rate of speed when it passed through Mimico Station. The Grand Trunk engine had just come out of the roundhouse and was waiting on the crossing for the C. P. R. train to pass. The crew was working in the engine and little expected an accident. The engineer was waiting to start along as soon as the express passed and the fireman was outside, which explains how he escaped injury.

many persons, but are not to be treated seriously, although "to unlearn is harder than to learn," even with people who know that in emergencies of this kind cleanliness is of the first importance.

POULTICES.

If for any reason a poultice cannot be put on as soon as it is made, put it between two hot plates and stand it over a saucepan of boiling water; never put it into the oven to keep hot, as the dry heat hardens the outside of it, and it is very likely to chafe the skin. All poultices except linseed meal should be put into muslin bags. Linseed should be spread on muslin, and the meal itself put against the skin, with nothing in between.

PESTILENCE NOW FEARED

Terrible Mortality Reported in the Flooded District of India.

A despatch from Bombay says: At Dewhrol over a thousand persons perished in the floods caused by the recent extraordinary rains. It is feared that the unburied bodies of the victims will cause a pestilence.

The disaster at Hyderabad was one of the most sudden and most appalling in the history of India. It is calculated that 35,000 cubic feet of water struck the city every second the rush of the flood lasted. A dense mass of houses was swept away. One-fourth of the city, where a hundred thousand persons lived,

is now a vast quagmire of black mud, from which arises an appalling stench. In the neighboring village of Chalikuda a thousand houses were destroyed.

There were many heroic rescues by both whites and natives during the catastrophe. Searching for the dead is now actively going on. The workers wear clothing soaked with disinfectants and their mouths and noses are covered because of the bad odors. Elephants are being used to demolish dangerously shattered buildings. The estimates of the number of dead vary. One places it at 10,000.

MEN FOUGHT TO THE DEATH

David B. Reardon Dead, and Thomas Fox Probably Fatally Injured.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An extraordinary affair occurred on Wednesday night as a result of which, D. D. Reardon, a driver for the Electric Transfer Company, is dead, and Thomas Fox, a laborer, residing at 64 Percy Street, is dying. It seems that both men were paying attention to the same girl, whose identity for the present is unknown.

Reardon was walking with the young lady on Wednesday night on Ashburnham Hill, at the extreme end of Laurier Avenue west, in the vicinity of St. Jean Baptiste Church, where the roadway abut-

terminates at a sharp, rocky point, fully forty feet above the street level. Fox had been following the couple, and, overtaking them, he got into an altercation with Reardon, which led to blows and a scuffle, each man trying to throw the other over the cliff. The result was that both men went over, Reardon falling on the jagged rocks, with Fox on top of him. Reardon's skull was crushed in, and Fox's injuries are of such a nature that he is not likely to recover.

When the men commenced fighting the girl in the case, who is reputed to be very pretty, and with many admirers, ran home.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's
SARSAPARILLA.
PILLS.
CHERRY PECTORAL.

The Napae Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 100 per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPAE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPAE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPAE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPAE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPAE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPAE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for

POLITICAL NEWS!

WHAT THE LIBERAL GOVERNMENT HAS DONE FOR THE NATION SINCE 1896.

It is the purpose of this article to show very briefly what the Liberal Government has done to promote the peace, prosperity and general welfare of the Canadian people, and to develop the wonderfully rich resources of the country which are our common heritage.

The Liberal Government has no boasts to make, and is not vain-glorious. It submits its record to the people, confidently believing that calm, dispassionate and careful consideration thereof, will bring about a triumphant verdict in its favour.

There is no doubt whatever that a wonderful change for the better has taken place in Canada since the Liberals have been in office. The Canada of to-day is as different from the Canada of 1896 as day from night.

Marvelous progress in every sphere of industrial activity has been made—and by reason thereof a new spirit has arisen among Canadians—a spirit which means greater pride in their country, and a most hopeful view as to its future development. Abroad, Canada is now looked upon as one of the rising nations. It is the premier colony of the Empire, and is held in the highest respect and admiration by the people of the Mother Country. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the veteran Liberal Premier, has been described as the foremost statesman in Greater Britain.

The Liberal Government has been a working Government; it has been doing things for Canada all the time, according to the best of its belief and ability.

CONDITION OF CANADA IN 1896.

To fairly and properly appreciate what has been done, it is necessary to consider the conditions which prevailed when the Liberal Government took office in 1896. It is no exaggeration to state that the country was then practically at a standstill: business was stagnant; manufacturers were discouraged; farmers were dissatisfied. The Conservative Government had brought disgrace upon the country by fighting among themselves. The Government had stopped doing things. Scandal after scandal of the gravest character were brought to light. The public debt was being largely added to every year, notwithstanding that the burden of taxation was very high. The country was almost rent asunder by religious discord caused by tyrannical handling of a delicate question in the West.

PEACE RESTORED.

The first thing the Liberal Government did was to restore peace—the Manitoba School Question being settled by a skillful, reasonable and intelligent compromise.

Peace having been restored, the Government began to lay the foundations broad and deep of a Great Nation.

THE TARIFF.

The Conservative Customs Tariff, which bore heavily on the consumer, and which was not even fairly arranged in the interests of the manufacturers, was promptly revised.

In their revision, the Liberal Government steered clear of adopting extreme views. Conflicting interests were carefully considered, and the Government arranged their Tariff so as to give all sections of the community a fair show. The farmer was benefitted by Binder Twine, Barbed

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

*Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
St. Catharine's Tears -
Warm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavour*

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have
Always Bought

Bears the
Signature

of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In
Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Stop That Cold

To check early colds or Grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off these early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics. Preventics are little Gandy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child, if there is feverishness, night or day. Herein probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in 50 boxes for the pocket, also in 25 boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggists giving you

Preventics

"ALL DEALERS"

Hon. Bowell's

Opinion

Was Appealed to by Conservative Machine in North Toronto in the Election of 1904 on Behalf of Geo. E. Foster--The

HOW THE LIBERALS HAVE AIDED AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

It would take a very large volume to adequately set forth all the Liberal Government has done to develop the great agricultural wealth of the country. The Hon. S. Fisher, a practical farmer, highly skilled in the science of farming, has been at the head of the Agriculture Department, and he would be a bitter opponent indeed who would not give him credit for doing a vast amount of good work. He instituted a complete equipment of cold storage refrigeration transportation for our perishable products, and it is admitted to-day to be the best in the world.

He also provided for a complete systematic supervision, inspection of handling and transit of Canadian food products from the point of production in Canada to the markets in England.

Result: Our perishable products are placed on the British market in their original prime quality, and their reputation has been greatly enhanced. They also command much higher prices.

Mr Fisher shortly after taking office secured the abolition of the quarantine on cattle between the United States and Canada. The effect was that the glutted market in Canada was relieved, the price of all horned cattle advanced greatly, and from that day to this the market for cattle in Canada has been a good one.

A Live Stock Commission was appointed to deal with live stock production and management.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion from whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. **HANDBOOK on Patents** sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through **MUNN & Co.** receive special notice, without charge, in the

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Canadian Hair Restorer



Will restore gray hair to its natural color. Stops falling hair, causes to grow on bald heads. Cures dandruff, itching, scalp diseases. By its use thin hair grows luxuriantly. Contains no oily or greasy ingredients. Is entirely unlike any other hair preparation ever offered for sale.

A good, reliable Canadian preparation. **Unsolicited Testimonials.**

Edith A. Burke, Missionary H. M. Church, Akhmin, Egypt, and friends, greatly pleased with results after two years' using.

L. A. Hopes, Wilmer, Montana. My hair and whiskers restored to natural color, dark brown, by using Canadian Hair Restorer.

M. Orum, Burgessville, Ont. Canadian Hair Restorer is the best I have ever used.

John G. Hall, New Aberdeen, Cape Breton, Canadian Hair Restorer has worked wonders. My head is nearly all covered with thick growth black hair, original color.

Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. Mailed to any address in the civilized world on receipt of price, 50c. Manufactured by **THE MERVIN CO., Windsor, Ont., Canada.**

Sold in Napanee by F. L. Hooper, T. B. Wallace, T. A. Hoffman and J. P. Lawton, Druggists.

They Flocked Around Him.

It is a fact worthy of comment that no sooner did Foster get his hands on the money of the Forsters than they flocked around him a horde of hungry politicians of the Conservative persuasion. Dr. Montague, Robt. P. Roblin, Attorney-General Campbell of Manitoba, Geo. Fowler, Rufus Pope, Lafurzey, Bennett—all of them dipped into the trough, and Foster raked in the shekels from both ends of the deal.

The McGreevy-Langevin steal will not soon be forgotten. The cost to contractors for work done was \$2,184,290; cost to the country, \$3,138,234; contractors' profits, \$953,975, a large part of which went into the Tory corruption fund. The country was robbed of at least \$700,000 in this deal alone, or seven times as much as the Liberals are charged with in twelve years of office.

The party of purity is doing quite well and whiskey and money were plentiful in Colchester, N.S. The man who found a basket of booze on his doorstep in the morning did not know where it came from, he only remembered supplying the basket.

The Curran bridge was estimated to cost the country \$122,000, it really cost the country \$430,000. There was a clean rake-off here of \$270,000. This by the party who denounce rake-off, but did not hesitate to make it when they had the chance.

In their revision, the Liberal Government steered clear of adopting extreme views. Conflicting interests were carefully considered, and the Government arranged their Tariff so as to give all sections of the community a fair show. The farmer was benefitted by Binder Twine, Barbed Wire, Indian Corn, Cream Separators, and other articles, being placed on the Free List, and by the reduction of duties on Agricultural Implements, and staple goods of daily necessity, notably Coal Oil, and Cotton and Woollen goods. Manufacturers were helped by a reduction of the duties on raw materials, and by a more intelligent grouping and arrangement of the Tariff. The development of the Iron and Steel, and Lead Mining industries were helped by means of Bounties.

From time to time since the first revision changes were made, and in 1906 a general revision took place.

As regards all these changes, the Government kept steadily in view the one object—To deal fairly with the whole people, and not favour unduly any particular section.

Tariff revision is best judged by the results. What are they?

TAXATION REDUCED.

In 1896, under the Conservative Tariff, \$18.28 was the average amount paid upon every \$100 worth of goods imported into the country.

Under the Liberals, the average rates per annum have been as follows:

1897.....	\$ 17 87
1898.....	16 95
1899.....	16 70
1900.....	15 98
1901.....	16 06
1902.....	15 09
1903.....	15 87
1904.....	16 28
1905.....	16 04
1906.....	15 73
1907.....	15 66

If, since the Liberals have been in power, the Conservative average rate taxation in 1896 had been levied upon all the imports, nearly Fifty Million Dollars more duties would have been collected. That is the fair measure of the reduction of taxation brought about by the Liberals.

Mr. Borden has not yet explained how whiskey was sent into Colchester to elect John Stanfield, and labelled "choice tomatoes." This reminds us of the story of "Come along, John, and help us to put down bribery and corruption, we have lots of money."

In the Cross-Wall contract the contractors were paid \$832,448, or \$70,000 more than the lowest tenderer would have done the work for. The contribution to campaign funds out of this steal was \$25,000. How is this for a party of purity?

The original estimate of the cost of the Galopas Canal was \$300,000. The actual cost to the country was \$900,000. This was done by the party of economy.

Tories gave away more timber in one year free than the Liberal party disposed of in twelve years by public competition to the highest bidder.

Was Appealed to by Conservative Machine in North Toronto in the Election of 1904 on Behalf of Geo. E. Foster—The Veteran Premier Speaks Out Plainly.

When Geo. E. Foster was a candidate in North Toronto in the general elections of 1904 his friends in North Toronto found difficulty in getting voters to the polls in consequence of the events of 1896 touching the nest of traitors, in which Mr. Foster and others conspired together to overthrow their Premier, Sir Mackenzie Bowell. A letter therefore was written to Sir Mackenzie Bowell asking that he say something which would help out Foster's candidature. Sir Mackenzie Bowell flatly refused, giving his reason. This letter has never before been published, but it was read by Sir Mackenzie Bowell in the Senate on March 1, 1905, and may be found in the Senate Hansard of that date.

A Darning Document.

Belleville, Oct. 28, 1904.

My Dear Sir,—I owe you an apology for not replying to your letter at an earlier date. The fault is I was out of the city when it arrived, but was reminded of its existence on the receipt of your telegram.

If you will take the trouble to read the reports of Foster's speeches as they appear in the "Globe," "News," and "Mail," I do not think you will ask me to write any such letter as suggested by you.

His answers to questions are absolutely untrue. He told the audience that there were differences of opinion in the Cabinet upon questions of policy which led to his and colleagues resignation. This is not the fact. The reasons given by him in the Commons in justification of his action make no mention of differences of opinion upon questions of policy. The best evidence of which, and of the untruthfulness of his statement, is found in the fact that he and his fellow-conspirators were to come back into the fold without stipulation as to change of policy.

His dragging the Governor-General's name into the discussion is most unwarrantable, knowing as he did, that the Governor-General acted solely on my advice. I have no desire, however, to enter into a controversy upon this subject.

I humiliated myself quite enough by taking them back. It was done in what I considered the interest of the party then, and have regretted it ever since. I do not purpose to repeat by writing such a letter as you suggest. I may be all he and his chums say I am, but I have not yet lost my self respect.

I am content to let him alone to fight his own battles, but decline further to demean myself by asking my friends to put confidence in him which I do not entertain myself.

You will pardon my writing this plainly. I do so believing it best to be frank with friends.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) MACKENZIE BOWELL.

This is the opinion of Foster entertained by his former chief, a Conservative Prime Minister of Canada. What standard of political morality can be expected of a public man of Foster's stripe as an adviser of His Excellency? Foster should retire from the public sight.

When in power the Conservatives bought a piece of land in St. John, N.B., for \$200,000. The owner swore it was worth \$93,401, and the assessed value was \$60,000. At least three prices were paid for this land—This was done by the party of purity.

glutted market in Canada was relieved, the price of all horned cattle advanced greatly, and from that day to this the market for cattle in Canada has been a good one.

A Live Stock Commission was appointed to deal with live stock production and management.

The Veterinary Department was completely re-organized and brought up to a high state of efficiency. A new meat inspection law rigidly enforced has ensured British and foreign markets for us where the inspection is very strict.

Hog Cholera was stamped out in Western Ontario.

Auction sales of pure bred stock were inaugurated.

The efficiency and practical usefulness of the Dominion Experimental Farms has been greatly enlarged. In connection with agriculture the Liberals spent in the last twelve years, \$5,441,607, as compared with \$1,453,274 during the last 12 years of Conservative rule. There has never been a word of serious criticism of this increased expenditure in the interests of the farmers.

BUTTER MAKING IN THE WEST.

Butter-making in creameries had under Conservatives been a failure in the Northwest Territories. Disused creameries there were taken over by the Liberal Government and run by the Department on a system by which, after a few years, they became self-sustaining and were returned to private enterprise. Now, the Province of Alberta has one of the best established butter-making industries on the Continent, and it has completely proved that this very important branch of agriculture is a splendid success, whereas, under the former Government it was conspicuous only by its failure. The result is an additional attraction to the incoming settlers, and an undoubted proof of the varied opportunities for successful farming in that great province. In a minor degree, in some localities of Saskatchewan, the same thing was accomplished.

A Fruits Marks Act has resulted in our getting the start of the United States in the British markets for fruit. United States Consuls in Great Britain have become alarmed over it and have warned their people that they must follow our example or lose the trade to the Canadian produce.

Special attention was directed to our great Cheese trade, and a revolution in the curing of cheese has been brought about by experiments conducted by the Department in cool curing, with the result that higher prices have been secured in Great Britain for our cheese to cured.

A Seeds Branch was added to the Department to promote the use of pure seeds.

Tobacco growing and curing have been developed.

The poultry trade has been greatly stimulated by improving the methods of fattening poultry and packing it for market, and also by improving the methods of transporting eggs.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Little*

Do You Think For Yourself?

Or, do you open your mouth like a young bird and gulp down whatever food or medicine may be offered you?

There is an intelligent thinking woman, in need of relief from weakness, nervousness, pain and aching, then it means much to you that there is one tried and true honest medicine of known composition, sold by druggists for the cure of woman's ills.

The makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for the cure of weak, nervous, run-down, over-worked, debilitated, pain-racked women. Knowing this medicine to be made up of ingredients, every one of which has the strongest possible indorsement of the leading and standard authorities of the several schools of practice, are perfectly willing, and in fact, are only too glad to print, as they do, the formula, or list of ingredients, of which it is composed, in plain English, on every bottle-wrapper.

The formula of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will bear the most critical examination of medical experts, for it contains no alcohol, narcotics, harmful, or habit-forming drugs, and no agent enters into it that is not highly recommended by the most advanced and leading medical teachers and authorities of their several schools of practice. These authorities recommend the ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of exactly the same ailments for which this world-famed medicine is advised.

No other medicine for woman's ills has any such professional endorsement as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has received. In the unqualified recommendation of each of its several ingredients by scores of leading medical men of all the schools of practice. Is such an endorsement not worthy of your consideration?

A booklet of ingredients, with numerous authoritative professional endorsements by the leading medical authorities of this country, will be mailed free to any one sending name and address with request for same. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Foster's Rake-off

Extract From the Evidence Showing That Foster Added 25 Cents an Acre to the Price of Land Bought From Roblin With Foresters' Money and Put It in His Pocket.

WORKED FOR TWO MASTERS

While Drawing a Salary From Union Trust Company He Caused Them to Pay an Extra 25c Per Acre For His Own Benefit.

When Geo. E. Foster made a deal with R. P. Roblin to buy with the Foresters' money 9,920 acres of land he fixed the matter so that the Foresters would pay 25 cents an acre more than the land could be bought for, for the only reason that he was thereby enabled to make a rake-off of 25 cents an acre.

The price offered by Mr. Foster in his letter to Pritchard, the agent for the seller, was \$5.25 an acre, as he put it in his letter.

"With 25 cents per acre as commission, this netting you \$5 per acre."

In his letter of January 5, 1904, to Roblin's agent at Winnipeg, Foster reminded him that 25 cents per acre was to be paid as "commission on sale," and he says "this can be

Who Got the Timber?

Sample Pages From the Records of Interior Department.

PARTIAL LIST OF LOOTERS

When Charging the Liberal Administration With Dissipating the Timber Resources, the Tories Overlook the Records Which Expose Their Own Transactions.

Who got the timber? This is a question often asked in the Tory press, and, often asked in public meeting, but the question is never repeated. The Tories regarded the public lands as their personal property and dealt with it accordingly, as the following record shows. Their rapacity grew each year, and the following record from the books of the Department shows how the shameless demands of their supporters were satisfied:

In 1881—Twenty-one limits were granted; area, 955 square miles.

In 1882—Ninety-eight timber limits were granted; area, 4,642 square miles.

In 1883—Two hundred and twelve timber limits were granted; area, 10,326 square miles, free.

In eighteen years, from 1878 to 1896, the Conservative Government disposed of no less than 29,322 square miles of timber limits, an area equal to 17,766,080 acres—of this quantity 23,987 square miles equal to 15,351,680 acres, were given away without one cent going into the treasury.

Startling Comparison.

Compare this with the record of the Liberal Government. In twelve years, they have disposed of only 6,456 square miles, or 4,131,840 acres; and for this they received the sum of \$71.92 per square mile. In addition to this the ground rent amounts to \$30,000 a year, and there is a stumpage imposed of 50 cents a thousand feet.

In other words the Conservative Government gave away, free, more timber in one year than the Liberal Government has given since coming into power, twelve years ago.

The Liberal Government never sold an acre of timber except by public competition to the highest bidder.

Members of the Purity Party Who Got Timber.

In proof of the statement that the Conservatives divided timber lands among themselves and did not consider the interests of the people, and as further evidence that they have no right to criticize the Liberal Government in respect of the administration of timber lands, the following list will show who got the timber, and be it remembered they paid nothing for it. This was in one year only:

Shields, Haggart and McLaren, 100 miles.

The Haggart mentioned here is Hon. John Haggart, formerly Minister of Railways and Canals in the Conservative Government, and Foster's co-conspirator in the nest of traitors. McLaren was a Conservative Senator.

J. G. H. Bergeron, 50 miles.

Mr. Bergeron was attached to Mr. Borden's party on the recent western political tour, in the capacity of expounder of Conservative purity.

Hon. D. Tisdale, 50 miles.

Formerly Minister of Militia in the Conservative Government.

George H. Perley, 50 miles, Conservative member of House.

Hon. W. E. Sanford, 50 miles.

Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria.

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.
Send postal for booklet.
LEEMING, MILES CO.,
Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada. 307



"Easy Term" Bennett.

Mr. W. H. Bennett of Simcoe has accused the Government of selling islands in the Georgian Bay below their value. This recalls the circumstance that some years ago, when the Conservative Government were in power, Mr. Bennett desired to acquire a certain island. His regard for the public interest was so intense that he made a special plea in writing to the department asking that he be given the land upon "easy terms." Since that time he is known in the House by a certain section as "Easy Terms Bennett."

Tories and Timber.

29,322 square miles granted in eighteen years.

23,987 square miles granted, free, 10,326 square miles divided among Conservative Senators, members of Parliament, defeated candidates, and friends of the party in one year, free.

Geo. E. Foster, the man who talks economy, once had an opportunity of putting it in practice instead of which he spent more than the country had coming in, and borrowed the balance. He did, however, save something, he cut down the wages of the charwomen of the House of Commons. These poor widows often think of Foster who took away from them a few cents a day of their hard-earned money.

The electors should remember that the Crown's Nest Pass land subsidy was given by the Conservative Government of British Columbia, not by a Liberal Government, and the Conservative holders of the charter would do nothing with it. It remained for good Liberals to put in their money and develop the property, and create a great industry in western Canada.

The Postoffice Department ran behind \$700,000 the last year of Conservative rule. In the last six years the surplus has been \$4,282,219, and last year it amounted to \$1,100,000, although \$400,000 had been expended in raising the salaries of postmasters, and \$750,000 was spent in betterments to the service. The postal rate has been lowered and the drop letter rate reduced in cities to one cent.

Aids to navigation placed in the St. Lawrence river have brought about a reduction of insurance rates equal to \$500,000 per annum.

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS.

The best by test—and making themselves a household word because they live out their promises to the letter, give instant relief in all stomach troubles, and absolutely cure Dyspepsia and Nervous diseases. No long tedious treatment, with



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

compels everyone when suffering with headache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweller

"Near Royal Hotel.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60½ John Street
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R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Elkhart General Hospital.
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 317

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.

H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.

Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Town worth every Wednesday.

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.

OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street,
Napanee, Ont.

DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at York and Napanee will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

Lake Ontario and Bay of Quinte
Steamboat Company, Limited.

1000 ISLANDS-ROCHESTER

Steamers

North King and Caspian

In his letter of January 5, 1904, to Roblin's agent at Winnipeg, Foster reminded him that 25 cents per acre was to be paid as "commission on sale," and he says this can be deducted from the cash payment. He said:

"You can send a cheque therefore signed by the vendors in favor of myself."

Mr. Foster actually, in closing the transaction, sent one cheque to the sellers of the land \$9,200, or \$1 an acre cash payment, and another cheque of the Union Trust Co. (of which he was manager under salary) for \$2,480, being the rake-off of 25 cents an acre for himself.

Examine this a moment. There was Foster, the manager of the Union Trust Company, the custodian of the Foresters' money, telling a man from whom he was buying land, "add another 25 cents an acre to the price, and I will pay it, but the money is a commission to myself."

How could an honest man, acting for the company, whose manager he was, compel the company to pay \$2,480 more than the lands could be bought for, just for the purpose of putting it in his pocket? This is the man to whom Mr. Borden has given a certificate of character.

This was an underhand transaction from the beginning. Mr. Roblin secured the lands from the Canadian Northern, a company in receipt of favors from the Roblin Government. The land was held by another party for Mr. Roblin. Mr. Roblin explicitly told his agent to offer the lands to Mr. Foster, and it was understood all the time that Foster was to have a commission on the deal. This was established by sworn testimony before the Royal Commission.

This unsavory deal need not be pursued any further. It is shown that Roblin received land on the quiet from the Canadian Northern.

It is shown that he instructed his agent to offer the lands to Foster, who was to get a commission on the sale.

It is shown that Foster bought the lands at a price fixed on his own recommendation to his own company.

It is shown that Foster added 25 cents an acre for himself, which the Union Trust Company paid.

It is shown that Foster got a cheque of the Union Trust Co. for \$2,480, money belonging to the Foresters.

Mr. Roblin has gone back to Manitoba, disgraced and discredited. Mr. Foster seeks to get into the House of Commons. Will the people of Canada allow this man Foster to be placed in a position of trust over them?

A Sorry Spectacle.

Mr. Borden could not find men in his own party capable of taking the stump with him, so he imported Mr. Roblin, the slanderer, who has returned to Manitoba disgraced and discredited, and Mr. Bowser of British Columbia, he of the profane tongue. While Mr. Borden gives Foster a certificate of character, he declines to appear on the public platform with him. What a sorry spectacle for a party hoping to succeed to the Government of Canada.

The Tay Canal was one of the worst frauds ever perpetrated on a country. This is known as Haggart's ditch. Parliament was informed that the canal would cost \$300,000. Year after year money was asked until \$900,000 had been spent. Someone got in on a steal here of \$600,000, and the canal never produced any revenue. This was done by the conscientious party which says "Put us in power and we will stop the stealing and grafting on the public treasury."

The Esquimaux dry dock was built by the Tory Government and the highest bidder got the job for \$374,559. He was paid \$581,341, and contributed \$27,000 to the Tory campaign fund by way of showing his gratitude. This was done by Foster's party, the purity party.

Hon. D. Tisdale, 50 miles.
Formerly Minister of Militia in the Conservative Government.
George H. Perley, 50 miles.
Conservative member of House.
Hon. W. E. Sanford, 50 miles.
Conservative Senator from Hamilton.

Nicholas Flood Davin, 50 miles.
Former Conservative member for West Assiniboia. Mr. Davin sold this limit for \$400 cash, and never paid a cent of dues or bonus to the Government.

Hiram Robinson, 50 miles.
Conservative candidate, City of Ottawa, in 1896.

Charles Magee, 50 miles.
Prominent Ottawa Conservative.
D. E. Sprague, 50 miles.

Conservative candidate in Winnipeg.

Thomas Marks, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, Port Arthur.

T. W. Currie, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, Ottawa.
Dr. R. G. Brett, 50 miles.

Former Premier Northwest Territories.

Senator Muirhead, 50 miles.
Dr. Montague, 50 miles.

Former Minister of Agriculture in the Conservative Government.
S. W. Monk, 50 miles.

Former Conservative M.P.P., Carleton, Ont.
Adam Brown, 50 miles.

Formerly Conservative member for Hamilton.
Senator Hardisty, 50 miles.

G. H. Badbury, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, Selkirk.

Amos Roe, 50 miles.
Former proprietor Winnipeg Times, afterwards collector of customs at Calgary.

James A. Gounil, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, afterwards postmaster at Ottawa.

Moore and McDowall, 50 miles.
McDowall was Conservative member for Saskatchewan.

McLeod Stewart, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, Ottawa.

Shields, Haggart, McLaren and Nichol, 50 miles.
John Rochester, 48 miles.

Formerly Conservative member for Carleton County.
M. K. Dickinson, 50 miles.

Former Conservative member for Russell.
Joseph Kavanagh, 50 miles.

Prominent Conservative politician, Ottawa.
Jacob Erratt, 50 miles.

Conservative politician, Ottawa.
F. J. Clark, 50 miles.

Secretary Conservative Association, Winnipeg.

How Foster Hedged.

The session before last Mr. Foster announced that he would speak on the financial policy of the Government, charging extravagance in the public service. About this time the pension bill to ex-Cabinet Ministers was passed under which Foster got \$3,500 a year for doing nothing. He promptly dropped his attack. Shortly after the Government repealed the act taking Foster's pension away from him. Foster promptly returned to the attack and charged the Government with extravagance. Foster is only human. He was willing to put \$3,500 a year of the people's money in his pocket for nothing, but he was also willing to drop his attack on the Government as a mark of appreciation.

Pure Innocence.

David Marshall of East Elgin has written a letter to The Toronto News and among other things, speaking of the summons served upon Mr. Hepburn, he says:

"I did not know that a summons had been served on Mr. Hepburn on nomination day until after it was done."

This is delightful. It is quite possible there were others who did not know the summons was served until the event had taken place. The Conservatives do say strange things at times, to explain difficult positions.

Save a household word because they live out their promises to the letter, give instant relief in all Stomach troubles, and absolutely cure Dyspepsia and Nervous diseases. No long tedious treatment, with possible disappointment in the end, but improvement from the first dose—and many a stomach sufferer has proved them so. One who has tested them says: "They're a delightful and positive cure and are filling a long-felt want." They're handy to carry. Take one before and after eating or at any time you feel a symptom of distress in the stomach. Sixty tablets, 35c. (29)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Steamers

North King and Caspian

Leave Deseronto at 4.55 a. m., daily except Monday, for Picton, Kingston and Thousand Island Points. Returning leave Deseronto at 9.55 p. m. for Charlotte, N. Y. (Port of Rochester.)

Tickets and full information from

E. E. HORSEY J. L. BOYES,
General Manager, Agent,
Kingston, Ont. Napanee, Ont.

"My kitchen work is a real pleasure with my new Range. It bakes and cooks so nicely that I can do my morning's work in half the time it took with my old stove, and whether I am using coal or wood it gives perfect satisfaction."



Universal Favorite

The Universal Favorite Range is built right and will stay right. It is guaranteed to cook and bake perfectly with either coal or wood.

MANUFACTURED BY
FINDLAY BROS. COMPANY, LIMITED
Carleton Place, Ontario.

For Sale by BOYLE & SON, Napanee, Ont.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—MR. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee.

All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste A. A. A. etc., etc.

When writing please mention this paper.

NO MORE HEADACHES

Suffered From Constant Headaches—Cured by "Fruit-a-tives" When Doctors Failed.



"I was a sufferer from fearful headaches for over two years, sometimes they were so bad that I was unable to work for days at a time. I took all kinds of medicines, was treated by physicians, and yet the headaches persisted. I was rarely free from headache. A short time ago I was advised to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and I did so with, I must confess, very little faith, but after I had taken them for three days my headaches were easier and in a week they left me. After I had taken a box of the tablets my headaches were quite cured. My appetite was always poor and my stomach bad, and now my appetite is splendid and my digestion is excellent. I had become thin and weak from the constant headaches, but now not only have I been cured of all these awful headaches, but my strength is growing up once more, and I feel like a new man. I have taken in all three boxes of 'Fruit-a-tives.' I am exceedingly grateful to 'Fruit-a-tives' for curing me, and I give this unsolicited testimonial with great pleasure, as I hope thereby some other sufferer of headaches will be induced to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and will be cured."

(Sgd.) B. Cornell, Taylorsville, Ont.

"Fruit-a-tives" is now put up in the new 25c trial size as well as the regular 50c boxes. Write Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, if your dealer will not supply you.

A Slight Difference.

The globe trotter was telling about the wonders of India.

"The scenery in some portions of the country," he said, with enthusiasm, "is incomparable. Far, far away, the mountains pile up toward the sky, and stretching off to them are beautiful valleys, while close at hand you can get in sight of a man eating tiger!"

"I beg your pardon," interrupted an eager listener, "but did you say inside of a man eating tiger or in sight of one?"

All Bound.

A citizen of culture and poetic taste went to a public library and asked for Shelley's "Prometheus Unbound."

He was rather taken aback when the librarian replied, with great hauteur:

"We don't keep any unbound books in this library."

Missed It.

The prodigal son wrote the old man as follows: "I got religion the other day. Send me \$10." But the old man replied: "Religion is free. You got the wrong kind."

The best part of beauty is that which no picture can express.—Bacon.

Settler Got the Land

The Laurier Government Has Placed Men on the Land and They Live There.

BUMPER CROPS THE RESULT

Frenzied Call For Cars to Transport the Grain, and For Men to Assist in the Harvest is the Best Evidence That the Settler is on the Land and Using It.

"How about the land for the settler?" said a man from the audience at a recent Liberal meeting. The question was a most welcome one. The reply cannot fail to be satisfactory to every elector in the country. Let us present some figures by way of comparison.

During the eighteen years the Conservative Government were in power, they gave away by votes to railway corporations

56,087,072 ACRES

During the twelve years the Liberal Government has been in power, they gave to railway corporations

NOT ONE ACRE

During eighteen years of power the Conservatives gave to actual settlers by way of homesteads and pre-emption

9,952,840 ACRES

During twelve years of power the Liberal Government gave to actual settlers, by way of homesteads and pre-emption

35,501,600 ACRES

Altogether the Liberal Government, while not giving a single acre to a railway company, has disposed of 2,000,000 acres otherwise than to actual settlers. This includes the land given to an irrigation company, for which they pay \$1 an acre after they have spent \$1,000,000 in irrigation works, and the 250,000 acres to the Saskatchewan Valley Land Co., which they paid \$1 an acre for, only after having placed actual settlers upon the land.

This surely is a proud record for any Government. When compared with the record of the Conservative Government there is no doubt that the Liberals did better by the settler than their predecessors, and what ere

ORGANIC HEART DISEASE,

Nervousness and Indigestion Relieved in 30 Minutes.

The Rev. Father Lord, Sr., Montreal, Canada, says: "I have been a sufferer for 20 years from organic heart disease, nervousness and dyspepsia and have doctored both in France and America, with but temporary relief. I tried Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure and was indeed surprised at the immediate relief I obtained. I am firmly convinced that it will cure any case of heart disease and will strengthen the nerves and stomach."

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the best. Only 10c for 40 doses. (30)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

dit is claimed for the great prosperity in the west, is properly attributed to the progressive policy of the Liberal Government.

Who Got Homesteads?

Examine the official figures and they will tell the story of the two parties with regard to placing the settlers on the land.

Homesteaders Under Tory Rule.

1879	4,068
1880	2,074
1881	2,753
1882	7,483
1883	6,063
1884	3,753
1885	1,858
1886	2,657
1887	2,036
1888	2,655
1889	4,146
1890	2,955
1891	3,523
1892	4,840
1893	4,067
1894	3,299
1895	2,394
1896	1,857

Total 62,119

This disposes of 9,952,840 acres.

Homesteaders Under Liberal Rule

1897	2,384
1898	4,848
1899	6,689
1900 (six months)	7,426
1900-1901	8,167
1901-1902	14,673
1902-1903	31,383
1903-1904	26,073
1904-1905	30,819
1905-1906	41,869
1906-1907 (9 months)	21,647
1907-1908 (9 months)	25,682

Total 221,860

This disposes of 35,501,600 acres.

Belongs to People.

The public domain of Canada belongs to the people, and the Liberal Government recognizes this. The very fact that the people of the west are crying aloud for more railways, and the people of the east for deeper harbors, extended canals, and more and better shipping facilities, is monumental evidence that the Liberal Government have placed the people on the land, and the public improvements called for are the natural consequences of this in the proper demand for the wherewithal to move the enormous crops which have resulted.

A crop in sight of 120,000,000 bushels, thousands of harvesters hurried across the continent, a frenzied call for grain cars, and steamer accommodation on the great lakes, demand for more and proper elevators, all tell the same story, that the land was given to the settler, and he is making good use of it.

No Conservative should have the audacity to compare the administration of the land under the present Government with the miserable conditions which obtained in years gone by, when under Tory administration it seemed to be impossible to get men to stay on the land. As to its land policy the present Government invites the closest scrutiny, and the more it is examined the better it will look.

Since this Government came into power the immigrants arriving in the country have brought in effects valued at \$67,442,532, exclusive of personal baggage.

D. W. Cummings, 50 miles.
Conservative politician Birtle, Man.
C. C. Colby, 50 miles.
Former member Conservative administration.
Senator Peter McLaren, 50 miles.
Senator Howland, 50 miles.
T. R. Jones, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, St. John, N.B.
John C. Sproule, 50 miles.
Conservative politician, Winnipeg.
Wm. Elliott, 50 miles.
Former Conservative member for Peel, Ont.

ODESSA FAIR.

One of the best fairs ever held in this district was that at Odessa on Friday. This was the seventy-third annual exhibition of the Ernestown Agricultural Society, and it was certainly a grand success. Each year the fair at Odessa is looked forward to by hundreds of people, and Friday's exhibition was a revelation to the oldest inhabitants who had visited the fairs there for years and years. For days before the fair, the energetic committee, under President Daly L. Boice and Secretary-Treasurer A. M. Fraser, worked hard getting everything in shape. The weather was ideal on Friday, and the turnout to the exhibition was immense. The fair was held on new grounds this year, and many thought it an improvement. The grounds were filled with rigs, waggons and automobiles, and in the village accommodation for horses was almost impossible to secure, so large was the crowd.

In the main grounds a large tent was erected, in which part of the exhibits of perishable goods were shown. All the exhibits were well filled and judging was very keen in all branches. The homemade exhibit was the largest in years, many fine tempting loaves of homemade bread and rolls of butter being shown.

The poultry, sheep and cows were exhibited at different places around the grounds. At one o'clock the judging of the horses commenced and the competition in all classes was keen. The draught horses, general purpose horses and carriage horses were all fine animals, and the winners would be hard to beat. The judging in the roadster class, trotting or pacing, shown in harness, was very close.

A few new features are worthy of mention in connection with the fair. This is the first time in seventy-three years than any admission fee has been charged at the entrance. Those in charge thought it was better to charge and get a little money ahead to erect a building. If this had always been done, there would now have been fine exhibition grounds at Odessa. The largest crowd on record was present on Friday.

CLASS I—DRAUGHT HORSES.

Judges—C A Anderson, John R. McPherson.

Stallion, moved last season or owned in the township—C D Brown.

Span horses—F Snider, C W Neville.

3-year-old gelding or mare—P E R Miller, G W Lucas.

2-year-old colt—Dan Lemon.

1-year-old colt—S Hogle, Almon Brown.

Foal of 1908—G W Lucas.

CLASS II—GENERAL PURPOSE HORSES.

Stallion, moved last season or owned in the township—Norman Snider.

Span horses—Daly Boice, J Valentine.

3-year-old colt—F Marsh, Daly Boice.

2-year-old colt—J C Johnston, F Marsh.

1-year-old colt—Daly Boice, J C Johnston.

Foal of 1908—Dan Lemon, Daly Boice.

CLASS III—CARRIAGE HORSES.

Span carriage horses—R McGuinness, Arch Caton.

Single carriage horse—J C Hawley, W H Hunter.

3-year-old gelding or mare—C Sharp, J Valentine.

2-year-old colt—Chas Kaylor, D Boice.

1-year-old colt—C C Montgomery, A E Brown.

Foal of 1908—Fred Montgomery, W Dawson.

CLASS IV—ROADSTER, TROTTER OR PACING.

Span roadster horses—C F Williams, I Hamby.

Single roadster horse—E E Vanalstine, Fred Montgomery.

3-year-old colt—E Kaylor, T A Lewis.

1-year-old colt—J C Johnston, Parrott & Hagerman.

CLASS VII—CATTLE—HOLSTEIN.

Bull, any age—I Hamby, Jno Valentine.

Cow—I Hamby, Jno Valentine.

2-year old heifer—I Hamby, K J Valentine.

Yearling heifer—Jno Valentine, I Hamby.

Heifer calf, under 1 year—I Hamby, Jno Valentine.

CLASS VIII—GRADE CATTLE

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time, No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Barnockburn and Tamworth to Napanee, Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Table with 4 columns: Stations, Miles, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4. Rows include Brantford, Deseronto, and various intermediate stops.

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Conservative politician, St. John, N.B. John C. Sproule, 50 miles. Conservative politician, Winnipeg. Wm. Elliott, 50 miles. Former Conservative member for Peel, Ont. D. H. McDowall, 50 miles. Former Conservative member, Saskatchewan. John M. Farrow, 50 miles. Former Conservative member, West Huron. W. B. Scarth, 50 miles. Former Conservative member for Winnipeg. H. Robillard, 50 miles. Former Conservative member for Ottawa. Wm. Richardson, 50 miles. Former Conservative M.P.P., Leeds. Walter Beatty, 50 miles. Former Conservative member, Leeds. H. A. Ward, 50 miles. Conservative member East Durham. N. F. Patterson, 50 miles. Conservative politician, North Ontario. Thomas Birkett, 50 miles. Conservative candidate, Ottawa. Can any elector read this and feel satisfied to place in the hands of such men the government of the country so that ducks and drakes can be made of the natural resources? How Bennett Wasted Public Money. Mr. W. H. Bennett of Simcoe is one of the loudest and most virulent denouncers of the Government. His specialty is dredging. When the Hon. Mr. Pugsley, Minister of Public Works, saw it would be to the advantage of the Government to continue certain dredging contracts at last year's prices Mr. Bennett objected, alleging that this was a graft and a waste of public money. Mr. Pugsley thereupon called for tenders, and the consequence was that the Government will pay this season \$250,000 more for dredging than would have been the case had Mr. Bennett not interfered. Reid Failed to Prove It. Dr. Reid of Grenville, the man who and more goods were purchased for the "Arctic" than would go on board, and who failed to prove his case when a special committee was appointed, is telling the people of his constituency to elect him for God's sake, for he will become Minister of Marine and Fisheries in Mr. Borden's Cabinet. This is very amusing to those who know the qualifications which a minister of the crown must possess, but it is likewise embarrassing and annoying to Mr. Borden, who has already promised the job. Hon. Mr. Foster is crying aloud for some one to speak with him on the public platform. He should remember that there may be those who feel like Sir Mackenzie Bowell did when he intimated to Mr. Foster (who had addressed a remark to him on the train) that he did not desire to have anything to do with him. Quite Enough. "I should think you'd go slow," said the cautious friend. "You know, as Lincoln said, 'you can fool all the people some of the time and some of the people all the time.'" "That's all right," interrupted the sharper, "but I find it's always possible to fool enough of the people enough of the time." And Some Hard Words. "When a woman packs a trunk she puts her soul into the task." "And when a man packs a trunk he puts his feet into it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer. Ill founded enmities are ever the most obstinate.—Retz.

HOUSE WORK



Thousands of American women in our homes are daily sacrificing their lives to duty. In order to keep the home neat and pretty, the children well dressed and tidy, women overdo. A female weakness or displacement is often brought on and they suffer in silence, drifting along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have help to overcome the pains and aches which daily make life a burden. It is to these faithful women that

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

comes as a boon and a blessing, as it did to Mrs. W. Barrett, of 602 Moreau St., Montreal, who writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

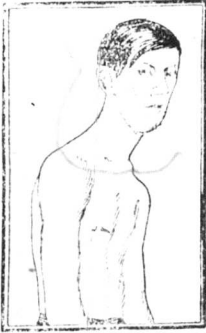
"For years I was a great sufferer from female weakness, and despite every remedy given me by doctors for this trouble, I grew worse. "One day a friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and am thankful to say that it made me strong and well."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

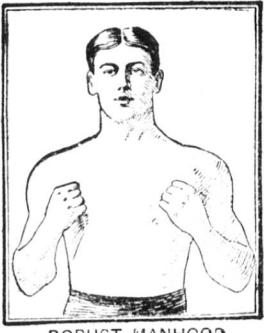
For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it? Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Nervous, Diseased Men

DRS. K. & K. ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS



A NERVOUS WRECK



ROBUST MANHOOD

Consultation FREE. Question Blank for Home Treatment sent FREE. Reasonable Fees for Treatment

We Guarantee to Cure all Curable Cases of Stricture, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Blood Poisons, Vital Weaknesses, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, and all Diseases Peculiar to Men and Women.

Don't waste your time and money on cheap, dangerous, experimental treatment. Don't increase at your own cost your sufferings by being experimented on with remedies which they claim to have just discovered. But come to us in confidence. We will treat you conscientiously, honestly and skillfully, and restore you to health in the shortest possible time with the best medicine, discomfort and expense practicable. Each case is treated as the symptoms indicate. Our New Method is original and has stood the test for twenty years.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY Cor. Michigan Ave., and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

Sow, 1908, Yorkshire—S G Hogle, 1st and 2nd.
Sow, 1908, Berkshire—W H Frink, W Dawson.

CLASS X—SHEEP Coarse Wool.

Ram—C W Neville, Jno Valentine.
Ram of 1908—C W Neville, Jno Valentine.
Ewe—Jno Valentine, W Dawson.
Shearling ewe—Jno Valentine, C W Neville.
Ewe of 1908—C W Neville, Jno Valentine.
Shearling ram—Jno Valentine, C W Neville.

CLASS XI—SHEEP Fine Wool.

Ram—W Dawson, J F Dawson.
Shearling ram—J F Dawson, 1st and 2nd.
Ram of 1908—W Dawson, S G Hogle.
Ewe—W Dawson 1st and 2nd.
Shearling Ewe—J F Dawson 1st and 2nd.

Ewe of 1908—J F Dawson 1st and 2nd.

CLASS XII—POULTRY.

Pair buff orpingtons—F Marsh, D L Boice.
Pair brahmas—F Marsh, Daly Boice.
Pair plymouth rocks—Daly Boice, F Marsh.
Pair white leghorns—D L Boice, F Marsh.
Pair ducks—I Hambly, D L Boice.
Pair turkeys—F Marsh, Daly Boice.
Pair geese—Daly Boice 1st and 2nd.
3 hens and 1 rooster—I Hambly, R J Valentine.
Pair brown leghorns—R J Valentine, F Marsh.
Pair black minors—F Montgomery, I Hambly.
Pair wyandottes—C W Neville, I Hambly.

CLASS XIII—GRAIN SEED.

Judge—A Rankin.
Bushel spring wheat—Daly Boice.
Bushel fall wheat—C W Neville, P E R Miller.
Bushel rye—Elgin Parrott.
Bushel barley—Jno Valentine.
Bushel peas—P E R Miller, Jno Valentine.
Bushel oats, white—W M Clark.
Bushel buckwheat—W M Clark.
Half bushel clover seed, 1908—Elgin Parrott, C W Neville.
Bushel timothy seed—Chas Kayler.
Peck beans—F Walsh, R W Aylsworth.
Rick corn, even 1 doz ears—Almon Brown, W M Clark.
1 doz evergreen corn—Clarence Sharp.

CLASS XIV—DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Judge—Thos Sproule.
Cheese, not less than 10 lbs—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Exhibit honey, extracted—R McGuinness, R W Aylsworth.
Quart, or over, maple syrup, in glass jar—J C Johnston, P E R Miller.
5 lbs maple sugar—P E R Miller, R McGuinness.
Half dozen hen's eggs, by weight—W M Clark.
Butter, not less than 3 lb roll—R W Aylsworth, J C Johnston.
Loaf bread—R McGuinness, Elgin Parrott.

CLASS XV—VEGETABLES, FRUITS AND ROOTS.

Half bushel potatoes—T C Graham, Ed Kayler.
Half bushel turnips—C Sharp, E Parrott.
Half bushel carrots—C Sharp, D Boice.
Half bushel table beets—C C Montgomery, Daly Boice.
Half bushel onions—R McGuinness.
2 heads cabbage—Jno Hagerman, Daly Boice.
Plate of 5 Northern spy—C W Neville, W M Clark.
Plate of 5 talman sweet—F Marsh, Jno Hagerman.
Plate of 6 pears—Chas Kayler, P E R Miller.
Collection plums—R W Aylsworth.
Collection grapes—R W Aylsworth, R McGuinness.
Dozen red peppers—R W Aylsworth, S Hogeboom.
Variety tomatoes—J C Johnston, R W Aylsworth.
Collection vegetables and roots—F Marsh.
Collection of fruit—C W Neville.
Plate of 5 russet apples—J C Johnston, W M Clark.
Plate of 5 snow apples—Daly Boice, S Hogeboom.
Plate of 5 bell flower apples—C W Neville.

Painting in water colors—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Fascination crochet—P E R Miller, R McGuinness.
Crochet tidy—R W Aylsworth, R McGuinness.

Painting on china—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Painting in Oil—R W Aylsworth, J C Johnston.
Collection three pictures—C W Neville, R W Aylsworth.
Hair pin work—R W Aylsworth, W M Clark.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Wm Marshall, Kingston, \$5 00, for best single carriage horse—J C Hawley.
McCue Bros, Kingston, \$5.00 for matched pair roadster horses—R H McGuinness.
Bigney & Hickey, Kingston, \$5.00 for draft stallion—C D Brown.
Sam Harkness, Kingston, a box of cigars for mare and colt—S G Hogle.
Saunders Bros, Kingston, single roadster horse—H Hunter.
Abernethy shoe store, Kingston, a pair of shoes for yearling roadster colt—J C Johnston.

Geo. Mills & Co, Kingston, a Waverly hat, for 2-year-old roadster colt—C Kaylor.
O R Perry, Kingston, for 3-year-old general purpose colt—F Marsh.
Alex Tyo, Kingston, horse under saddle, speed considered—Ed Kaylor.
James McFarland, Kingston, for single horse—Ed Kaylor.

C A Wiseman, Napanee, Heavy wool lap rug, for best 3 lbs. butter made by a Melotte Separator—J C Johnston.
M S Madole, Napanee, a coffee pot for double turnout, driven by lady—I Hambly.
Harry Hunter, Napanee, for mare and foal, any breed—G W Lucas.

S J Sproule, Dominion House, Odessa, for team, speed considered. 1st \$3.00; 2nd \$2.00—Ed Kaylor, C F Williams.
Beaupre's liquor store, Kingston, for 2-year-old general purpose colt—J C Johnston.

J L Boyes, Napanee, a hat for single driving horse—C Sharp.
Norman Snider, Odessa, for the best foal by his horse. 1st, \$3.00; 2nd, \$2.00—Almon Brown, G W Lucas.

F W Coates, Kingston, \$2.00 in value, for the best pair of plymouth rock pullets—C Sharp.

Geo Thompson, Kingston, \$3.00 for exhibitor taking most prizes on poultry—F Marsh and Daly Boice, tie.

T B Wallace, Napanee, \$2.00 in value for best pair dressed ducks—I Hambly.
Cora Horne, Kingston, \$2.00 for the best collection of poultry—F Marsh.

Geo Jenman, Kingston, \$2.00 for the best pair dressed ducks—I Hambly.
Boyle & Son, Napanee, \$2.00 in value for best pair dressed chickens—Daly Boice.

Haines' shoe store, Napanee, a pair of boots for best pair dressed ducks—I Hambly.

E J Pollard, Proprietor Napanee Express—The Express one year for best loaf of bread, J C Johnston.

Smith's jewelry store, Napanee, \$2.00 in value for best 3 lb. roll of butter—J C Johnston.

John McKay, fur store, Kingston, \$3.00 for the best dressed turkey, and \$2.00 for the best 3 lb. roll butter—W M Clark.

Templeton & Son, proprietors of the Napanee Beaver, Napanee, the Beaver for one year for the best pumpkin—W M Clark.
The Beaver for one year for best six Northern Spy apples—F Montgomery.

Graham & Vanslatyna, Napanee, a hat for the best half bushel potatoes—J C Johnston.

W J Normile, Bicycles, Napanee, a bugle horn for the best half bushel potatoes—J C Johnston.

James Reid, undertaker, Kingston, one rocker, for the best collection of ladies' fancy work—P E R Miller.

Rooney & Co, gents' furnishing, Kingston, a hat for the best collection of pictures—R McGuinness.

G H Remion, Merchant, Odessa, for the best dressed turkey, to become the property of the donor—R W Aylsworth.

Chinnack's jewelry store, Napanee, for the best dressed duck—I Hambly.

Mr. H Taylor, Campbell House, Napanee, for the best picture, water or oil, nature study, amateurs only—R McGuinness.

The Northern Crown Bank, Odessa, for the best penmanship. 1st grade 10 lines—R McGuinness, 2nd, B Clark; 2nd grade, 15 lines, 1st—R McGuinness; 3rd grade, 15 lines—R McGuinness; 4th grade, 20 lines. 1st \$1.00—R McGuinness.

Amherst Island Fair.

The Amherst Island Fair was held at Suella on Tuesday of last week. Owing to the storm on the lake the Kingstonians who were coming were disappointed. Judging commenced on the arrival of the steamer Aletha, which brought strangers from the western bay ports. The weather was not all that could be desired, and a heavy shower in the forenoon interfered with the judging of the stock, but cleared up in the course of the day. There was a good competition in horses, especially among the young colts. The cattle were in good condition, notwithstanding the long drought, and the sheep were more numerous than formerly. Several flattering remarks were passed on the display of roots and hoed crops, which were excellent. Mr. Fowler snowed some very large squash, which would have beaten anything at the Toronto fair.

The ladies made a fine show of their work, both in the ornamental and useful articles and gave the lady judges a difficult task to decide which articles were worthy of most merit.

The members of the English church had a busy day as they provided the lunch, and had the tables loaded with everything to satisfy the most fastidious tastes.

The following kindly contributed to our funds this year:

Mr. Smith gave a bread plate, value \$3, to the winner of first prize on best assortment of work, six different articles.

Mr. Bateman, \$1.00, which goes to the winner of first prize given 3-year-old colt for general purpose.

Mr. Abernethy, \$2.00, for heavy draught team; Henry Hunter, two bushel of choice oats to winner of prize given on general purpose team. To the winner of prize single horses in harness goes Mr. Carscallen's prize of \$5.00.

Team of roadsters Mr. Wilson's prize of \$5.00.

Mr. Hambly \$5.00 to the successful winner of cattle, or sheep, or pigs, in addition to their ordinary prizes awarded by the society.

Mr. Hunter gives one bushel of oats to the winner of best selection of seeds or grain.

To the winner of the greatest number of prizes in roots and hoed crops. Mr. Hareman gives a \$4 table.

Lemmon & Son, \$2.50 for best crock of butter.

Mr. McKelvey, \$2 for butter in prints.

PRIZE LIST.

HORSES—HEAVY DRAFT AND GENERAL PURPOSE.

Judges—Mr. Johnston, Chas Hawley, m Heavy Draft Stallion, A E Howard.
Suckling colt—Samuel Miller, W Glenn, Jr., A E Howard.

Mare and colt—A E Howard, Wm Glenn, Jr., S Patterson.

Yearling colt, general purpose—A Burly, Robt Marshall, A E Howard.

2-year-old colt, general purpose—A E Howard, W H Preston, Robt Filson.

3-year-old colt, general purpose—Mrs Bray, Wm Fleming, W A Scott.

Suckling colt, heavy draught—John Richards.

Mare and colt, heavy draught—John Richards.

Yearling colt—A E Howard, John Glenn, Wm Cochrane.

2-year-old colt, heavy draught—W H Preston, Samuel Miller, Geo Balch.

3-year-old colt—Wm Glenn, Sr., W A Scott, Allan Hitchins.

Heavy draught team—S Patterson, W H Preston, Wm Cochrane.

General purpose team—E Fleming, A E Howard, Robt Filson.

CLASS II—ROADSTER HORSES.

Judges—Mr. McPherson, Mr. Alfred Arney.

Single horse in harness—S Miller, J E Lindsay, Harry Reaubien.

Team of carriage horses—John Richards.

Mare and colt—Fred Richards, W H Preston, David Smith.

Suckling colt—Murray Willard, Fred Richards, W H Preston.

Yearling colt—Mrs Bray, Wm Glenn, Sr. Henry Filson.

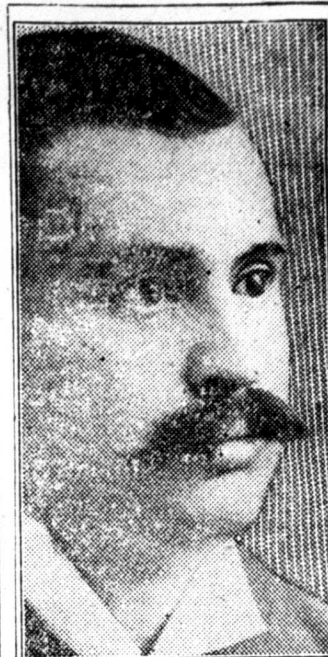
2-year-old colt—D Coughy, J Richards, W H Moutray.

3-year-old colt—W H Preston, Mrs Bray.

CLASS III—CATTLE (GRADE)

Judges—Mr. Hunter, Mr. Wm Miller.

Mr. L. A. Cole, Assistant Manager Hotel Victoria, Quebec, Canada, writes a letter to the Peruna Drug Mfg. Co., given below:



MR. L. A. COTE.

AFTER USING PE-RU-NA I AM COMPLETELY CURED

Mr. L. A. Cole, Assistant Manager Hotel Victoria, Quebec, Can., writes:

"I suffered with catarrh for about eight years, and have tried many physicians or specialists for this sickness, and never obtained any relief. It was only after using your Peruna medicine that I began to get better. I have used ten bottles up till now, and am glad to say that I am completely cured. I am glad to let the public know it. A good thing is never too dear."

We have on file many testimonials like the one given here. Probably no other physician in the world has received such a volume of enthusiastic letters of thanks as Dr. Hartman for Peruna.

Six white turnips—Wm. J Fleming, S Miller, D Finnegan.

Six yellow turnips—H Hitchins, A E Howard, D McDonald.

Two pumpkins—G Balch, R Marshall, Wm. Glenn, sr.

Six yellow mangolds—Wm. J Fleming, D Finnegan, Wm. Finnegan.

CLASS XI

Twelve Tomatoes—S Miller, J Marshall, J Richards.

Twelve fall apples—Wm. Finnegan, Wm J Fleming, D Finnegan.

Twelve wonder apples—Capt Glenn, Wm Finnegan, S Miller.

Six long beets—R Glenn, Wm J Fleming, Wm. Glenn, jr.

Turnip beets—S Patterson, D Finnegan, Wm J Fleming.

White cabbage—Wm J Fleming, W Glenn, jr., R Marshall.

Twelve onions—R A Fowler, Wm Cochrane.

Ten pears—R A Fowler.

Twelve parsnips—D Finnegan, Wm Finnegan, Wm J Fleming.

Twelve garden carrots—R Glenn, Wm J Fleming.

Honey—Wm McMaster, R W Cumberland.

CLASS XII—LADIES DEPARTMENT.

Judges—Mrs. W C Wright, Mrs. Wm. Nichols.

Painting on velvet—R W Cumberland.

Water color—Rev Porter.

Pencil drawing—Ed Fleming, A Burley, S Miller.

Wholly tomatoes—J C Johnston, R W Aylsworth.
Collection vegetables and roots—F Marsh.
Collection of fruit—C W Neville.
Plate of 5 russet apples—J C Johnston W M Clark.
Plate of 5 snow apples—Daly Boice, S Hogeboom.
Plate of 5 bell flower apples—C W Neville, J C Johnston.
Plate of 5 St Lawrence apples—F Montgomery, J C Johnston.
Two heads cauliflower—J C Johnston.
Squash—Geo Ferguson, Daly Boice.
Pumpkin—W H Frink, W M Clark.

CLASS XVI—WAGONS, CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.

Judge—J F Madden.
Market spring wagon—Chas Decker, E O Clark.
Lumber wagon—E O Clark, T A Lewis.
Top buggy—H Jones, E O Clark.
Family carriage, with or without top—A P S Donaldson.
Single carriage harness—E O Clark.
Single carriage harness, hand made—B King.
Double carriage harness, hand made—H Jones.

Double carriage harness—B Yeomans.
Lumber harness—E O Clark.

CLASS XVII—GENERAL MANUFACTURES.

Judges—Mrs C A Anderson, Mrs C Kaylor.
Wool shawl—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Knit bedspread—R W Aylsworth, F Montgomery.
Crochet bedspread—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Pieced bedspread—C C Montgomery, R W Aylsworth.
Pair mitts—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Pair socks—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Coverlet, homemade—P E R Miller, W H Daugherty.
Quilt—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Floor mat—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.

CLASS XVIII—LADIES' WORK, ETC.

Sofa pillow, embroidered in silk—R W Aylsworth, R McGuinness.
Sofa pillow, embroidered in cotton—P E R Miller, R McGuinness.
Sofa pillow, Battenberg—R McGuinness, R W Aylsworth.
Sofa pillow, any other kind—B Yeomans, R W Aylsworth.
Centre piece, embroidery—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Centre piece, lace—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Centre piece, any other kind—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Collection of doilies, any kind—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Toilet mats—R McGuinness, P E R Miller.
Table mats—R W Aylsworth, 1st and 2nd.
Tea cosy—R W Aylsworth, 1st and 2nd.
Sideboard cover—R McGuinness, R W Aylsworth.

Pillow shams—R McGuinness, P E R Miller.
Tray or carving cloth—P E R Miller, Rodney Peters.
Tatting—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Outline work—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.

Berlin wool work—R McGuinness, P E R Miller.
Crochet slippers, wool—P E R Miller, J C Johnston.
Crochet lace, wool—R W Aylsworth.
Crochet lace, cotton—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Knitted lace—R McGuinness, R W Aylsworth.

Waist decorations—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Collections 3 collars, fancy, needle work—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.
Fancy handkerchief—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.

Roman embroidery—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.
Teneriffe or Brazilian point—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth.

Display house plants—J C Johnston.
Bouquet flowers—J C Johnston.
Five o'clock table cover—R W Aylsworth, R McGuinness.

Hand painted table cover—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller.

For the best picture, water or oil, nature study, amateurs only—R McGuinness.

The Northern Crown Bank, Odessa, for the best penmanship. 1st grade 10 lines—R McGuinness, 2nd, B Clark; 2nd grade, 15 lines, 1st—R McGuinness; 3rd grade, 15 lines—R McGuinness; 4th grade, 20 lines, 1st \$1.00—R McGuinness.

Roblin In the Deal

Sold Land to Foster Which Was Paid For by the Money of the Widows and Orphans of the Foresters—Foster Raked in a Commission on the Side.

Mr. Roblin's anxiety to help a cause with which Hon. Geo. E. Foster is connected may be explained on grounds of ordinary gratitude. Roblin got his hands on \$50,000, being the price of sale of 9,920 acres at \$5 an acre, money provided by the Foresters, and dealt out by Mr. Foster with such a lavish hand where his friends were concerned.

This is a case in which Foster swiped a concealed commission on the side of \$2,480 for himself. He had just concluded a deal in which Mr. Campbell, Attorney-General of Manitoba, was concerned, and out of that Foster got his hands on \$5,000 illegal commission. In the Roblin deal he only got \$2,480 on the side. Roblin had to do something for his friends who found him the money for his lands.

Mr. Roblin would do well to return to the west, his methods may be better understood there, in this part of the country we give the cold shoulder to a liar and a slanderer.

The cry from New Brunswick (where \$25,000 had been sent by Conservatives into one constituency), to repeat the dose, reminds one of the famous telegram of Sir John Macdonald, to Hugh Allan, "Send along another ten thousand; last time of asking."

The Tory party when in power gave away enough land to railway corporations to supply homesteads for 415,000 people, and take care of a population of 2,000,000. They are the ones who are crying aloud "the land for the settler."

What will Col. Sam Hughes say about that great Tory scandal, the Ross rifle. It may be they are as much mistaken in other matters as in this one.

The Liberal Government has never given an acre of land to a railway corporation since coming into power twelve years ago.

The Liberal Government gave four times as many homesteads in twelve years as the Tories gave in eighteen years of office.

No Change.

"Do you think the world is growing worse?"

"Dunno as 'tis," responded the old man. "They're tellin' the very fish stories I heard when I was a boy."

Had we not faults of our own we should take less pleasure in complaining of others.—Fenelon.

Those beautiful lamps at Boyle & Son's are cheaper than any they have had, new up to date decorations. BOYLE & SON.

Richards, W H Preston.

Yearling colt—Mrs Bray, Wm Glenn, Sr. Henry Filson.
2 year-old colt—D Caughey, J Richards, W H Montray.
3 year-old colt—W H Preston, Mrs Bray.

CLASS III—CATTLE (GRADE).

Judges—Mr. Hunter, Mr. Wm. Miller.
Bull calf of 1908—Mrs Wm McMaster.
Heifer calf of 1908—Alf Filson, Henry Filson, Mrs McMaster.
Yearling bull—S K Tugwell.
2 year-old bull—John Richards.
Aged bull—R Kilpatrick, Samuel Miller.
Yearling heifer—Fred Richards, Henry Filson, Wm Cochrane.
Milk cow—A E Howard, R Filson, S K Tugwell.

CLASS IV—THOROUGHBRED CATTLE.

Judges—Mr. Hunter, Mr. Wm. Miller.
Ayrshire milk cow—Henry Filson, W H Montray, E Fleming.
Holstein bull, aged—Henry Filson.
Yearling jersey—R W Cumberland, W H Preston.
2 year-old Durham bull—A E Howard, W H Preston.

CLASS V—LONG WOOLED SHEEP.

Judges—Mr. Buck, Mr. Aylsworth.
Ram of 1908—Wm McMaster, W A Scott.
Ram, 2 shears and over—Wm McMaster, W H Preston.
Ewe lamb of 1908—John Richards, W A Scott, Wm Richards.
Yearling ewe—John Richards, Wm McMaster, Wm Richards.
Ewe, two shears and over—Wm Jas Fleming, John Richards, W A Scott.
Extra for best pen of sheep—J Richards.

CLASS VI—SHORT WOOLED.

Ram of 1908—Wm Jas Fleming, W A Scott.
Yearling ram—Henry Filson, A E Howard, W A Scott.
Ram, two shears and over—Wm Jas Fleming.
Ewe of 1908—Henry Filson, Wm Jas Fleming, W A Scott.
Yearling ewe—Wm Jas Fleming, Henry Filson.
Ewe, two shears and over—Wm McMaster, W A Scott.

CLASS VII—PIGS.

Judges—Mr. Buck, Mr. Aylsworth.
Boar of 1908—W A Scott.
Old Boar—W H Preston.
Brood sow—W A Scott, Wm McMaster.
Sow pig of 1908—W A Scott.

CLASS VIII—POULTRY.

Judges—Mr. Buck, Mr. Aylsworth.
Pair turkeys—R Kirkpatrick, Wm McMaster, H Williard.
Pair geese—H Williard, S Miller, Robt. Filson.
Pair ducks—H Williard, Wm. Jas. Fleming.
Pair plymouth rocks—Wm. Jas. Fleming, Wm McMaster, Sam Miller.
Spring chickens—Wm. Glenn, Jr., S K Tugwell, Alfred Filson.
Pair common fowl—Wm. Glenn, Jr., H Williard, H. Filson.
Pair spring chickens—Wm. J Fleming, Wm. Glenn, Jr.

CLASS IX—GRAINS AND SEEDS.

Judges—Jas. Fleming, Mr. Sills.
Spring wheat—J Marshall, D McDonald, Ed. Fleming.
Barley—R Marshall, J Marshall, D McDonald.

White oats—R Kilpatrick, J Marshall, Geo. Bulch.
Bushel Rye—Ed. Fleming, R A Fowler.
Large peas—R Marshall, J Marshall, A E Howard.
Field peas—Wm. Finnegon, D Finnegan, A E Howard.
Half bushel Timothy—S Miller, R Marshall, R Kilpatrick.
Peck white beans—H Sanders, D Caughey, Wm. J Fleming.
Peck colored beans—S Miller, Wm. Glenn, Jr., R Marshall.

CLASS X—ROOTS AND HOED CROPS

Judges—Mr. Sharp, S Paul.
Dozen ears of corn—R Marshall, J Marshall, A Hitchins.
Dozen stalks silo corn—A E Howard, A Filson, Henry Filson.
Half bushel white potatoes—A Burley, R Marshall, A Hitchins.
Half bushel colored potatoes—Henry Sanders, R Marshall, D Finnegan.
One dozen carrots—Wm. J Fleming, D Finnegan.
One dozen field carrots—D Finnegan, Wm. J Fleming.
Two squash—R A Fowler, R Marshall.
Six Mangolds—A Hitchins, R Marshall.

Money—Wm McMaster, R W Cumberland.

CLASS XII—LADIES DEPARTMENT.

Judges—Mrs. W C Wright, Mrs. Wm. Nichols.
Painting on velvet—R W Cumberland.
Water color—Rev Porter.
Pencil drawing—Ed Fleming, A Burley, S Miller.
Embroidered photo frame—J Marshall, Henry Filson, W H Montray.
Bouquet of flowers—H Filson, R W Cumberland.
Outfiting—H Filson, Rev Porter, J Marshall.
Battenburg lace—Rev Porter, D Caughey.
Crochet cotton—Rev Porter, A Burley, D Caughey.
Sofa pillow—A Hitchins, R A Fowler, R Kilpatrick.
Toilet set—A Hitchins, D Caughey, R A Fowler.
Tea cosy—Rev Porter.
Table centre piece—A Hitchins, W H Montray, E Fleming.
Handkerchief case—D Caughey, R W Cumberland, Rev Porter.
Table mats—Rev Porter, R W Cumberland, D Caughey.
Lamp shade—W H Montray.
Pin cushion—A Burley, D Caughey, R W Cumberland.
Knitted lace on cotton, machine work—Rev Porter, R Glenn, S K Tugwell.
Assortment of work, six articles—R A Fowler, Capt Glenn, D Caughey.
Crochet work in wool—D Caughey, Rev Porter.

LADIES DEPARTMENT.

Judges—Miss Ruth Davy, Miss H Davy.
Ten pounds butter in crock—D Finnegan, H Filson, Capt Glenn.
Five pounds butter in prints—D Caughey, Capt Glenn, D Finnegan.
Five pounds lard, rendered—Wm J Fleming, Wm Glenn, Jr., D Finnegan.
Home-made bread—Wm Finnegon, Rev Porter, D Finnegan.
Home-made buns, plain—S Miller, Wm Finnegon, Capt Glenn.
Home-made buns, sweet—R Marshall, S Miller, R A Fowler.
Home-made wine—Capt Glenn, Wm J Fleming, Wm Finnegon.
Quart canned berries—D Finnegan, Wm Finnegon, R Glenn.
Canned peaches, plums or apples—Ed Fleming, W H Montray, R Filson.
Knitted woolen socks—Wm Finnegon, S Miller, D Finnegan.
Knitted woolen stockings—Wm Finnegon, D Finnegan, R Glenn.
Hooked floor mat—Rev Porter.
Floor mat—A Burley, D Finnegan.
Patch work quilt—R Filson, S Miller, Ed Fleming.
Log cabin quilt—J Marshall, Mrs. Bray.
White quilt—J Marshall, Rev Porter.
Woolen mitts—D Finnegan, A Burley, Wm Finnegon.
Ladies mitts—D Caughey, R Glenn, D Finnegan.

CLASS XIII.

(Children under 15 years of age).
Pencil drawing—Wm Glenn, Jr., Wm Cochrane, R W Cumberland.
Penmanship—D Finnegan, Wm Finnegon, H Filson.

The first scheme for the distribution of prizes by chance in modern times is generally attributed to one Benedetto Gentile of Genoa, who established his lottery in 1620. The proper lottery, in which each person takes part by means of tickets costing each a fixed sum of money, had its origin in more ancient times, being known even in the middle ages. Such a lottery was established at Florence as early as 1530.

Ladylike.

"You say you acted like a perfect lady throughout?" "Sure, yer honor. When he tips his hat to me an' he not knowin' him, I ups with a rock an' caves in his face."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

FINISHING TOUCH



*Just daintily
touch the
tip of the
ear*

To whiten the hands

WHY is it all young girls are spoken of as dainty? Many of them are far from dainty, yet whenever a young girl is mentioned the mental picture of her is always petite and neat and generally charming. There are a few girls, essentially dainty, who take the greatest pains with their appearance and who have fascinating little tricks which make them wholly feminine and wholly attractive.

For instance, there is a girl I know who never dresses in the evening without attending to all the little details sometimes neglected even by the neatest girls. She dabs a little powder on her face in just the right places and proportions. She brushes her eyebrows so that every hair is in place. She makes little dimples in her cheeks with the tips of her fingers. She daintily touches the cork of her perfume bottle to the tips of her ears, and, last of all, just before she leaves her room she holds up both little hands and shakes them so that all the blood runs from them and leaves them white and pretty.

All such care is only vanity; but, after all, isn't vanity a good quality when it inspires a girl to care for a dainty appearance? Isn't one who is neat far more likely to succeed in this world than one who is careless and slovenly in appearance, no matter how clever the slovenly one may be?

It is well to cultivate, early in life, little habits which improve the appearance. Somehow, when a woman is feeling well dressed she is far more likely to be amiable and agreeable than when she feels herself at a disadvantage as to attire.

It is not a mistake to take time in dressing. The minutes so spent are useful in that they tend to increase self-respect and self-reliance. Mothers

*Don't use dead white
powder.*

should teach their daughters—and young girls should teach one another—the advantages of spending reasonable time and careful attention upon the art of dressing.

Every one knows what a disappointment it is when a pretty girl, who looks perfectly clad as she enters a room, turns around and shows a blouse half-unbuttoned or hair carelessly arranged.

No one can afford to be unneat, and no one can afford to neglect any detail in the tout ensemble of her appearance.

Several Questions Answered

Kindly give recipe for the walnut stain. Do the walnuts have to be picked green or not? Please state also which part of the walnut is used. S. S. S.

I am giving you the recipe for the stain, and I think you will find all your questions answered. Perhaps you will find the sage tea suggestion more satisfactory.

Brown Hair Stain.

Green walnut shells..... 2 ounces
Alum ¼ ounce
Pure oil 4 ounces

Beat together in a water bath until the water has been completely evaporated. Then express, filter and perfume.

Sage tea may be used to darken the hair. Make a strong brew of dried leaves, strain the liquid carefully through muslin, and to each pint add two teaspoonfuls of alcohol. This should be rubbed on the hair every night before retiring.

For an Itching Scalp

Will you please tell me how to get rid of parasites and how to cure an itching scalp? I would also like a good tonic to make the hair grow. L. N. A.

The cure of parasites is merely a question of cleanliness. I am giving you a prescription for a shampoo. It would be better to use it twice in three days. The head will itch until the unfortunate condition you mention is entirely cured, and I think if the hair were kept



to attire.
It is not a mistake to take time in dressing. The minutes so spent are useful in that they tend to increase self-respect and self-reliance. Mothers

turns around and shows a blouse half-unbuttoned or hair carelessly arranged. No one can afford to be unneat, and no one can afford to neglect any detail in the tout ensemble of her appearance.

Advice to Correspondents

A Hair Tonic

My hair comes out so badly that I fear I will soon not have any left. Cannot you help me? I am only 16 years old and I do not know what to do. **WORRIED.**

I do not know that I can give you anything that will immediately cause your hair to become luxuriant, but I am giving you a tonic which will surely do your hair a great deal of good if it is faithfully used.

Jaborandi Tonic.

Quinine sulphate..... 20 grains
Tincture of carduus..... 2 fluid ounces
Fluid extract of jaborandi..... 2 fluid ounces
Alcohol..... 2 fluid ounces
Glycerine..... 2 ounces
Bay rum..... 4 fluid ounces
Rosewater..... 16 fluid ounces

The quinine should be dissolved in the alcohol, the carduus warming slightly, then the other ingredients added and the whole filtered. Rub into the roots of the hair every night.

A Face Bleach

Can you tell me of anything that will take brown blotches from my face? I do not seem to be able to cure them by myself. **MARY D.**

The following is a very good bleach for the face, and I think it will do for you all you hope. Mix the ingredients until a solution is obtained and then apply to the spots you wish to bleach with absorbent cotton. Be very careful, however, that the preparation is kept out of the way of ignorant people and children, for mercury is one of the most dangerous poisons we have.

Chloride of mercury in coarse powder..... 2 grains
Witch hazel..... 2 ounces
Rosewater..... 2 ounces

Husband arriving with his wife at the station just as the train steams on. "Where, if you hadn't told me such a fearful thing, I should have lost that train. With me! And if you hadn't hurried me, I should have waited here for a long time to wait for the next one."

Wishes to Dye Black Hair

My hair is very dark, almost black, and I do not like it. Can you give me some dye which will make it lighter? I should like to have it a light brown. **BRUNETTE.**

I am very much afraid that it will be impossible for me to suggest any dye for black hair. I will have to suggest for you a bleach, but do not be discouraged if it does not immediately show results. Sometimes it takes many washings before a change in the hair is noticeable. The bleach is a mixture of hydrogen dioxide and water, equal parts.

Large Pores and Oily Skin

I have very large pores and a very oily skin. What shall I do? It spoils my appearance and I never feel that I look nice. **DISCOURAGED.**

I would not be so unhappy about your skin if I were you, for I am sure we can improve its appearance with little trouble. The lotion I should recommend is:

Boric acid..... 1 dram
Distilled witch hazel..... 4 ounces

Mix the two together and apply the lotion to the face at night with a bit of absorbent cotton, which should be destroyed after using. Of course, always cleanse the face thoroughly with a cleansing cream or with warm water before applying the lotion.

Prematurely Gray

My hair is turning gray and I want a dye for it. Some one has suggested to me that perhaps your prescription containing sage tea would be a help. Will you tell me about it? **BLONDE.**

I think perhaps the sage tea would be helpful, but do not use it without first cutting a strand of your hair, drying it and placing it in the sun. In this way you can tell how it will look and how it will wear. Sometimes a dye will have quite a different effect on different heads of hair. The dye is made of:

Alcohol..... 2 ounces
Green tea..... 2 ounces
Garden sage..... 2 ounces



Eye brows must be unraffled

After mixing the ingredients, strain the preparation into a bottle and keep tightly corked. Apply with a small brush and pull it through the whole length of the hair, but do not touch it to the scalp.

Superfluous Hair

I have been using the electric needle to remove superfluous hair and have bought a battery for the purpose. But now I find its use painful, and I want to know if you can give me a prescription which will be more comfortable. **JENNIE.**

I am sorry you did not write to me before you invested in a battery, for I could have given you a far less painful cure. It is called a depilatory and I am sure you will find it satisfactory. It will remove the hair at once, but it will be necessary for you to repeat the treatment perhaps once every three or four months. Be careful to follow the instructions I am giving you.

A Depilatory.

Sulphide of soda or calcium sulphide..... 100 grains
Chalk..... 100 grains

Mix thoroughly and keep dry in well-corked bottle until wanted for use. Take enough to make a paste and add warm water to it until the proper consistency is secured. Spread over the hairy surface and allow to remain for from one to five minutes, according to the nature of the growth and the susceptibility of the skin; then scrape off with a blunt blade—a paper knife, for example. It should be removed, as in every case with a depilatory, when the burning sensation is produced. Too long contact with the skin should be avoided, and immediately after the hair has been removed the denuded surface should be gently washed with warm water and a cold cream or a bland oil applied to prevent irritation.

clean, it would grow without the application of a tonic. I am, however, printing a formula for a good one.

Cure for Parasites

Put a cake of bichloride of mercury soap into halves, and shave one half into fine bits. Dissolve it in boiling water. You may set the mixture on the stove over a gentle heat if you choose. You should have the water form a jellylike mixture when cold.

Tea Hair Tonic.

Bay rum..... 2 ounces
Glycerine..... 2 ounces
Alcohol..... 2 ounces
Infusion of black tea..... 10 ounces

Mix and perfume to suit. The tea infusion should be made very strong, say an ounce of tea to ten or twelve ounces of boiling water. Let it steep for twenty minutes, then stand till cool, strain and add the other ingredients, apply with a soft sponge to the roots of the hair. It will darken blonde hair.

For a Fleshy Nose

Is there any remedy for a fleshy nose? Also could you tell me some way to make the hair coarser? **Mrs. C. H.**

I am afraid I know of nothing to make the hair coarser. As a rule, people wish to make their hair finer in quality, although there is, I know, a certain kind of hair so fine that to arrange it seems impossible. If yours is like that it may be that brilliantine would help you. Put a little on the palms of the hands, and then gently smooth the coiffure or the hair before arranging it.

Brilliantine is made by mixing together the following ingredients:

THE INFINITE REALITY

A Man Is Godly in the Measure That He Reaches Out to Men.

"He that hath seen me hath seen the Father." John xiv, 9.

Self is men crying, as of old, "Who will show us the way to God? For our hearts are hungry for a heavenly reality. Therefore men are the cry of each new voice that proclaims, here is truth, here is the divine secret. And again and again we have to turn away in disappointment. It was not a voice; it was but the cry of some outward need or misperception.

Who will show us God? How can another reveal truth to us? Each man must discover his own truth; it cannot be imparted. Another's hand may point out some new glory, some shining spire of the far off city of truth, but each for ourselves we must make our own way there.

But what is the way; how may one find this city wherein dwelleth the Father and Father of us all? Shall we climb to the heavens where our Father's throne is seated, or shall we be seated on the clouds?

Shall we find the infinite by sitting with the seers in other lands, those who peer into life's strange mysteries?

After all is not God nearer than we know? If we are his children may we not find the Father through the family? If we have grown beyond the necessity of thinking of THAT INFINITE AFFECTION

as confined to a definite face and figure how can we hope to better know it than through those in whom affection is best shown and toward whom it may be most freely exercised?

Through the ages men have been seeking after the divine; they are as flowers that have through many stages of development ever turned their faces toward the sun. We cannot bear to look at the sun with naked eyes, may we not read some of his glories in the glowing hues of rose or daisy or poppy? So we who are, as it were, shadows of the infinite must find that infinite through one another.

Too, may it not be that somehow the great source of all life is expressing itself in our living? The child is the expression of the father; the family of the parents and its members. Is not humanity after all in its development and particularly in its social realization the expression of the divine? These aspirations, longings, ideals; these complex adjustments of our manifold living and this growing sense of a life that belongs to us all and binds us all together, may not all these be but the heavenly and eternal moving in us all?

Now if we would come to know any truth there is one safe and sure path for all feet, that is to do that truth. If we would know the truth as to the lord of all being, the infinite source of life and this father of us all, is there any better way than the free, full living of that which seems to spring from heavenly sources in our living with one another?

This is the way of the Man of Nazareth. He found the Father through

HIS LOVE FOR THE CHILDREN,

and he invited men to know the Father through himself, their brother. The more our lives go out in love to other lives, the more fully and clearly shall we know the divine.

Christianity tells of a God who loves men, who seeks them, who

goes out amongst them, winning them to the higher, fairer ways. A man is godly, not in the measure that he reaches up to the heavens, but in the measure that he, too, reaches out to men; he is divine in the measure that he catches that glorious spirit of self-giving. He best believes in God who most believes in men.

Heaven is found in humble places here; the divine is in the faces of our fellows, in ways of lowly service and suffering. Not in the vaulted skies shall we find the truth about the infinite, but in the faces of our fellows, in walking the ways where men and women weep, in leading little children out to fields of happy laughter, in doing for all our kind what we believe the highest would do for us all.

HENRY F. COPE.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Jenkins—"Bobby, what's all that row at Barlow's? Is anybody being killed?"

Bobby—"No, papa. Willie Barlow's mamma is cutting his hair."

"Do you know him?" asked a gentleman of an Irish friend the other day, in speaking of a third person. "Know him?" said the Irishman. "I knew him when his father was a little boy!"



Accentuating Dimples.

Sweet almond oil 8 fluid ounces
Alcohol 4 fluid ounces
Glycerine 1 fluid ounce
Oil of rose geranium 12 drops

I am giving you a prescription for a pomade that will reduce the size of your nose. You might use instead, however, a little spirits of camphor. Rub it well into the skin:

Pomade to Reduce Fat.

Iodide of potassium 46 grains
Vaseline 14 ounces
Lanolin 13 ounces
Tincture of benzoin 20 drops
Make into a pomade and rub over the fatty parts twice a day.

To Curl Hair

Can you suggest some way for me to curl my hair? I want a nice, deep wave, but I do not like to use irons. SEVENTEEN.

There are several ways to give the marcel effect, and any one of them is good. One of the easiest ways is to part the hair in many strands and wrap each tiny one upon the ends of a wire hairpin, twining them in and out. Another way is to braid all the hair in little Topsy plaits, leaving it thus overnight. Many patent curls may be procured at small cost, and almost all of them are effective.

To Fatten the Neck

TO MAKE the throat full and round the best exercise is to bend the head slowly forward until the chin touches the neck, and then slowly raise the head to its normal position. Repeat these movements until you are tired. Then bend the head as far backward as possible. Sitting erect in a chair, bend the head from one side to the other, and then roll the head to the right, left and forward. Another good position is to let the arms hang loosely at the side. Raise the shoulders as high as possible, then forward, down and backward, until a circle is formed. Continue this for a time and then reverse the motion. Do this every day for five or ten minutes. It is also well to massage the neck and shoulders well with cocoa butter.

For the Good of the Hair

THE hair must be always well washed once in six days when staying by the sea, as the salt air gets into it and makes it sticky and unpleasant to the touch. A little borax may be used in the water and the hair dried in the open air afterward.

even the unsuperstitious agree that it is good form for the bride and groom not to meet till they stand in the church. The groom, accompanied by his best man, waits for the bride at the chancel steps or before the minister who is to marry them. She walks up the aisle on the left arm of her father, preceded first by the ushers—in twos—who head the procession, then by her maids—also in couples—then by the maid-of-honor, who walks alone. If

About Wedding

THERE are probably more superstitions about weddings than about any other one event in life, and, foolish as they are, they are rather interesting.

How ridiculous it would be to put credence in the fact that no bride may be happily married unless she finds a spider on her wedding morning. If that were a universal belief it would decidedly pay to raise the hideous creatures just to sell them to superstitious brides-to-be.

Then, again, it is said that the bridegroom should always carry a miniature horseshoe in his pocket, so he may have good luck.

Unhappy marriages, the superstitious think, are caused by a telegram received on the way to the church by either bride or groom, dropping the ring during the ceremony or a marriage at sea.

After all, there are lots of rules that the bride will hear much of the last two days before the marriage, but she is sure to have good luck if she comply with the good old belief that she should wear at her wedding:

Something old and something new,
Something borrowed and something blue.

Strange Hair Tonics

AN interesting story is told of a girl of 15, who suddenly and unaccountably lost all her hair. In despair her mother sent for the doctor, who told her to have the child's head shaved and to wash it three times a week with a mixture formed of one-half ounce of coliquintida and a pint of good Jamaica rum. The family tried it, and to their surprise the remedy was successful, for not only did the hair return, but it grew out a beautiful golden shade.

The juice of a lemon applied to the scalp is said to be a remedy for the falling of dark hair, and another strange hair tonic is made of three common onions steeped in a quart of rum for twenty-four hours.

A man whose eyes had been treated by injections of pilocarpine had a new growth of hair at the age of sixty. Rum and castor oil, in equal parts, are known to be one of the best hair growers in existence.

A Convenient Disinfectant

A HANDY disinfectant for household use is made of chlorate of lime moistened with vinegar and water in equal parts. It may be kept in the cellar all the time, and in case of sickness a few drops scattered about will purify the air in the room.

To Cool the Hands

WHEN the hands get hot and uncomfortably moist it is a good idea to wash them in hot water and then rinse them in tepid water to which a dessert spoonful of borax has been added.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
OCT. 11.

Lesson II. God's Promise to David.

Golden Text, 1. Kings 8. 56.

Verse 1. David dwelt in his house—The house built for him at Jerusalem by Hiram, king of Tyre (2 Sam. 5. 11).

Nathan the prophet—The principal adviser and counselor of King David during a large portion of his reign. The relation of Nathan to David was in many respects similar to that which Samuel bore to Saul.

A house of cedar—Cedars of distant Lebanon had been furnished by Hiram for the royal mansion of his friend, King David.

Under curtains—In a temporary tent—compare Word Studies for Sunday, October 4.

2. All that is in thy heart—Apparently David had not yet expressed his desire in words, but Nathan rightly guessed what it was his heart's purpose and desire to do.

3. It came to pass—The prophet's first approval of David's suggestion was due to a natural sympathy with the king's piety and zeal. But during the night's communion with God he came to look upon the matter in another light, and recognized that the building of a temple in which to house the ark would be too radical a break with the simplicity of past usage in Israel. The change, indeed, should come about, but not abruptly.

5. Brought up Israel—Referring to the exodus from Egypt.

From one tabernacle to another—During the long period of several centuries which had intervened since the departure of Israel from Egypt and the giving of the law at Sinai, many tents and tabernacles, together with parts of their furnishings, must have worn out and been successively replaced by others.

6. The judges of Israel—From Joshua to Samuel.

7. Now therefore—That the lack of precedent was not the sole reason why David's wish could not be granted at this time, we learn from the narrative of Samuel and Kings.

Thus saith Jehovah—Jehovah's message reminds the king of former mercies, declares God's present and continued favor, and foretells the permanency of the dynasty which has been established in David.

Sheepcote—Or "pasture."

8. I will make thee a name—Among future generations the king himself is to have recognition and honor.

9. The children of wickedness—The enemies of Israel, the idolatrous nations round about.

10. Will subdue—Or, "have subdued."

Jehovah will build thee a house—This promise of Jehovah to David stands in clear contrast to David's own purpose to build a house for Jehovah.

11. Thy seed . . . who shall be of thy sons—The simple promise of the preceding verse is here expanded.

12. He shall build me a house—David's son and successor was to be a man of peace, because of the firmly established kingdom which he inherited from his father. Hence he, rather than David who had been

Advice on Social Problems.

It is my intention in writing these articles on etiquette to help those who wish to know. To this end I will cheerfully answer all letters addressed to me in care of this paper. For personal replies, please send stamped and addressed envelopes.

THERE are many, thoroughly versed in the little niceties of daily life, who are utterly at a loss when it comes to planning a formal church wedding. The home affair and the civil marriage may both be man-

It is the custom to pay these fees in gold, and their amounts should be in accordance with the financial status of the groom.

The proper time for a formal wedding to take place is at high noon—12 o'clock. Sometimes 12 is an inconvenient hour either for the groom or for some member of the family who lives at a distance. Should this be the case, the wedding must be timed according to necessity. The original reason for the noon hour was to allow a wedding to

THERE are many, thoroughly versed in the little niceties of daily life, who are utterly at a loss when it comes to planning a formal church wedding. The home affair and the civil marriage may both be managed entirely in accordance with the desire of the bride, both as to time and arrangement, but the church wedding is a formal ceremony with hide-bound rules to guide it. It is for this reason that we will for today consider the many regulations custom has indorsed in regard to the church wedding.

In the first place, the family of the bride provides the trousseau. It is easiest to say that the bride's father pays for everything concerning the bride till she is married. For the purpose of convenience we will take it for granted that the bride has both parents, a married sister and an unmarried sister. The father of the bride pays for the decorations at the church and the house. If there is to be a reception or breakfast, he pays all the expenses of the entertainment, and he provides the gifts for the bridesmaids, which are usually plus of some kind or plain gold bangles. He also pays for the invitations.

He provides the carriage for the bride to drive to and from the church, the carriages for the immediate family and for the bridesmaids. The groom provides his own carriage, those for his ushers and for his own family. After the wedding he returns to the house in the bride's carriage.

ABOUT CARRIAGES

The carriages for the bridesmaids go to their own houses for them and take them to the church. Needless to say, it is not necessary to have a separate carriage for each girl. The groom sends the bridesmaids their bouquets or parasols and the bride her flowers or prayer book.

Assuming that the bride's sister will be her maid of honor, she will drive to the church with her mother, another carriage will take the married sister and her husband, while the father and the bride will drive in a third carriage. In cold weather the last one should be heated so the bride need wear no wrap. The bridegroom drives to the church with his best man, while his parents must have a carriage of their own.

It is considered bad luck for the bridegroom to see the bride upon the wedding day before the ceremony, and

church. The groom, accompanied by his best man, waits for the bride at the chancel steps or before the minister who is to marry them. She walks up the aisle on the left arm of her father, preceded first by the ushers—in two—who head the procession, then by her maids—also in couples—then by the maid-of-honor, who walks alone. If there is a flower girl, she walks directly in front of the bride.

THE CEREMONY

As the procession nears the waiting groom, the ushers and maids stand to one side, so the bride and her father walk through the double line. The bride then takes her place at the left of the groom. The best man stands on his right hand. The bride's father remains on her left till he has "given his daughter in marriage," when he joins his wife, who is seated in the front pew at the left of the middle aisle. The groom's family usually occupy the right side of the church.

It is best to reserve the first eight rows of pews on both sides of the center aisle for the immediate family and for their intimate friends. The ushers are told who is to be favored by a seat in these special pews, and the rest of the guests occupy pews farther back in the church. Usually one end of a white ribbon is attached, with flowers, to the end of the eighth pew and, when the time comes for the bride to enter the church, two of the ushers take the loose ends of the ribbon and, carrying them back, fasten them to the last pew in the church. This effectually bars any one getting in the way of the procession or leaving during the ceremony.

After the couple have been made husband and wife they turn and, with the bride on the right arm of her husband, pass between the double row of attendants and on down the aisle. They are followed first by the best man and maid of honor together—the maid, of course, at the right of the man—then by the bridesmaids and lastly by the ushers, who only accompany the party to the end of the middle aisle. They then turn and escort the ladies in the reserved pews from the church. It is not until these pews are empty that the white ribbons are taken down and the rest of the guests are allowed to depart.

It is now the groom's turn to bear some expense, and he fees the clergyman, the organist and the sexton at the church. The feeing is not done until the clergyman makes out the certificate, and the best man handles all the money.

the groom.

The proper time for a formal wedding to take place is at high noon—12 o'clock. Sometimes 12 is an inconvenient hour either for the groom or for some member of the family who lives at a distance. Should this be the case, the wedding must be timed according to necessity. The original reason for the noon hour was to allow a wedding to be celebrated after the communion service. This custom still holds in England. There are many brides and grooms, however, who arise early in the morning and go to service, the wedding occurring later in the day. It is a beautiful custom, the conjunction of the sacraments, and it deserves to be more universal.

Unless the wedding be after 6 o'clock in the evening, the bridegroom always wears a frock coat, light trousers, white ascot tie, white gloves and high silk hat. The ushers are dressed in the same way. For the bride there are only two choices of costume, the conventional white wedding dress and veil or traveling gown in some light color. She wears no jewels save the gift of the groom. As a girl may be a "white bride" only once, it is a pity to be married in a street dress.

IMPORTANT DETAILS

Even when the bride is unattended the groom must have his ushers and best man for it is the former's duty to seat the guests, while the best man holds the ring and the hat of the groom during the ceremony. The ushers, while they are showing people to their seats, leave their hats in the vestry room, but when they walk up the aisle in procession they carry them in their left hand, almost on a level with their shoulders. The groom and his best man hold theirs while they await the bride, but during the ceremony the best man holds both. He returns the groom's hat to him while the maid of honor is arranging the veil and train of the bride just as they turn for the recession.

The proper time for the best man to hand the ring to the groom, the clasping of hands and the position of the couple during the blessing—information upon all these points is best secured from the officiating clergyman. Most large wedding parties rehearse the procession and the turn after the ceremony, and it is important that the groom and best man have some agreed arrangement for the transference of the ring, else it is likely to be lost.

thy sons—The simple promise of the preceding verse is here expanded.
12. He shall build me a house — David's son and successor was to be a man of peace, because of the firmly established kingdom which he inherited from his father. Hence he, rather than David who had been a man of many wars, was the more suitable person to build a temple for Jehovah.

14. Forever—We note that the chronicler uses the words of final assurance in reference to David's seed in a Messianic sense, whereas the author of Second Samuel refers them directly to David himself (compare the parallel account in 2 Sam. 7). "Thy house and thy kingdom shall be made sure forever" (2 Sam. 7, 16).

16. Sat before Jehovah—In prolonged communion and meditation. Humility and gratitude fill the heart of the king as he reflects upon the marvelous promise of Jehovah to himself and his posterity.

17, 18. This passage in Second Samuel (7, 19, 20) reads: "And this was yet a small thing in thine eyes, O Lord Jehovah; but thou hast spoken also of thy servant's house for a great while to come; and this too after the manner of men, O Lord Jehovah! And what can David say more unto thee? for thou knowest thy servant, O Lord Jehovah."

21. And what one nation in the earth is like thy people Israel? — Or, "And who is like thy people Israel, a nation that is alone in the earth?"

22. Thou, Jehovah, becamest their God—The peculiar distinction between Israel and other surrounding nations was to be found in the covenant relationship between Jehovah and his people.

23. Let the word that thou hast spoken . . . be established forever —David gratefully accepts the terms on which Jehovah's promise to him and his house have been given.

24. And let thy name be established and magnified forever — Or, "Yea, let it be established, and let thy name be magnified," etc. David was permitted during his lifetime to gather together the materials with which later his son Solomon built the temple which he himself had not been permitted by Jehovah to build. The parallel passage in 2 Sam. 7 should be carefully compared verse by verse throughout this study.

FISH PREVENT MALARIA.

Major Hodder is an Englishman who has been wondering why the Barbados, alone of the Antilles, are free from malaria. He thinks it must be because the Barbados, alone of the Antilles are free from gnats. But why no gnats? Because of the wild and beneficent profusion of fish called "millions." The millions eat the gnats while they are still larvae. Acting on Major Hodder's theory, the Jamaicans, the people of Colon and the colonists of British Guiana imported millions and the gnats vanished. In Africa, where rage the most deadly swamp fevers, millions are employed with immense success. The same means has been adopted by the Italian Government to rid the Roman Campagna of its insect foes.

"You must let the baby have one cow's milk to drink every day," said the doctor. "Very well, if you say so, doctor," said the perplexed young mother; "but I really don't see how he is going to hold it all."

A WONDERFUL CLOCK.

Model of Venetian Marble on View in London.

In the British Palace of Applied Arts at the White City, London, a wonderful clock was recently placed on view. Standing twelve feet high, it is an exact reproduction of the great seventy-foot clock tower in the Square of St. Mark, Venice. The four storeys of the tower in the model, as in the original, are constructed of solid marble, with panels of colored Carrara marble and mosaic of gold and lapis-lazuli.

Above the archway which forms the bottom storey of the tower are dials indicating the hours, months and phrases of the moon. The central dial is of black enamel, spangled with golden stars, and represents the heavens. Inset in this is a globe, half black, half gilt, representing the moon, and arranged to make a complete revolution in 29½ days. Round this dial a golden sun revolves. Turning with the sun, but at a different speed, is a circle marked with the signs of the zodiac, and outside this is another circle marked with the hours of the day.

The centre of the third storey is occupied by an alcove containing a gilt figure of the Virgin and Child, and flanked by two golden doors. Four times a day, at 3, 6, 9 and 12

o'clock, the three kings—Melchior, Caspar and Balthasar—preceded by an angel with a golden trumpet, issue from one door and cross to the other, bowing and saluting as they pass before the Madonna. On the next tier stands a heavily gilt bronze figure of the winged lion of St. Mark. Surmounting the tower are two bells, one within the other, on which two bronze giants strike the quarters.

The clock weighs 1 ton 500 weight, and cost nearly \$10,000.

VESSELS WITH ROYAL NAMES.

British Men-o'-War That Seem Doomed to Ill Luck.

One of the very strongest and most ineffaceable of all superstitions in the royal navy—a superstition almost as strong to-day as ever it was—is that vessels bearing the name of royal personages are doomed to ill luck, and strange as it may seem there is an undeniable historical basis for this feeling, says London Tit-Bits.

Some of the most terrible disasters ever known in connection with our navy have concerned war vessels with royal names. Two vessels called the Royal James came to disastrous ends. One of them exploded, and some 800 officers and seamen perished; the other ship so

named was actually carried out of the mouth of the Thames by the Dutch under circumstances disgraceful to those in charge of the craft.

Then there is the forever memorable disaster to the Royal George, that turned over and sank in sight of crowds at Spithead, over 1,000 souls, among whom were 300 women, being sacrificed. And second only to this hideous disaster is that which afterward befel the Royal Charlotte, which was consumed by fire off Leghorn, over 800 of the very flower of our navy perishing with her.

When in 1893 the Victoria, a new vessel and the very triumph of modern invention, was rammed and sank in sight of the whole fleet there was not a sailor, however matter of fact he might be, who did not remember the dire fate of a royalty named craft. Three years later a schooner named the Royalist foundered in a gale off Holyhead, while in 1891 a British bark, the Queen, was sunk and her captain and six men drowned.

A HANDICAP.

Elsie—"Papa says he thinks he gave you quite a start when you asked for my hand."

Jack—"Huh! I don't call that a start; he reached me before I got to the door!"

Is Respectability a Curse?

It was a lonely branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and, although such an accident was rather unusual, something went wrong with the engine. The sweet Canadian spring filled the air with delight and tempered the gloom of the surrounding pines, writes G. B. Burgin, in London Answers.

"Say, how long are you going to be before you get this old tin-kettle ready to boil up again?" asked an irreverent passenger of the grimy engine-driver.

GOOD ADVICE.

"See here," said the driver; "you lein' a low-down, so-called civilized sort of mistake, I don't want to have no truck with you. You just turn yourself loose in the bush for a bit, and forget your dollars and your fine clothes and your respectability and go fishin'. There's a lake round the bend. It'll do you good; and by the time you get those store-clothes all mussed up, you'll be more like a human bein' and less like a—"

Apparently, he could not think of a word strong enough to express his feelings, so diving into the interior of the engine.

We followed the path indicated by the driver, and found a roughly-dressed human being sitting on the shore of the loneliest lake I had ever seen. He had a rudely constructed fishing-rod in his hand, made out of a young fir, and was engrossed in his sport. There was a great heap of fish beside him, but our somewhat noisy advent must have startled the remaining ones in the lake, for he slowly collected his catch, gave us one glance and moved off.

"But we want to see you catch some more," I feebly remarked.

He turned upon me in righteous wrath.

"You want to see me catch fish? Fish!"

"You didn't think we expected you'd catch elephants?" sarcastically remarked my companion.

"Gosh!" said the fisherman emphatically. "D'you think I could catch fish with a respectable crowd like you round me?"

Which thing is an allegory.

WHENCE IT CAME.

In the beginning, Man was not cursed with a desire for respectability; he did not worry about how he looked. Then came Civilization. Eve, to quote an Americanism, "started fashions," and Adam did likewise. Thus, the rivalry began.

I am not going to bore you with all the intermediate stages between then and now; but, my dear reader, let us sit down and have what the missionaries call "a heart-to-heart talk."

You, John Smith, are a City clerk, mutton-chop whiskered, with well-brushed "pot" hat, etc. Though your overcoat may occasionally be a little shiny at the seams, you are eminently respectable on a salary of a hundred and fifty pounds a year, after forty years' service in the City. It is true, you are mentally hidebound, that you work twelve hours a day, and that you get a fortnight's ho-

woman he loves, without dreading that his children will starve. And—he drew another long breath as he pointed to the sun setting in fiery purple and gold over the billowing wheat waves—"He found me this!"

Now, John; your youngest boy will be sixteen to-morrow, and you are wondering whether you can afford him a black tail-coat. Don't do it, John! Buy him a steerage passage to Canada with the money, and give him a chance to live. His future home may not be as respectable as Laburnum Villa, Peckham, but—

I don't want to preach to you, John, but, somehow, God is much nearer to us on the prairie than in London town. Let your boy try it, and find out for himself.

A CLOSE CALL.

The Terrible Experience of a Trapper in British Columbia.

"Puffle" is the name of one of the best of the trappers and timber cruisers who yearly plunge into the wilderness of the Big Woods of British Columbia to woo fortune for timber or fur. A writer in the Outing Magazine gives Puffle's own story of one of his experiences.

"Boys," said Puffle, seriously, "I thought last winter I was out of it. Close call, you ask? Well, pretty close. I had started out from Revelstoke with the usual outfit, about six hundred pounds. I went away up Canoe River, and had been having pretty good luck, when I played the fool. I got in a hurry. I took overlong hikes and ate cold grub to save time. We fellows don't dare do that. No man in the winter woods can stand cold grub; he must cook well and take his rest. Then it doesn't matter if he has to wade creeks and sleep wet, and live wet days at a time; he can resist it; he's got the fuel in him.

"We have a rule that when we get in a hurry we must camp a whole day and think it over. When I found myself going, I did camp and think it over; but I guess I was a bit late about it. I dug Oregon grape and princess pine, and boiled them down for blood tonic, and was lucky enough to find some foxglove for my heart, which had begun to kick too hard when I climbed.

"Then I hurt my foot before the roots had put me in shape, and when I found a toe black one morning, I knew I must pull for down-river. I cached my stuff and started. I had to hurry then.

"All day I snow-shoed, biting hard on a bit of pine to forget the pain. Nights I'd find a hollow cedar log, cut holes in it about ten feet apart for draft, kindle a fire at the end, and lie down on the log. When the fire had burned up to the draft-hole at my feet, I moved up another hole.

"When I couldn't find a log, I'd dig a pit down in the snow, kindle a brush fire in it, and sleep at the edge of the ashes.

"I reached Smith Creek all right, but by then my whole foot was black. Boys, may I live to forget it. I fell in, crossing that creek, fell in over head and ears in ice water, and nothing between me and Revelstoke to help me. If I stopped, besides the certainty of freezing, I knew my hurt would never let me start again, and I didn't think I could keep on going. I felt I was gone, but I resolved to die hard and play the game through.

"Off I hiked on the rackets. Awful going it was, the pain killing

KEEN BARGAIN HUNTERS

BIG POWERS KNOW HOW TO
GET VALUE FOR MONEY.

Yankees Have Bought More Land
for Cash Than Any Other
Nation.

The maligned ladies who are made fun of in the comic papers, because of their fondness for freighting sales where everything is to be disposed of at an immense sacrifice, are in very good company. Some of the biggest Powers of the world have been keen bargain-hunters, says Pearson's Weekly.

The United States, for instance, easily takes first place where big transactions in real estate are concerned. Our Yankee cousins have bought more land for hard cash than any other nation. Private speculations have been quite outdone. America's first bargain in this direction consisted of the purchase of a whole state, out and out.

Some people suppose that England was the only country which had any settlement in North America when the war of Independence broke out. This was not so, however. England held only thirteen of the States which at present form the Union. Spain possessed Louisiana and Florida. The Redskins had the rest.

Napoleon forced Spain to cede Louisiana to him. But he could not send either warships or soldiers to protect it, and he saw that it was practically certain to fall into the hands of England unless he did something. So, in 1803, he offered to sell it to the Yankees. They promptly accepted it, and paid him \$10,750,000 "cash down" for it. They made a splendid bargain, for Louisiana could not be purchased row for fifty times the sum given.

\$15 A SQUARE MILE.

Besides, if the State still belonged to France, the United States would be in exactly the same position as we are in India—as we have to keep up a great army to defend the Indian frontier, so the Americans would be compelled to spend millions of dollars yearly on an army capable of defending her frontier against possible trouble with her French neighbors.

Uncle Sam's next bargain was the biggest on record. Alaska is a vast tract of country, 580,107 square miles in extent—more than four times as large as Great Britain and Ireland. For a long time it belonged to Russia; but it was never much good to the Muscovites, and in 1867 the Czar let it be known that it was in the market. Great Britain could have had it, but refused to bid. The United States snapped it up for \$7,250,000. They got it cheap, paying less than \$15 a square mile.

Up to now, it must be admitted, Alaska has not paid, for it is mostly a desert of ice and snow. But it is full of possibilities. It contains the Yukon region next door to our Klondike, so that there is a possibility of millions of gold coming out of it yet. Also the country is fairly rich in seals.

The United States also purchased the Philippines and Porto Rico, paying \$20,000,000 for them. Altogether, therefore, Uncle Sam has purchased nearly three-quarters of a million square miles.

SCIENCE DEFEATS DEATH

ANIMALS KILLED AND THEN
BROUGHT TO LIFE.

Experiments With Electricity to be
Put Into Practice on Human Beings.

Louise G. Rabinovitch of New York and Dr. V. Magan are preparing another step in their series of discoveries in electric sleep experiments, and those which have been safely conducted on rabbits and dogs will be made on human beings, patients in the insane hospital of Sainte Anne in Paris.

Dr. Rabinovitch has been conducting experiments with hopes of finding the means of doing away entirely with the usual anaesthetics—ether and chloroform—and so far has been very successful, says a cable despatch to the Globe.

ELECTRIC SLEEP.

The city of Paris early in the summer fitted up a laboratory for the Hospital of Sainte Anne, and there she has been working steadily. Already she has put a patient to sleep by electricity without performing an operation. She has also in several cases used electricity as a local anaesthetic on a part of the arm or leg and has performed a slight operation. Her intention now is, in which she is encouraged by the veteran Dr. Magan, to perform a serious operation made under the influence of electric sleep. This will be the first time that this has been done anywhere in the world.

Dr. Rabinovitch has made some remarkable discoveries while she has been working in her laboratory, and finds no difficulty in instilling life into animals which have died on the operating table. The immense value of this discovery to physicians when patients die by cause of an anaesthetic can be seen at once.

DOG DIED THREE TIMES.

One dog playing about the laboratory, the doctor told me, had been dead three times. "While under the influence of electric sleep I killed her instantly with chloroform. The heart stopped beating and respiration ceased. If the animal had been left alone then it would have remained dead, but I immediately instituted artificial respiration by means of electricity, and presently the animal started to breathe of its own accord. Again, after I had killed the dog and resuscitated it, hemorrhage set in, caused by an operation, and the dog bled to death. I brought it back to life again. The animal is at present perfectly healthy."

While I was in the laboratory the doctor put a rabbit under the influence of electric sleep. In a comparatively short time, when the rabbit came out from under the influence, it hopped away contentedly.

FROM DEATH TO LIFE.

For all her experiments on animals the doctor has kept records which show the tracings of the animal's respiration and heart action throughout the experiment. At the point where a perfectly straight line is reached on the tracings the animal is dead. A little farther on the regular curved lines show artificial respiration, and still farther the irregular lines show that the

Though your overcoat may occasionally be a little shiny at the seams, you are eminently respectable on a salary of a hundred and fifty pounds a year, after forty years' service in the City. It is true, you are mentally hidebound, that you work twelve hours a day, and that you get a fortnight's holiday only once a year. It is also true, you must confess, that you are growing old; that, owing to family expenses and cares, you have not been able to save money; that if you fall ill you will worry yourself into a premature grave; lest you should be dismissed at a week's notice. All these things are true.

But as a set-off against these, you are a sidesman at your church; you wear broadcloth, and you are very much respected in your circle. True, your wife is getting to look very old from constant anxiety to make both ends meet; your girls cannot bear to tell you how much their shoes want mending, that they have to turn their dresses and get sham fur wraps because your neighbors next door are doing the same thing; and you dare not order the cheaper, more nourishing kinds of food because it isn't respectable, and your neighbors—always the neighbors—would talk about it. Oh, you do dozens of things of this kind—things by which you offer yourself up to your fetish. Respectability, and grow grey and careworn, and have all the manhood knocked out of you because you lead an artificial life and continue to sacrifice to your idol.

A PRAIRIE EDEN.

But, John Smith, let me tell you of a little experience of my own last year out in the wilds beyond Winnipeg. I put up at a prairie farm one night. I did not know the man, but it was the nearest place, five miles from a town, at which to put up; and when I said I was an Englishman the big, brawny man who came to the little farmhouse door said, "So 'a I"; and we shook hands. Then a very pretty woman, she glowed with health, and carried a bonny baby in her arms, said, "If you'll hold the baby, I'll get supper ready for you." And I held the baby while the man put up my horse, and the baby laughed and played and snuggled her sweet little self into my heart.

"Say," said my host, as we sat smoking after supper, "do you think I look like one of those chaps who go about London with a chain round their waists and collect money for a bank?" "No," she, he continued, pointing to his wife, "look as if she'd been a draper's drudge!"

She did not; and I said so. She was more like a prairie rose.

"Does this look like a putty-faced London baby?" he asked, pulling the little girl down into his beard.

I said the baby was sweeter than the memory of one's first love.

He drew a long breath.

TEN YEARS AGO.

"And to think of it! Ten years ago I was a bank clerk; ten years ago my wife was apprenticed to a 'respectable firm of linendrapers'; ten years ago—Well, I went mad at the despair of it all, chucked respectability, black coats, shiny-toed boots, 'pot' hats. I breathed a little prayer to the God who fashioned me in His own image, and I said, 'O God, never mind the outward shams or respectability, but find me some work a man can do, and be happy in the doing with the

Revelstone to help me. I was frozen, besides the certainty of freezing. I knew my hurt would never let me start again, and I didn't think I could keep on going. I felt I was gone, but I resolved to die hard and play the game through.

"Off I hiked on the rackets. Awful going it was, the pain killing me by inches, and every rag on me frozen solid.

"Night came. I kept on like a madman, for I dared not stop a second. If I drowsed an instant I was dead.

"I reached White's cabin. All nature urged me to go in for a rest. I had reason enough left to know I would be no last rest, so I hit the cabin, ready with a gun. When I had been hiking steady for forty-two hours, I fell in it my own door, and things swam and went dark.

"It was three months, even to catches. Going out again next winter." Sure!

RUSSIAN VILLAGE FIRES.

Attempt to Deal With the Evil in the Good Old Way.

The present is the season of village conflagrations which annually destroy thousands of the peasants' wooden houses, and besides ruining whole communities involve no small loss of life, writes the St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Standard.

Given the intense heat which renders the wooden hovels inflammable as torchwood at the end of summer, and the inevitable custom of every village that the able-bodied of both sexes spend all the hours of daylight in the fields gathering in the harvest, it would seem that nothing can be done to put an end to this terrible scourge.

Children and the helpless aged are locked up or locked out, as the case may be, for the entire day, and are left to shift for themselves. If one hovel takes fire nothing can save the whole village. The zemstvos have been fighting for a generation with this danger by the rational method of assisting peasants to roof their hovels with iron instead of straw, establish fire brigades, etc., but the process is a slow one.

Much amusement is being caused by an administrative attempt to deal with the evil in the good old way. The Governor of Poltava has issued a fiat that any peasant leaving children without supervision shall be fined £30 (which is three times the average amount of annual taxation, collected with so much difficulty from an impoverished class); he is imprisoned for three months.

The "administrative order," issued under the provisions of martial law, is typical of much that is being done by incompetent provincial governors without the sanction and too frequently witness the knowledge of their central organs of government. As is pointed out, if no fire occurs not one case in 10,000 of children being left alone at home will ever come to light, and in any case the harvest must be garnered, and can only be garnered by every able-bodied man and woman working sixteen and eighteen hours a day in the fields, which may be anything from one mile to ten miles away from their homes.

Teacher—"Yes, Freddie, the tail of the comet is 3,000,000 miles long." Freddie—"Great Scott! There wouldn't be much fun trying a tin can on the end of that!"

simony or millions or gold coming out of it yet. Also the country is fairly rich in seals.

The United States also purchased the Philippines and Porto Rico, paying \$20,000,000 for them. Altogether, therefore, Uncle Sam has purchased nearly three-quarters of a million square miles.

Although there is no record of Britain buying big tracts of territory for cash, she has done a little bargaining. In 1878 the Sultan of Turkey was in deadly fear of being attacked by Russia. Great Britain agreed, if certain circumstances arose, to fight for him. In return he handed over the island of Cyprus. Nominally, the island was to form a base for British troops, so that they could be more ready sent to the Sultan's assistance, if needed, but its transference practically amounted to payment in advance for the promised help.

BRITAIN'S BEST BARGAIN.

The "certain circumstances" have not yet arisen, and we have not fought Russia or any other country on Turkey's behalf. So Cyprus is not yet paid for.

The British Government holds the record of having paid the highest price ever given by a nation for a picture. This was \$350,000 given to the late Duke of Marlborough, in 1855, for the "Ansidei Madonna," by Raphael. When his Grace offered the picture for sale every art gallery in the world was anxious to buy, but Britain outbid them all.

Another good bargain was made by Great Britain in 1875. The Suez Canal, which, as everybody knows, is the short cut to India, was constructed by a French company founded by De Lesseps, the shares of which were held by pretty well all the Powers. Britain, though the nation most interested in the conduct of the canal, had at first no real control over its management. In time of war it might even have been closed to her warships and opened to an enemy.

But the largest shareholder was Ismail, the Khedive of Egypt. In 1875 he was on the brink of bankruptcy, and offered his shares, numbering 176,602, for sale. Germany and France would gladly have bought them, but they were forestalled by Lord Beaconsfield, who snapped them up at a total cost of \$20,383,110.

This made Great Britain the chief shareholder, and gave her a controlling voice in the great waterway.

AVOIDING TEMPTATION.

Tommy—"Ma, I met the minister on my way to Sunday school, and he asked me if I ever went fishing on Sunday."

Mater—"And what did you say, darling?"

Tommy—"I said, 'Get thee behind me, Satan,' and ran right away from him."

During the last year 29,208 vessels entered the Port of London.

Nothing short of a steam roller can stop a middle-aged woman who imagines she can sing.

Mrs. Bubbles—"Josiah, I am afraid Johnny has caught the measles. He's been playing with those Ikstein children." Mr. Bubbles—

"If the children are anything like old Ikstein, Maria, they won't give Johnny the measles or anything else without our being charged twenty per cent. for the accommodation."

which show the tracings of the animal's respiration and heart action throughout the experiment. At the point where a perfectly straight line is reached on the tracings the animal is dead. A little farther on the regular curved lines show artificial respiration, and still farther the irregular lines show that the animal has commenced to breathe again by itself.

The doctor is confident that all her experiments can be put into practice on human beings. When the animal is under the influence of the current it reacts to no stimulus, and when the current is turned off the awakening is instantaneous. There is no after-sickness nor stupor.

PRIECE AMONG GAME FISH.

Fierce Mascalonge of the Canadian Lakes.

In the bed of a drained-off lake was found the skull of a mascalonge with a swan's skull inside of it, and the teeth were locked in the bone, showing that the strong, powerful bird had been attacked during a time when its head was under water, and possibly in the fierce battle that must have ensued each combatant drowned the other. The fish was supposed to have been about seventy pounds in weight. Another case on record is that of a five-pound fish being found dead, apparently choked by the partly swallowed body of another fish of three pounds.

So voracious is the mascalonge that it will devour any living thing that comes within its vision. Full-grown bullfrogs, good-sized ducklings, small aquatic birds, as well as many water mammals, become an easy prey to its yawning sepulchre of a mouth. Fortunate it is, indeed, that this assassin is not of a roving disposition, for if it were, few, if any fish, including its own kind, would be left to bear it company. At rare intervals does it move from its lair, then all other fish, big and little, flee from the tyrant as if from plague.

There are stories told of this fish having carried away young Indian children while bathing near the shores of the Canadian lakes. No authentic case can be cited, however, within the memory of man; but it is quite possible, indeed likely, very young children would be so frightened at the sight of this ugly looking monster that they would drown.

Without question the mascalonge is a fresh water fish of the highest rank, both as to size, strength and endurance. It is the largest member of the "Essox" family. There are two species, the spotted mascalonge (*Lucius masquinongy*), and the unspotted mascalonge (*Lucius chirocentrus*). The latter inhabits the Ohio River drainage system, and is most plentiful in the Chautauqua Lake. The spotted mascalonge is abundant in the St. Lawrence, the Great Lake region, and northern Canada.

Judge—"What is your name?" Prisoner—"I've forgotten the name I gave last night." Judge—"Didn't you give your own name?" Prisoner—"No, your worship; I'm travelling incog."

Mr. Newwed—"These pies aren't near as good as the ones mother used to make." Mrs. Newwed—"Yes, and your salary ain't near as good as—" "One my father used to make, either."

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going on in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

An experiment in dust laying with calcium chloride is being made on the road near Penicuik.

There were fine catches of salmon lately on the Solway, the heaviest being one weighing 40 pounds.

Another outbreak of scarlet fever has occurred in Kierkeady in the Third Ward district of the burgh.

The band performances of the Sunday Society in Edinburgh, have been so successful this summer that they are to be continued.

There has been a raid at Colonsay against rats, and it is believed that the measures taken will effectually clear the island of the rodents.

At Loughrea recently, Andrew Moran, merchant, was fined \$500 for using a post office stamp, which had already been used on a receipt.

Inverary Highland games were held recently in favorable weather before 8,000 spectators. The entries were numerous and competitions keen.

Mr. Alexander Henderson, son of Mr. George Henderson, cooper, residing in River street, Montrose, has been selected to be chauffeur to the Khedive of Egypt.

For the year ending May, 1917, the number of sane poor in Scotland relieved from the rats was 147,660, being equal to 330 per 10,000 of the population.

The fishing village of Witrna was on fete recently on the occasion of the wedding of four villagers, all old, in one case a bachelor of 87 marrying a spinster of 84.

Musselburgh has 170 oldest inhabitants, but only 100 of them will be eligible for old age pensions. Even that number, however, totals up to a very tidy sum annually.

There are two things which St. Andrews folks have frequently tried to discover—where to get an additional water supply and where the entrance to the Cathedral crypt is.

A man created a sensation at Aberdeen recently by diving into the Dee from Victoria bridge (a height of sixty feet) and then swimming ashore—where he was welcomed by the police.

The mansion-house of Galloway House and grounds, near Garlieston, and lands extending to over 11,400 acres, have been sold by the Earl of Galloway to Sir Malcolm D. McEharn, Overstone Park, Northampton.

At Jedburgh a whin bush is growing on the top of a tall fir tree. It is supposed a seed of the whin had been carried up by a bird, and had found a crevice in the tree and there started business. The unusual growth forms a pretty sight when the whin is in blossom.

FLYING THINGS.

Eagle and Condor Not in It With Steadily Flying Time.

"The eagle and the condor can certainly fly some, but," said the man with frost in his hair, "they don't begin to be in it with steady

VAST EUROPEAN ESTATE

SEARCH OF THIRTY YEARS HAS BEEN REWARDED.

Prof. O. H. de Lamorton Has Received Word That He is Heir to \$5,000,000.

Several times a millionaire through inheritance, and for the past thirty years ignorant of the whereabouts of his mother and sister, for whom he has advertised continually in leading European publications, not certain even that the mother and sister were in the land of the living, Prof. O. H. de Lamorton, an inventor, of Tampa, Florida, is soon to come into possession of a vast European estate, and is again to know the full meaning in sense and spirit, of the words mother and sister.

Thirty-six years ago his mother and father were divorced in London. The mother received the custody of the daughter of the union. To the father was entrusted the charge of three sons. The sons went to Paris with the father, the mother remaining in London with her daughter. In the gay French capital the sons were placed in college, all receiving a thorough collegiate training.

SAILED FOR AUSTRALIA.

Then the oldest son, Prof. O. H. de Lamorton, now of Tampa, went to Perth, Australia, with his father's brother. In those days only sailing vessels were employed on the run to Australia. The trip took three months. While in Perth Prof. de Lamorton received word of the death of his father, leaving him heir to an estate in Paris valued at over \$2,000,000. Immediately he returned to France, and there received \$100,000 cash in French money and possession of part of the property. This was several years after the divorce of his father and mother.

STEPMOTHER ON SCENE.

Then came another link in the eventual life chain of the de Lamorton family. Two years after the divorce the father had married, this only a short time before his death. This gave the boys a stepmother, who took possession of the home property. According to the will left by the father the property was to remain in the possession of the stepmother until the three boys could find their own mother and sister.

Prof. de Lamorton, the rightful heir, began the campaign of advertising he has continued off and on for the past thirty years.

In July of this year he received tidings of his mother and sister. The letter told him that, on the mother's side, he was heir to over \$2,500,000 worth of property, and had been for thirty-six years, his grandfather having died prior to the death of his father, an event of which he had been ignorant. This letter shows that Prof. de Lamorton is worth to-day about \$5,000,000.

TWO BROTHERS IN CANADA.

His father and mother were divorced because of differences existing between their families caused by the French-English war. There were members of both families, generals in the opposing armies. Relations of the father served in

COST MONEY TO BURY MAN

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS WAS PAID IN POLAND.

Curious Holdup in Which Wealthy Family was Mulcted for Benefit of Poor.

Ten thousand dollars would appear to be a big sum to pay, not for funeral pomp, but for the right to buy the body of one's husband. And yet, the widow of a Polish Jew has just paid that sum for the privilege in the Polish province of Radom, writes a Moscow correspondent. Mr. Neumark, a rich man, died within the limits of his own commune of Radom, but expressed a wish in his will to be buried in the neighboring commune of Kielce, chiefly because his parents were buried there and he had passed his youth in the same place. But the rabbi of the commune of Radom objected to the dead man's wishes, saying that, by the rules of their commune, a man must be buried where he lives and dies.

"Very well," said Mrs. Neumark. "This rule was made because the family gives money to charities at the time of the funeral. We will give you 300 or 400 rubles (\$200) if you will waive your right to bury the body in this commune." The rabbi agreed and Mr. Neumark's relatives hastened to the commune of Kielce to arrange for the funeral. But there they met with quite

AN UNFORSEEN OBSTACLE.

The rabbi of Kielce bluntly refused to bury the body in his commune.

"You have given 400 rubles to your own commune and now you expect me to bury your relative in mine," he said. "I refuse to do anything of the sort. You must bury him in your own commune." The family began to bargain. They were ready to pay the rabbi of Kielce the same sum they had given to the rabbi of Radom.

"No," he answered. "Your rabbi gets 400 rubles for his poor doing nothing. I must have 800 rubles for burying Mr. Neumark."

The weather was hot and Mr. Neumark's body ought to have been quickly placed under the ground. His widow, determined not to spend 1,200 rubles on the burial, applied to the police to force the rabbi of Kielce to bury the body without delay, on the ground of public health. The police received the woman somewhat scornfully.

"What is all this fuss about a funeral?" they asked. "The whole matter is simple enough. You must have the man buried within a week of his death at the latest, or you, as his heir, will pay a fine of 300 rubles, with an additional fine of 300 rubles for every day you keep the body above ground. Where did Mr. Neumark die—in which district?"

"In the commune of Radom," answered Mr. Neumark's widow,

A FAT WOMAN OF 45.

"Then, by the laws of the country, he must be buried in the commune of Radom," he said finally and returned to his glass of tea and his newspaper.

The Neumark family went home sorrowing and ordered the street guardians to water the body with a solution of carbolic acid. Then the rabbi of Radom and told

THE MODERN STEAMSHIP

ELECTRIC MARVELS ON BIG ATLANTIC LINERS.

The Latest Cunard Steamers Utilize Electricity for a multitude of Purposes.

Although much has, from time to time, been written about the two leviathan Cunard steamers, Lusitania and Mauretania, yet comparatively few can grasp the significant part which electricity plays throughout these ships. A few facts relating to the electrical equipment of the Mauretania may be of interest.

Apart from the 70,000 h. p. of the turbines which propel the ship through the water, the electrical power, which is supplied by four generators, represents an additional 2,144 h. p.

Electricity is used not only for illuminating the ship at night, but for a multitude of other purposes, such as operating the lifts, of which there are two for passengers' use, eight for baggage and mails, and two smaller ones in the pantries. Electrically-driven cranes and winches are also provided. It may be of interest to know that 6,300 electric lamps are installed throughout the ship, giving the enormous total of over 100,000 candle-power. For heating the first-class quarters sixty electric radiators have been fitted, to say nothing of some forty-three heaters in the bathrooms for use during the cold weather.

NUMEROUS ELECTRIC FANS

are used for ventilating the various rooms, and are so arranged that they can supply either warm or cool air according to the weather, while the air in the cabins can be totally changed six or eight times in an hour. Apart from the above ventilating-fans, sixteen larger ones, of 50 h. p. each, are fitted for supplying forced draught to the twenty-five boilers.

In the extensive kitchens of the Mauretania electricity is called upon to play an important role, and it may interest some housewives to learn that one range alone has a frontage of about 60 feet, and includes a roaster with four vertical spits rotated by an electric motor, these spits being capable of dealing with half a ton of meat at a time. This is in addition to a smaller roaster with three spits, driven in the same manner. In the bakery electricity is employed to operate a large dough-making machine capable of making bread for at least 2,000 persons.

Among the miscellaneous apparatus driven by this wonderful unseen power are three circular knives for slicing ham and bacon, four potato peelers, a whisking machine, several egg-boilers, numerous hot-plates for keeping the food warm, five plate-washing machines, and two twelve-quart freezers for making ice-cream for the passengers, to say nothing of

THE COLD-STORAGE PLANT

and the electrical printing press which enables the 'Cunard Daily Bulletin' to be published on board.

Some idea of the size of the vessel may be obtained when it is mentioned that over 100 miles of wires and cables are fitted throughout the

Eagle and Condor Not in It With Steadily Flying Time.

"The eagle and the condor can certainly fly some, but," said the man with frost in his hair, "they don't begin to be in it with steady flying time."

"You see, the eagle and the condor have to rest once in a while, while time keeps a-plugging right along—there's something uncanny about the flight of time."

"And not only does it keep going so, but as we grow older it seems all the time to be speeding up; going steadily faster and faster. You know how when we were young the days seemed long and the seasons interminable and the years without end! While now, the mornings come and go and the weeks fly and the years we count with little bits between, they go so fast; and what with my increasing years and the seeming quicker flight of time as we grow older I find myself now, for the first time in my life, in sight of the end; and this is a new and serious awakening and an impressive sensation."

"You see, when we are young, still on the upward slope of life, not yet to the top of the hill, the whole world seems to us yet to come and we advance to greet it joyfully, and then when at middle life we get to the top of the hill it spreads out all around us, and of the end we never think; but as we go down the other slope there comes, as I find there has come gently to me now, a time when we realize that our prospect is gradually but surely narrowing."

"To be sure we give ourselves every year we can; we are going to be long lived; not cut off at 70 or 80 or 90, we are going to live to be a hundred anyway, as we do not doubt; but even so we have passed the summit, we have lived the greater number of our years, and we are drawing now on the steadily diminishing remainder; and when that idea once strikes you squarely so that you take it in it gives you something to think about."

"But not to worry over; not the least little bit. You still have your work to do, haven't you? Why, sure, and you find in it and in every breath you draw a greater joy than ever. Life is mellow and ripper and fuller of happiness. You don't waste time worrying over trifling things. You come to have wings of your own now too, on which you mount to take a wider survey, to see with clearer vision, and you come back to your own corner with a contentment you never had before, a kinder charity."

"Life is pleasant on this slope, very pleasant; but I do wish I could invent some sort of brake to check the flight of time. Talk about eagles and condors! They are not in it for flying with time!"

MYSTIFIED.

Mr. Younghusband—"Don't you understand how to do it, darling?"

Mrs. Younghusband—"Yes, I understand all right; but it says, 'first clean your chicken,' and I don't know whether to use toilet or scouring soap."

SHE REFRAINED.

"Mercy!" cried Algernon. "Here's a man died of brain fever, brought on by playing chess. I am always playing chess."

"Yes, but you know—" began Miss Sharpe, and then she decided she wouldn't say it.

TWO BROTHERS IN CANADA.

His father and mother were divorced because of differences existing between their families caused by the French-English war. There were members of both families, generals in the opposing armies. Relatives of the father served under Napoleon Bonaparte, while kindred of the mother were generals under Wellington. The father kept the three sons in darkness with respect to the English side of the house. It now develops that Prof. de Lamorton's mother and sister have been advertising for him for thirty years without success. His two brothers are in Canada, and have been notified of the finding of mother and sister, and soon in England there will be a reunion of the Lamortons, the sons and brothers journeying from America for this purpose. The boys in Canada, now prosperous business men, will receive equal amounts when all documents have been adjusted properly.

SHIPS FOR THE NAVY.

Most Formidable Squadrons in the World.

During the next few months the British navy will be considerably strengthened by the addition of many new ships now approaching completion, including four battleships and three armored cruisers. These new vessels will augment the naval forces in the North Sea, where they will replace ships of an older type.

First of the battleships will be the Lord Nelson. This ship, which has been built on the Tyne, has been greatly delayed by labor troubles. She belongs to the 1904-5 naval construction well over three years. When completed she will join her sister ship, the Agamemnon, in the Nore division of the Home Fleet, relieving the Magnificent as flagship of the rear-squadron (the Hon. S. C. J. Colville).

The Lord Nelson will be closely followed by the three improved Dreadnoughts of the 1906-7 programme. The Bellerophon, built at Portsmouth, is nearly ready for commencing her trials, and the Temeraire, at Devonport, is also in a forward state. The Superb, building by Messrs. Armstrong, Whitworth, is not in such a satisfactory condition, the labor disputes having affected her as well as the Lord Nelson. She should, however, be ready for the pennant in the early spring of 1909.

These four battleships are all destined to join the Nore Division of the Home Fleet. At present that fleet comprises the Dreadnought (flagship of the commander-in-chief), Agamemnon, Jupiter, Victorious and Magnificent, the last three being more than twelve years old. Owing to the delay in the delivery of the Lord Nelson the total of six has had to be made up by the cruiser battleship Indomitable, which is temporarily taking the place of the battleship London. The great cruiser is at present in Chatham dockyard, having a few minor defects attended to.

A NATURAL RESULT.

"My friends," said a temperance lecturer, lowering his voice to an impressive whisper, "if all the public-houses were at the bottom of the sea, what would be the result?"

And the answer came, "Lots of people would get drowned."

try, he must be buried in the commune of Radom," he said finally and returned to his glass of tea and his newspaper.

The Neumark family went home sorrowing and ordered the street guardians to water the body with a solution of carbolic acid. Then they repaired to the rabbi and told him that, after consulting the police, they had come to the conclusion that the deceased man's wishes could not be carried out because the law said he must be buried in Radom. But this time the rabbi of Radom was not so willing to bury the late Mr. Neumark. He had got 400 rubles for his poor and had learned what happened at the commune of Kielce. So he shook his head and said nothing could be done for a week, when the commune council would meet. Then he could put the case before them.

"But the body of my poor husband must be buried at once," cried the now distracted widow. "It is in a terrible state and the police give us till the day after tomorrow. You must bury it and done with. But the rabbi was not easily frightened and shook his head."

"You will pay the police fine and not I. For the rest, you would not have your husband buried here at first and paid 400 rubles to take him elsewhere. Now—I must have my turn. I will bury your husband as soon as you like. But first you must put down on this table

20,000 RUBLES.

for the communal schools and hospitals. You will find it cheaper in the end than paying police fines and healthier, too, for the weather is hot and I hear the street guardians are tired of pouring carbolic on your husband's body."

At this the Neumark family began to wail and plead and protest. But the rabbi was firm and they went home without coming to any agreement. In the evening a policeman called to remind them of the impending fine. Next morning the street guardians struck for double pay—and got it. Soon after Mrs. Neumark went to bargain with the rabbi. But he stuck to his demand, and before evening, with the police, the street guardians and poor Mr. Neumark's remains pressing for immediate attention, the situation became so unbearable that she paid the 20,000 rubles and the funeral took place.

MISPLACED SYMPATHY.

Benevolent Old Gent—"I am sorry, Johnny, to see you have a black eye."

Promising Youth—"You go home and be sorry for your own little boy—he's got two."

Mrs. Jones—"Good gracious, Mrs. Brown, why is your husband going through all those strange actions? Is he training for a prize-fight?" Mrs. Brown—"Not at all; he's merely getting in form to beat the carpets."

Charming Hostess (to dyspeptic guest, who has been refusing dish after dish)—"I'm so distressed, you've had no dinner at all!" Guest—"Thank you—but I have to be very particular about my food."

Mrs. Kidd—"Really, John! I wish you'd punish this boy. He kept making the queerest noises all through the service this morning. Irrepressible Child—"Boo boo! 'Twasn't my fault. I told you I was a fire engine before we started."

and the electric printing press which enables the 'Canard Daily Bulletin' to be published on board.

Some idea of the size of the vessel may be obtained when it is mentioned that over 200 miles of wires and cables are fitted throughout the ship.

The electric bell and telephone installation on the Mauretania surpasses anything hitherto attempted in connection with ship work. Bell pushes are placed over every bed, and altogether 1,295 electric bell pushes have been fitted in the various cabins, etc., whilst telephones, of which there are upwards of 100, are to be found in numerous parts of the ship and in all the best rooms.

Apart from the Marconi wireless telegraph outfit, which enables passengers to learn all that is going on in the world just as if they were in a first-class hotel in London instead of miles from land, means have been provided for coupling the ship up to the city telephone exchanges when lying alongside the landing stages at Liverpool or New York, thus enabling passengers to communicate with their friends or to transact business the moment the vessel touches the quay, or to say good-bye to friends in distant parts of the city up to the time

THE BOAT LEAVES LAND.

Electricity also plays an important part in the safety devices on board this wonderful ship, as, for instance, showing the officer in charge which water-tight doors are actually closed and what navigating lamps are lit. It is also employed to operate the fog-horn from the wheel-house, and for the system of fire alarms, in connection with which there are thirty-eight alarm pushes in prominent parts of the vessel.

Four electric searchlights are carried on board, and, in addition to the usual complement of life-buoys which every ship carries, two special buoys have been provided for use at night. These, upon being released by pressing a button, automatically light a flare upon striking the water, thus indicating their position. Mention must be made of the system of electric clocks, which are placed in the various saloons and important situations throughout the ship.

The electric installation on this vessel represents about 80,000 value, or some fifteen times the cost of the electric equipment on an average Atlantic liner.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Many a big sorry is born of a little sin.

Greater work is the best reward for good work.

Character depends more on conscience than on creed.

Laws always depend on our essential valuation of life.

Religion is not to bind back, but to bind together all men.

The god who can be expressed in figures is only a figurative god after all.

He who sells out his friends lays his own soul on the bargain counter.

Success is not so much in getting there as in knowing what you are there for.

Envy is the habit of extracting our own misery out of the happiness of others.

The greatness of any man's present depends on the length of his view of the future.

Long Boots ! Better Values

We have a large assortment of Long Boots

Bought from the best manufacturers in the Dominion of Canada. Our guarantee to give satisfaction stands behind every pair we sell.

Men's Long Boots at \$2.50

with good length of leg, strong, solid leather soles and heels, and the best value we know of.

Men's Long Boots at \$3.00

made of oil grain leather and heavy oil finished Cowhide. The kind you will pay \$3.50 for in most stores.

Our \$3.50 Rubberized Kip leads them all

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR.

DAFOE'S NONESUCH
DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and **BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR** always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best **ANTHRACITE COAL**. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

Cambridge's Bread

wins its way on its merits. It is unequalled for lightness and flavour. Give it a trial.

Try our Ice Cream and Ice Cream Sodas.

made of purest materials.

Just received shipment of Lowrey's high grade Chocolates, also COWAN'S MAPLE BUDS and MEDALLIONS, fine goods.

Lunches served at all hours at

Cambridge's Confectionery.

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

than are usually given

WE GIVE

—in—

UNDERWEAR
HOSIERY, SHIRTS

A.E. Lazier.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
30-3-m Napanee.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Now's The Time to Pack Eggs.

Get the Water Glass Egg preserver at Wallace's Drug Store.

Evaporator Opened.

Messrs. Cellier Bros. have had their Apple Evaporator put in first class shape for the season and are ready to receive all the apples offered, and pay the highest cash prices.

Now Open For Retail.

The W. A. Rose & Co will now put on the greatest sale of fine china ever shown in Napanee. Everything must be closed in two months. Call and make your selections.

THE W. A. ROSE & CO.

Woman's Missionary Society

The second annual convention of the Woman's Missionary Society, Napanee District, (Tamworth Division) will be held in Trinity church, Napanee, on Wednesday, October 14th. The morning session will open at 10.30 o'clock, the afternoon session at 1.15. It is hoped that all the Auxiliary on the district will be well represented. The general public are cordially invited.

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Western Methodist Church.

Special day in Sunday School work. The morning services will be devoted to the school, also a welcome home to the pastor, and promotion of classes from primary. In the evening special music by the choir, and a selection by the male quartette.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Amatite Roofing, mineral surfaced, needs no painting. Made of time-tried roofing material only. Durable, lasting, easily applied, waterproof, fire retardant, especially adapted for flat roofs. An attractive roof, practical at every point. Cheaper than shingles. For sale at the Frost & Wood agency, John st., Napanee. C. A. Wiseman, Agent. 40 c p.

Dislocated his shoulder.

While going to attend a sale at the Flynn property, near Morven, on Tuesday morning, Mr. George Greer met with a bad accident. He had gotten out of the buggy to close the gate when the colt he was driving started, throwing him down with the result that his shoulder was dislocated. He was immediately driven back to Napanee and the shoulder set and he is doing as well as could be expected.

Church of St. Mary Magdlene.

Confirmation this Friday evening in the Chapel at 8 o'clock. Also every Tuesday afternoon and evening at 3, and all those who wished to be confirmed (adults only) and those who have not quite made up their minds are requested to attend these addresses. The confirmation will probably be held on Sunday, Nov. 15th. Services on Sunday, Oct. 11th, 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Big Reduction in Lamps.

Beginning with Saturday, Oct. 3rd, we will sell the balance of last year's stand lamps as follows, in order to make room for new stock.

\$6.50 reduced to \$4.85.
5.50 " " 4.10.
3.75 " " 2.85.
2.50 " " 1.85.
2.00 " " 1.55.
1.50 " " 1.20.
1.00 " " 80.

The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

A welcome visitor.

An expert foot specialist is coming here Monday, Oct. 12th, and will stay at the Campbell House until Friday, Oct. 16th. Readers suffering with bad corns, warts, bunions or ingrowing toe-nails should take this chance of getting their feet cured at little expense and no pain whatever. This great specialist also improves the skin on the face by removing by new system, pimples, blackheads or superfluous hair. Can be seen at hotel or will call at your home by appointment at no extra charges.

OUR LINES . . .

Regal Shoe for men
McPherson Shoe for men
Boston Shoe for men
Dr. Vernon's Cushion Sole Shoe for men and women
Retindo Shoe for women
Boston Shoe for women
McPherson Shoe for women

The Peoples' Shoe Store,

Hawley & Maybee,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

Poultry Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Napanee Poultry Association was held on Wednesday evening, when the following officers were elected:

Hon. Pres.—Uriah Wilson.
Hon. Vice Presidents—Messrs. Harvey Warner, W. H. Hunter, W. T. Gibbard and Dennis Daly.
President—Mr. Geo. Degroff.

—Hams, Shoulders
—Roll Bacon
—Long Clear Bacon
—Breakfast Bacon
—Lard, Split Peas
—Beans and
—Bologna Sausage
—Try our Cottage Ham

Prices Right.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Telephone 130.

DON'T SHOOT...

Till you have inspected our stock of **SWISS ARMY REPEATING RIFLES**. Each Rifle holds 12 cartridges in magazine and one in chamber, and they are guaranteed to be perfect.

Our stock is now in and we will sell each rifle for a

\$5 BILL.

This is a genuine bargain. We are only able to get a limited supply and they won't last long.

M. S. MADOLE.

PHONE 13.

Just received shipment of Lowrey's high grade Chocolates, also COWAN'S MAPLE BUDS and MEDALLIONS, fine goods.

Lunches served at all hours at

Cambridge's Confectionery.

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

This is a genuine bargain. We are only able to get a limited supply and they won't last long.

M. S. MADOLE.

PHONE 13.

Public Health Notice

Owing to the combined drouth and for other reasons many of the wells in the town are contaminated with typhoid and other germs. The Board of Health, therefore, wishes to notify the public that as a precautionary measure all water from wells in the town should be boiled before being used.

P. GLEESON,
Chairman Board of Health.

Dated October 1st, 1908.

We have a few good second hand wood cook stoves and coal heaters.

BOYLE & SON.

The attraction at Naylor's opera house, Deseronto, this Friday evening is "The Real Widow Brown."

Messrs. VanLaven Bros. announce that owing to the rush of business they will be unable to open their Napanee branch until Saturday, Oct. 17th.

A. S. KIMMERLY is selling Five Roases Flour \$3. Good Flour \$2.75, 3 Packages Toasted Corn Flake 25c. We pay 18c. a dozen for Eggs. 22 Nutmegs for 5c, 20 lbs. Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

The Ladies' Aid of Trinity Methodist church will hold a Thanksgiving supper in the hall of the church on Monday evening, Nov. 9th. Further particulars later.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's Itch, and every form of contagions Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by T. B. Wallace.

Miss May Fisher has been appointed sub-agent for Napanee, Deseronto and district of the "Spirilla" corset, undoubtedly the finest at present before the public. A practical demonstration of its qualities can be had for the asking.

Savage & Brown, who for the past seven years have conducted a thriving blacksmith business on the south side of the market, have dissolved partnership. Mr. Henry R. Savage will continue the business. See ad. on page one of this issue.

Richard John Vanalstine, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Vanalstine, passed away on Tuesday morning, aged 10 months. The child had never been a healthy one, his twin brother having died last winter. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon. Much sympathy goes out to the bereaved young parents in the loss of their only child.

Mr. A. T. Frink passed away on Monday, after an illness of about four weeks of Typhoid fever, aged 34 years and one month. Deceased was a prosperous young farmer of North Fredericksburgh, and leaves a mother and widow to mourn his early demise. He also leaves a sister, Mrs. Sills and a brother, E. W. Frink. The funeral took place on Tuesday, services being conducted in Anderson's church and the remains placed in the Riverside cemetery vault.

His Honor Judge Price held County Court in the Court House on Tuesday afternoon. Only one case was called, viz Denison vs Liverland. An action brought by R. S. Denison against J. S. Liverland, of Ceteraqui, for recovery of the price of some timber sold by Denison to Liverland. The defendant paid into court \$25.33 for settlement of claim. Judgment for plaintiff for above amount, each party to pay their own costs. G. E. Rutten, K. C. for plaintiff, W. Nichol, K. C., Kingston, for defendant.

The second annual convention of the Woman's Missionary Society, Napanee District, (Tarnworth Division) will be held in Trinity church, Napanee, on Wednesday, October 14th. The morning session will open at 10.30 o'clock, the afternoon session at 1.15. It is hoped that all the Auxiliary on the district will be well represented. The general public are cordially invited.

The best window and picture glass is Pilkington's (English) Uniform thickness, free from flaws at The Medical Hall Fred L. Hooper.

Broke his leg.

Mr. Willis Loucks had the misfortune to break his leg on Wednesday of last week. He had gone down to Mr. Gibbard's camp to bring home a load of their camp goods and on his way home he noticed a nice lot of hickory nuts in the top of a tree. Thinking the nuts would prove a very nice refreshment to while away the time on his homeward way, he went after those nuts to the top of the tree. In some way Mr. Loucks managed to fall out of the tree onto a pile of hardheads and as a result he nurses a broken ankle and a lovely assortment of bruises.

To Cure a Cold In One Night.

Use Howard's Cold Break-ups, 25c the box and as easy to take as chocolate. Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Pianos and Organs.

The place to buy your pianos and organs is at VanLaven Bros., Napanee, where you will have your choice of 4 or 5 different makes. See the different styles, hear the different tones, and take your choice. We hope to be open for business on Saturday, October 17th, with a complete stock. Show rooms opposite Madill's store.

VANLAVEN BROS.

Napanee and Moscow.

P. S.

We want ten more horses on piano and organ deals and make out a car for the North West.

Lamps and lamp goods—some snaps in lamps and some extra values.

BOYLE & SON.

The Clever Blind Artists.

Those who attended the musical recital given by the three blind artists in the Western Methodist church on October 1st were one and all delighted with the programme, which consisted of songs, recitations and piano numbers. The attendance was good, notwithstanding counter attractions. Mr. W. T. Gibbard introduced the performers. The work of Mr. Herbert Treener on the piano was of an exceptional character. Mr. Treener had an artistic touch and the fact that he is totally blind makes his performance all the more wonderful. Mr. Roy Wilson, of Brockville, the elocutionist, gave a number of pleasing selections, and also shows himself to be of a humorous nature. Mr. Joseph Breault is a baritone singer of renown in the city of Ottawa and his rendering of The Veterans, Father O'Flynn and other numbers delighted his audience. Their entertainment is commended not only because they are blind, but because of their ability and their different branches of entertaining. The Epworth League under whose auspices they appeared have secured the promise from them to return in the future so those who missed hearing them this time will have that opportunity in the future.

Yes.

We want you to come and see us and bring along your cash, and we think we can show you that you can save money by buying from us. We are offering a big discount off all lines of crockery and glassware in order to reduce our stock, which is far too large for this season of the year. You will find as good value with us in all lines of groceries etc., as any where in town. Our tea at 25c. has them all whipped in the cup. Will pay highest price for eggs. THE COXALL CO.

Poultry Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Napanee Poultry Association was held on Wednesday evening, when the following officers were elected:

Hon. Pres.—Uriah Wilson.
Hon. Vice Presidents—Messrs. Harvey Warner, W. H. Hunter, W. T. Gibbard and Dennis Daly.

President Mr. Geo. Degroff.
1st Vice President Mr. H. E. Fralick.

2nd Vice President Mr. D. L. Hill.
Secretary-Treasurer—Mr. Geo. T. Walters.

Directors—Messrs. D. L. Boice, F. C. Bogart, Geo. Fralick, Wm. Hall, Rev. G. S. Chant, Jas. Fenwick.

Executive Committee—Messrs. A. E. Chinnick, H. Meng, E. J. Pollard, E. J. Walters, J. A. Wilson, A. O. Sine, F. J. Roblin, W. E. Vine, M. H. Fralick.

Superintendent Mr. M. H. Fralick.
Judge—Mr. L. J. Jarvis, Montreal.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

Ⓢ A simple and effective remedy for SORE THROATS AND COUGHS. They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LEKINSO, Miles Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

Morven Church.

The song service in the brick church a week ago last Sunday evening, was a decided success in every respect. There was a very large congregation present, the body of the church being filled and a number seated in the gallery, and all went home delighted and satisfied with the evening's programme. The choir sang three anthems very ably. A mixed trio by Miss Horton, Mrs. and Mr. G. Fralick, a ladies' trio by Miss Horton, Miss Perry and Mrs. Fralick, a ladies' quartette by Miss Horton, Mrs. Horton, Mrs. Fralick and Miss Funnell, and the chanting of the Lord's Prayer by the choir, were all excellently rendered. Also Miss Horton, in her well-known pleasing and very capable style, sang a beautiful solo. The pastor, Rev. Horton, occupied the pulpit, giving a short, instructive sermon. It is said they are going to make a specialty of their Ladies' trio and Ladies' Quartette, as they have splendid voices in that choir.

COAL
Anthracite
Steam
Smithing
and
Cannel
—ALSO—
DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD
FOR SALE.

Office: West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-t

CHAS. STEVENS,



Wedding Gifts

We are able to supply any want in the wedding gift line from a \$1.00 present to the highest. You will travel many miles before you find an assortment of cut glass, and sterling silverware equal to ours. The newest designs at enticing prices. Engagement rings and wedding rings, our specialty.

Marriage Licenses
Issued.

Smith's Jewelry Store

Administrator's Sale.

There will be sold by Public Auction on the market square, in the town of Napanee, at the hour of 10.30 in the forenoon, on the 10th day of October, 1908, the following goods and chattels, namely: Stallion, Sir John, jr., standard bred, registered 1662, a beautiful golden chestnut stallion, light mane and tail, weight 1200 lbs, height 16 hands; 1 chestnut mare, 11 years old; one two-horse liniment wagon; one one-horse liniment wagon; one rubber tire buggy, with top; one steel tire buggy, open; one set single harness; one trotting sulky. Terms of sale, cash. For full particulars apply to

W. J. DOLLER.

Administrator of the estate of Frederick Parker Douglas, deceased; or Mrs. F. P. Douglas, at her residence in the town of Napanee. 21-c.

STOVES AND FURNACES.

We have sold them for forty years and know when they are good, we will tell you how to heat your house.

BOYLE & SON.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*



NO NEED TO WEAR A SHABBY SUIT

When you can buy a NEW UP-TO-DATE ONE for the small sum of

\$5.00.

and upwards.

Graham & Vanalstyne.

EVENING DRESS

Prices Always Moderate.

As evening Dress Garments are worn only at strictly formal affairs which require clothes correct in every little detail it will pay you to leave your order for Dress Suits to Tuxedo with Walters, whose reputation for this class of work is so well established.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
October 5th, 1908.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor H. Meng in the chair.

Present—Councillors Alexander, Simpson, Denison, Osborne and Kimmerly.

Minutes of last regular session were read and confirmed.

Mrs. A. McNeill addressed the council in reference to an account sent to her demanding payment for cement crossing on Dundas street, opposite the west entrance to the Campbell House yards. Mrs. McNeill explained that she had never been consulted when the crossing was built and could not understand why she had been asked to pay for it. Referred to Streets Committee to investigate and report.

Mr. G. F. Ruttan addressed the council on behalf of Mr. B. Brisco who proposes making some extensive repairs to the opera house. The object of Mr. Ruttan's remarks was to induce the council to pass a by-law which would relieve Mr. Brisco from paying a license for a period of ten years. Mr. Ruttan explained that when the license was first charged it was done in order that the town might receive some remuneration from this property, but since the business tax came into force he thought the business should be exempt from license. In view of the inconvenience caused the town by the closing of this building, and the large amount of money to be expended, Mr. Brisco should be encouraged by the council in granting the request.

A by-law was introduced and passed exempting the Brisco opera house from paying a license for a period of ten years.

Mr. Brisco was granted permission to lay building material on East street, he to be responsible for any accidents caused thereby.

A communication was received from the Bell Telephone Co saying they had no objection to changing gong from the home of the Ex-chief of the Fire Brigade to the electric light power house. Of course the work was to be done by the company's employees and the town would have to pay costs of changing same. Filed.

The clerk explained that upon receipt of this communication he had answered it saying the conditions were agreeable to the council, and asking that the work be done at once.

Coun. Simpson presented the usual monthly statement of the treasurer which is as follows:

Nov
Dec
Jan
Feb
Mar
Apr
May
Jun
Jul
Aug
Sep
Oct

PERSONALS

Mr. A. G. Travers, of the Imperial Bank, Winnipeg, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. G. H. Travers.

Mrs. Wilson, of Glenora, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. A. Rose.

Mr. T. B. German is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Jno. W. Robinson won the Daly cup at golf, beating out Mr. W. A. Bellhouse in the finals.

Mrs. R. J. Delong attended Ameliasburg fair on Saturday where she acted as judge on plants and fine arts.

Mrs. Miller returned to Peterboro' this week after spending a couple of weeks with her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Ham, Dundas street.

Mrs. J. S. Ham is visiting in Hamilton, Toronto and Peterboro.

Miss Alma Thompson, trained nurse of Boston, is home with friends in Napanee.

Mrs. L. Perry, of Camden East, was in Napanee Wednesday.

Mrs. H. B. Sherwood spent a few days in Toronto last week. Miss Bessie Sherwood went with her and is attending the school of domestic science.

Miss Mae Steacy is visiting her friend, Miss Perry, in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rose returned from their trip to England on Sunday.

Mr. E. W. Grange, Ottawa, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. U. J. Flasch sail from Liverpool for home on Saturday.

Miss Iva Mae Horton, M. L. A., Morven, is to sing two solos at the celebration of the Jubilee of the dedication of the Methodist church, Newburgh, on the evening of Oct. 11th. Rev. D. O. Crossley, of Whitby, is expected to preach.

Mr. E. M. Horton, Morven Parsonage, has returned to Toronto University, and entered his 3rd. year at Medical College.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Doller and family, Yarker, are coming to Napanee for the winter.

Mr. J. W. Hall left last week for Alberta.

Mr. E. McLaughlin spent a few days this week in Detroit.

Mr. Douglas Jemmett left last week to attend Queen's University.

Miss Catheral left this week to spend the winter in England.

Mrs. Dewdney and son, Arthur, of Toronto, spent last week the guest of Mrs. Henry Douglas.

Dr. Bert B. Horton, who graduated with honors from Toronto University this year, arrived home last week to spend a short holiday with his parents at Morven parsonage, ere he returns up west to accept an offered lucrative position of assistantship.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Morden returned last week from their trip to Germany. Mr. Morden has secured a professorship in Toronto University and left on Monday to assume his new duties.

Mrs. J. A. Fraser moved into her new home on Bridge street, formerly occupied by Mr. W. A. Bellhouse, on Saturday.

Mr. B. G. Ham, reeve of Ernestown Tp., spent Monday and Tuesday in Napanee.

Mr. Stephen Gibson is able to be around again, after his recent illness.

Miss Vera Shorey returned last week from Watertown where she has completed her course as nurse.

The following took in the excursion to New York on Tuesday: Messrs. H. E. Smith, W. A. Steacy, Mrs. George Baughan and son Edwin, Mrs. John Lowry, Mrs. E. J. Pollard, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stevens, Mr. J. Dawson, Mrs. Sheenan, Mr. M. H. Roughton, M. J. Richardson, the Misses Quinn, Miss Langham, Dr. N. J. Sills, Mr. F. S. Richardson.

Mr. C. W. Dean, of the Dominion Bank, Toronto, has been transferred

HO! FOR WARTMAN

The Popular Liberal Candidate for
Lennox and Addington.

**MR. LANGSTAFF
and MR. McDONALD**

will discuss the Public Questions of the Day
—at—

Odessa, Monday Evening, Oct. 12

Bath, Tuesday Evening, Oct. 13

Tamworth, Wed. Eve'g., Oct. 14

at 7.30 p. m.

Enterprise, Wednesday, Oct. 14

AT 2.30 P. M.

Mr. Wartman will also Address the Electors

All are Welcome.

Public meetings will be addressed by F. S. Wartman, M. S. Madole and others at Flinton, Monday, Oct. 12; Cloyne, Tuesday, Oct. 13; Denbigh, Wednesday, Oct. 14; Vegnachar, Thursday, Oct. 15. All meetings at 7.30.

NEW BOOKS FOR THE LIBRARY.

Forest Neighbors—by William Davenport Hulbert, is a series of life stories of wild animals. This book is now passing through its second edition and is deservedly popular. The author lived for many years in the forests of Northern Michigan, and noted carefully the habits of the animals whose company he cultivated.

Young Heroes of Wire and Rail—by Alvah Milton Kerr, depicts the bravery and presence of mind of a number of young men whose experiences were principally upon the railroads of the United States.

Old Indian Days—by Charles A. Eastman, is a very readable book. The author describes many of the quaint customs and peculiar manners of the American Indian.

In Corea with Marquis Ito—by George Turnbull Ladd. A great deal has been written about the policy of the Japanese in Corea and since the appearance of the Korean delegation at the Hague conference many doubts have been expressed as to the good intentions of the Mikado towards the people of the Hermit Kingdom. Here we have the whole matter clearly set forth in an interesting manner by an upright man who had every opportunity to study the situation and whose reputation is above suspicion.

The Race Question in Canada—by Andre Siegfried. All who read this book may not be willing to subscribe to the views therein expressed, but the author endeavours to deal fairly with all parties in his handling of a rather delicate subject. This is particularly so in his opinions upon the two great political parties. He compliments them both and scores them both. Upon the whole he appears to be well informed and backs up his views by facts which it would be difficult to controvert.

The Makers of Canada. Parkham Edition. Twenty volumes of these excellent books have been added to the Library during the past few months and it is a regrettable fact that very few of them are in circulation. There is no means of acquiring a thorough

ALEX RAY, Opt. D.

OF BELLEVILLE,

WILL BE AT

The Campbell House, Napanee,

MONDAY EVENING,

Oct. 12th, From 7 to 10 p. m.

And the next day TUESDAY,

Oct. 13th, From 8 a.m. until 3 p.m.

All parties suffering from any form of EYE-STRAIN or impaired vision should take advantage of this opportunity, as Mr. Ray will NOT be coming to Napanee during the winter months as his office practice is all he can attend to. Some SYMPTOMS of EYE-STRAIN, pain over region of eyes and at back of head and between the shoulders (this form is often mistaken for neuralgia as frequently the vision is apparently normal), redness of eyes and lids, eyes running water, wrinkles about the eyes, in all forms of headaches from eye-strain the pain is worse after CLOSE WORK or STUDY; and many other symptoms including many other forms of nervous diseases. Mr. Ray also makes a specialty of straightening Cross-Eye in children without the necessity of an operation except in extreme cases. References—Dr. G. S. Ryerson, Toronto; Dr. W. J. Gibson, Belleville.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Hannah Mulhern, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 123, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Hannah Mulhern, late of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of August, A.D. 1888, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for Executors of the last will and testament of the said Hannah Mulhern, deceased, on or before the 15th DAY OF OCTOBER, A.D. 1908, their

changing same. Filed.
The clerk explained that upon receipt of this communication he had answered it saying the conditions were agreeable to the council, and asking that the work be done at once.
Comm. Simpson presented the usual monthly statement of the treasurer which is as follows:

Committees	Amount of Appropriation	Amount Expended	Balance
Streets	\$1,000.00		
County grant	670.00		
Five Water and Light	\$270.00	\$182.79	\$86.21
Town Property	220.00	220.00	0.00
Printing	100.00	41.42	58.58
Market	15.00	11.95	3.05
Police	10.00	1.00	9.00
Poor and Sanitary	320.00	13.11	306.89
Merchants' Bank overdraft	\$900.22	85.75	

A petition was received from E. Burrows and others asking for a cement payment on the east side of Robert street. Filed.

Moved by Comm. Kimmerly, seconded by Comm. Denison that Bridge street, north of St. Mary Magdalene church be repaired, cost of same to be paid out of Contingent fund. Carried.

Moved by Comm. Simpson, seconded by Comm. Kimmerly, that the clerk notify the chairman of the Streets Committee that the amount appropriated to be expended on streets for the balance of the year had been expended, and that all work on the streets, other than necessary repairs, be stopped. Carried.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

John Wilson, damage caused by flooding of cellar this spring, \$15.00; W. T. Shaver, painting at Public Library, \$10.00; S. W. Pringle, two months' rent for Whickham house, \$2.00; Electric Light Co., one month's lighting, \$106.23; G. Storms, care of poor, \$5.00; Dr. Leonard, balance of account for care of Cornwall child, \$5.00; W. Coxall, broom, .30; W. A. Grange, registering by-laws, etc., \$6.25; E. S. Lapum, treasurer postage, \$1.75; Ira Jaynes, care of impounded calf, \$1.00. The following Streets Committee accounts were referred to that committee with power to act: Dominion Rock Drill Co., iron grates, etc., \$28.13; R. J. Wales, repairs, \$10.43; Boyle & Son, cement, \$355.55; Boyle & Son, nails, 19c.

The treasurer was granted a voucher for payments amounting to \$867.11. Council adjourned.

A THOUSAND PITIES.

That everybody whose skin is on fire with some one form or another of Skin Eruptions, should not know of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. One application controls the flame—a few applications cure.

It's a wonderful treatment in cases of blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerating Piles, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald-head, Ring-worm, Eczema, Itch, Skin Blotches, Pimples, Chronic Erysipelas, Liver Spots. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is especially efficacious as a Pile cure. Apply it before retiring for from 3 to 5 nights and a cure is assured. (31)

The following took in the excursion to New York on Tuesday: Messrs. H. E. Smith, W. A. Steacy, Mrs. George Baughan and son Edwin, Mrs. John Lowry, Mrs. E. J. Pollard, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stevens, Mr. J. Dawson, Mrs. Sheenan, Mr. M. H. Roughton, M. J. Richardson, the Misses Quinn, Miss Langham, Dr. N. J. Sills, Mr. F. S. Richardson.

Mr. C. W. Dean, of the Dominion Bank, Toronto, has been transferred to Winnipeg. Mr. Dean was calling on friends in Napanee on Tuesday on his way to the west.

Mr. Frank Thomas, Montreal, spent Sunday with his mother here.

Miss Georgia Daly left on Wednesday for Phoenix, Arizona.

Miss May Fisher has been appointed to represent the "Spirella" Corset Co. in Napanee, Deseronto and district. The following practical penetrating points, show Spirella's strength.

"Spirella" is the only corset that leads in every direction.

"Spirella" is guaranteed, unbreakable and rust-proof.

"Spirella" is the only boning that does not take a permanent bend at the hips, recommended by physicians. Make an appointment to witness a practical demonstration of the many merits of the "Spirella" corset.

BIRTHS.

LUCAS—At Napanee, on Tuesday, Oct. 7th, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lucas, a son.

MARRIAGE.

VANALSTINE—GENTLE—At Napanee on Wednesday, Sept. 30th, 1908, by Rev. G. W. McCall, Mr. Frank S. Vanalstine, Palace Road, to Miss Minnie Gentle.

DEATHS.

VANALSTINE—At Napanee, on Tuesday, Oct. 7th, 1908, Richard John Vanalstine, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Vanalstine, aged 40 months.

FRINK—At North Fredericksburgh, on Sunday, Oct. 1th, 1908, Arthur T. Frink, aged 31 years, 1 month.

BY-LAW No. 785.

Passed the 20th day of July, A. D., 1908

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, enacts as follows:

1. THAT from and after the passing of this By-law the assessment of the Town of Napanee shall be taken between the First day of July and the Thirtieth day of September in each year, and the Assessment Roll shall be returnable on the First day of October, and the time for closing the Court of Revision shall be the Fifteenth day of November, and the time for the final return by the Judge of the County Court shall be the Fifteenth day of December.

2. THAT this By-law is enacted under the provisions of Section 53 of the Assessment Act, 1904, and all the provisions of said section are hereby adopted in so far as the same are applicable to towns.

3. THAT instead of making a second assessment for the year 1908 the said council hereby adopts the assessment roll previously made and revised in said year pursuant to the provisions of sub section (3) of section 53 of said Assessment Act.

(Sgd) H. MENG, (Sgd) W. A. GRANGE.
Mayor. Clerk.

The foregoing By-law alters the time for making the assessment for the Town and the roll is returnable under it on September 30th. Instead of making a new assessment, the assessment made in the spring is adopted, and appeals therefrom must be made within fourteen days from Oct. 1st, 1908.

W. A. GRANGE,

Town Clerk,

Dated October 1st, 1908.

both. Upon the whole he appears to be well informed and backs up his views by facts which it would be difficult to controvert.

The Makers of Canada. Parkham Edition. Twenty volumes of these excellent books have been added to the Library during the past few months and it is a regrettable fact that very few of them are in circulation. There is no means of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the history of our country quite so good as the study of the lives and works of the great men who have made that history. Each volume is complete in itself and may be read without reference to the ones preceding it. This is the best work of its kind ever published and subscribers can make no mistake in choosing any number.

A Woman's way through unknown Labrador by Mrs. Leonidas Hubbard. The author of this interesting volume of travel is not unknown in Napanee. The primary object of Mrs. Hubbard in appearing before the public, is as she modestly puts it, to complete the unfinished reports of her late husband. The book has been most favourably reviewed by competent critics and will be found to be most instructive and interesting.

The search for the Western Sea—by Laurence J. Bupree. We have scores of volumes dealing with the early history of Canada but they treat almost exclusively of the Eastern Provinces, and we are seldom reminded that the Western part of our great Dominion has any history at all. Mr. Bupree however, enthusiastically describes this neglected portion as "that land of incalculable resources upon which the destiny of not merely a colony, but of an empire may depend". He has produced a ponderous volume. He begins at the very beginning and carries the reader with him through the varying fortunes of this part of Canada down to the present day. This is one of the most expensive books in the Library and can safely be recommended to all subscribers.

The Story of Frederick the Great—by Kate E. Carpenter. The title page tells us that this book is for boys and girls. So it is and the boys and girls should read it. They are sure to enjoy it, but it need not be passed over by "grown ups" because of this inscription on the title page. The story of this war-King is full of interest from the time the bells of Berlin joyfully heralded the birth of an heir to the Prussian Throne until the tolling of the bells of Potsdam announced to a sorrowing nation that the occupant of the cottage palace had passed away.

Sunny Jim Again,

Jim Dumps was once a wretched man. Try as he would, he could not plan. To make what money was allowed Buy school books for his lousy crowd.

"What shall I do?" the poor man calls. Why go and buy your books at Paul's? Your money will go round with him. He did and now he's Sunny Jim.

A. E. Paul, For School Books.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Frederick Parker Douglas, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Frederick Parker Douglas, of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, manufacturer, deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of July, A. D., 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ont., solicitors for Willet Jacob Joller, Administrator of the last will and testament of the said Frederick Parker Douglas, deceased, on or before the 10th DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D., 1908, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 10th day of October, A. D., 1908, the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Administrator.
Dated the 9th day of September, 1908.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Hannah Mulhern, late of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of August, A. D., 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, solicitor for Executors of the last will and testament of the said Hannah Mulhern, deceased, on or before the 15th DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D., 1908, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of October, A. D., 1908, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for the said Executors.

Dated the 16th day of September, 1908.

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You know there's nothing like Gas Light to make your home or store look cheery. But do you know Gas is the cheapest of lights. It lights, warms, and ventilates. You can have a good white light of 50 candle power sufficient for most rooms at a cost of half a cent per hour.

Gas for Light, 15½c.
Per 100 Cubic Feet.

Gas for Fuel, 13c.
Per 100 Cubic Feet.

A light will consume from 2 to 3 cubic feet per hour.

A gas range from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

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Gas Log from 10 to 15 cubic feet per hour.

The Napanee Gas Co.

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In order to make this store more widely known, we shall give away, to each purchaser of the value of 10c, an Oak Child's Savings Bank, neatly and strongly made. This offer is good from 8 a. m. on Tuesday the 15th inst., and will continue until the 500 are given away.

No matter what you buy. Sheet Music, Post Cards, Stationery, Books, Pictures, Wallpapers and a host of other goods. This is an advertising offer pure and simple, and there are only

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